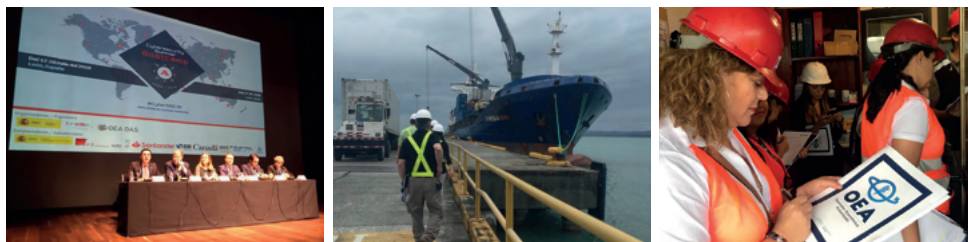


CICTE: INTER-AMERICAN COMMITTEE AGAINST TERRORISM

Description

































CICTE is a political body established in 1999 to prevent and counter terrorism in the Americas. It is the only regional entity in existence to promote cooperation and dialogue among Member States to counter terrorism, in accordance with the principles of the OAS Charter, the Inter-American Convention against Terrorism, and with full respect for the sovereignty of countries, the rule of law and international law.

Objectives

CICTE has a Secretariat that has among its main objectives:

- Strengthen the capacities of Member States to counter terrorism.
- Facilitate cooperation and collaboration among representatives of government, the private sector, civil society, and other international and regional organizations.

Beneficiary countries

- | | |
|---|--|
|  Antigua and Barbuda |  Guyana |
|  Argentina |  Haiti |
|  Bahamas |  Honduras |
|  Barbados |  Jamaica |
|  Belize |  Mexico |
|  Bolivia |  Nicaragua |
|  Brazil |  Panama |
|  Canada |  Paraguay |
|  Chile |  Peru |
|  Colombia |  Dominican Republic |
|  Costa Rica |  Saint Kitts and Nevis |
|  Dominica |  Saint Vincent and the Grenadines |
|  Ecuador |  St. Lucia |
|  El Salvador |  Suriname |
|  United States |  Trinidad and Tobago |
|  Grenada |  Uruguay |
|  Guatemala |  Venezuela |



OAS | More rights
for more people

