

Africa's Best Practices in Drug Use Prevention, Treatment and Recovery

XX MEETING OF THE DEMAND REDUCTION CONTROL COMMISSION Inter-American Drug Abuse Control Commission August 28, 2019 Cartegena de Indias Colombia

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African Union: Members States – Missions...



55 Member states

Mission : Promoting Africa's growth and economic development by championing citizen inclusion and increased cooperation and integration of African states.

Officials languages : English; French, Portugese, Arabic, Kishawihili



Peace and Security **Political Affairs** Infrastructure and Energy **Social Affairs** Trade and Industry **Rural Economy and Agriculture** Human Resources, Science and Technology **Economic Affairs** Women, Gender and Development **Civil Society and Diaspora** Legal Affairs

https://au.int/en/commission

An Integrated, Prosperous and Peaceful Africa

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia



Several Key Programs Areas

- Conflict Resolution, Peace & Security;
- Agricultural Development;
- Trade and Industrial Development;
- Education Science & Technology;
- Youth Development ;
- Democracy; Laws and Human Rights etc...

Brief Overview : Drug Situation in Africa (1)

- Increase of threats of drug trafficking (cocaïn, heroïn, NPS...);
- Countries producing marijuana and manufacturing synthetic drugs (Metamphetamine, Tramadol, synthetic cannabis (Amnesia);
- Increase in problems associated with drug use in African countries
- : All types of drugs being used;
- Polyconsumption +++
- Underage drinking, (lack of regulations on alcohol),
- Cannabis, mostly common illicit drug used by the young people;
- Drugs in schools;

Brief Overview : Drug Situation in Africa (2)

• Tramadol, silent epidemy that hides Africa's "opioïd crisis" : Illicitly substance manufactured in South Asia and trafficked to the region, as well as to parts of the Middle East (UNODC, 2019);

Being abused for non-medical purposes in Africa;

Brief Overview : Drug Situation in Africa (3)

Several associated factors :

- Pooverty;
- Psychosocial problems;
- Weakness in the health systems (non affordable treatment services , health disparities, limited insurance coverage...);
- Drug policies mostly focused on the repression;
- Lack of specialized treatment and rehabilitation facilities;
- Lack of trained professionals;
- Lack of research and effective system of information on drugs etc...

AU Measures to Address Drug Situation in Africa(1)

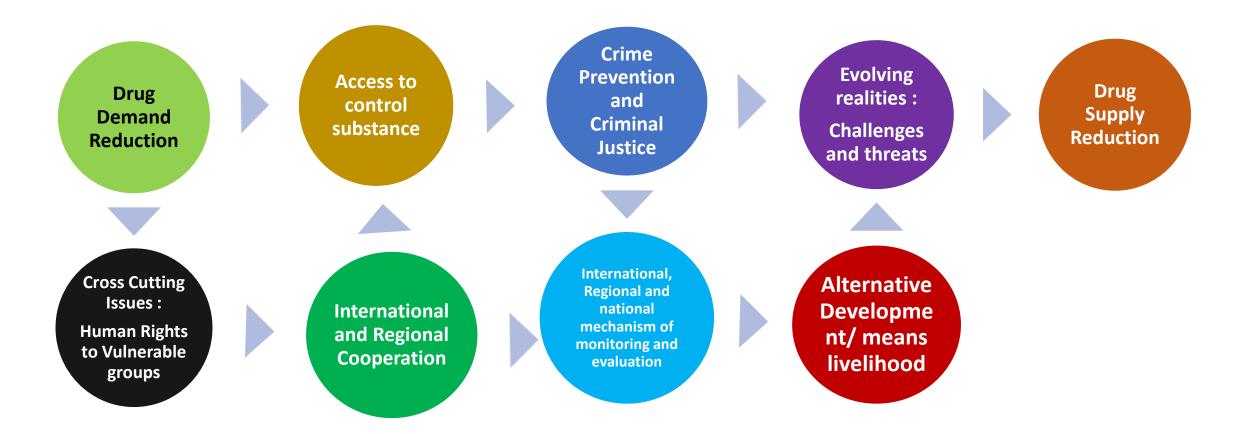
- In 2011 : Re establishment of the AUC Drug Unit : dedicated Drug Control Unit to coordinate the implementation of the AUPA;
- In December 2018 (Kenya's ISSUP meeting) : Validation of the AU Action on Drug Control and Crime Prevention (2019-2023) A Strategic Framework to Guide Drug Policy Development in Africa;
- STC-HPDC-3 Cairo, Egypt, (July August 2019) : Adoption of Revised AU Plan of Action on Drug Control and Crime Prevention (2019-2023)

AU Plan of Action on Drug Control And Crime Prevention (2019 – 2023)

Main Goal

Improve the health, security and socio-economic well-being of the people of Africa by addressing drug trafficking and problematic drug use in all its forms and manifestations and preventing the onset of drug use.

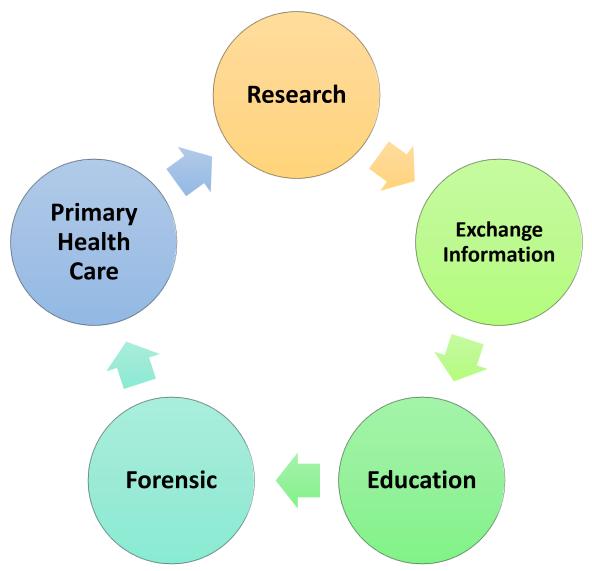
AU Plan of Action on Drug Control And Crime Prevention (2019 – 2023): Key Priority areas



AU Measures to Address Drug Situation in Africa(2)

- AU focused on reviving national drug control bodies in Member States; Encouraged MS to update drug control strategies;
- Since 2011 AU meetings with MS in DD/SR, epidemiology;
- AU is in the forefront of International Cooperation ISSUP/UNODC/ CICAD etc...
- AU strongly believes in the African/Latin America/Caribbean Dialogue for experience sharing and transfer of knowledge through the five (5) pillars of the Nairobi's first dialogue...

Five (5) Pillars of Nairobi's First Dialogue (ALACD – CICAD – OAS Dec.2019)



National Innovative Drug Demand Reduction Initiatives in Africa (1)

Domain	Best practices implemented	Countries		
	Balanced, coherent and operational Drug Demand Reduction Framework within national's Drug Control Master - Plan	Nigeria, Kenya, Togo, Benin		
Policy/Strategy	New laws offering treatment and rehabilitation as alternatives to punishment;	Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana,		
	National strategies on harm reduction;	Mauritus , senegal, Kenya etc.		
	National standards/guidelines on substance use prevention and treatment;			
	use prevention and treatment,	West Africa networks		
	CSOs networks/Taskforce on Prevention,	of CSOs on Drug Abuse		
	treatment and recovery			

National Innovative Drug Demand Reduction Initiatives in Africa (2)

Domain	Best practices implemented	Countries
	Implementation of school, family and community based prevention programs « Unplugged program » Strengthening Fam 10-14 by government agencies and CSOs;	Nigeria, Liberia, Côte d'Ivoire, Burkina Faso, Togo etc;
Education & Prevention	Campaign messaging on alcohol, cannabis and other illicit drugs and psychotropics targeting youth, students, their parents and	Ghana, Botswana
	community	Liberia, Burkina Faso,
	Use of social media to engage with youth	Uganda, South Africa, Kenya, Cabo Verde,
	Implementation of prevention training	Ghana,

National Innovative Drug Demand Reduction Initiatives in Africa (3)

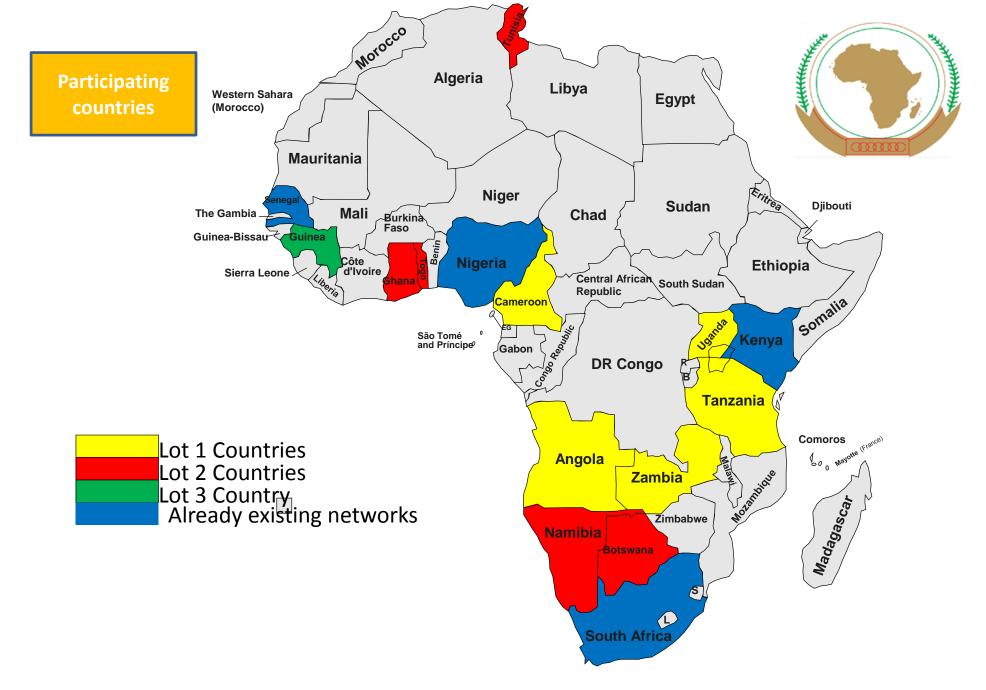
Domain	Best practices implemented	Countries
	SBIRT and Motivational interviewing as alternative to the punishment for drug offenders (pilot initiative in Togo); UTC;	Тодо
Treatment and recovery	 Medication assisted therapy & psychosocial support; Outreach with HIV testing, evaluation and referral 	Kenya, Senegal, Mauritus,
	 Gutreatment; Treatment facilities mapping and Integration of SUD 	Ividui itus,
	 treatment in the primary health care Credit to support the recovery (pilot initiaitve and Gender Responsive Services for Women with Substance Use Disorders) 	Egypt

National Innovative Drug Demand Reduction Initiatives in Africa (4)

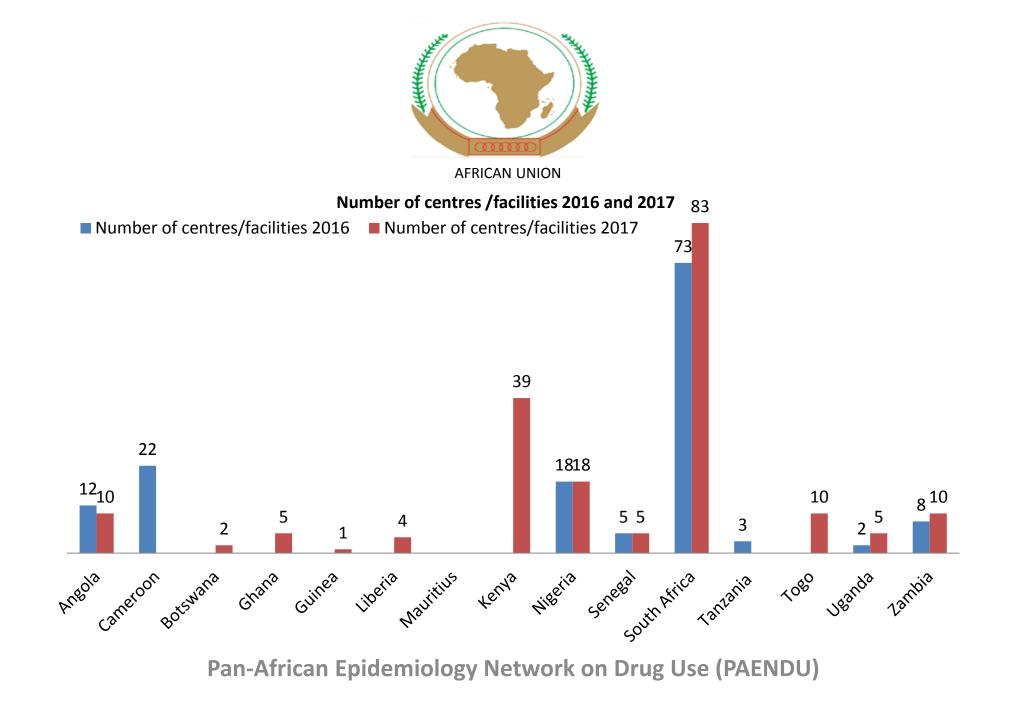
Domain	Best practices implemented	Countries
Drug system of information	Regional epidemiological networks (AU Epi Network, PAENDU, WENDU); National epidemiological networks (NENDU, SACENDU and the other local epi taskforce; national observatory; Regular meeting with different stakeholders involved, including CSOs	MS, WEST AFRICA Nigeria, Kenya, Togo, Benin Côte d'Ivoire, South Africa, Mauritus Senegal, Kenya, Uga

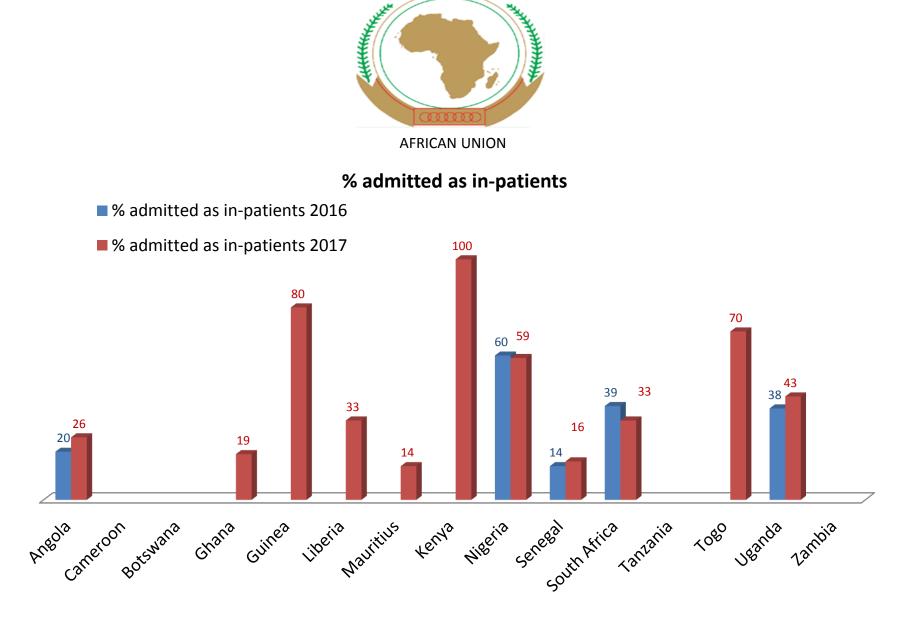
Pan African Epidemiology Network on Drug Use (PAENDU)

- The African Union has facilitated the establishment of 21 National Drug Epidemiology Networks/Observatories.
- Four (4) more National Networks are set to be established before the end of 2019,
- In addition, it is expected that the Continent will have 30 operational drug Epidemiology networks.

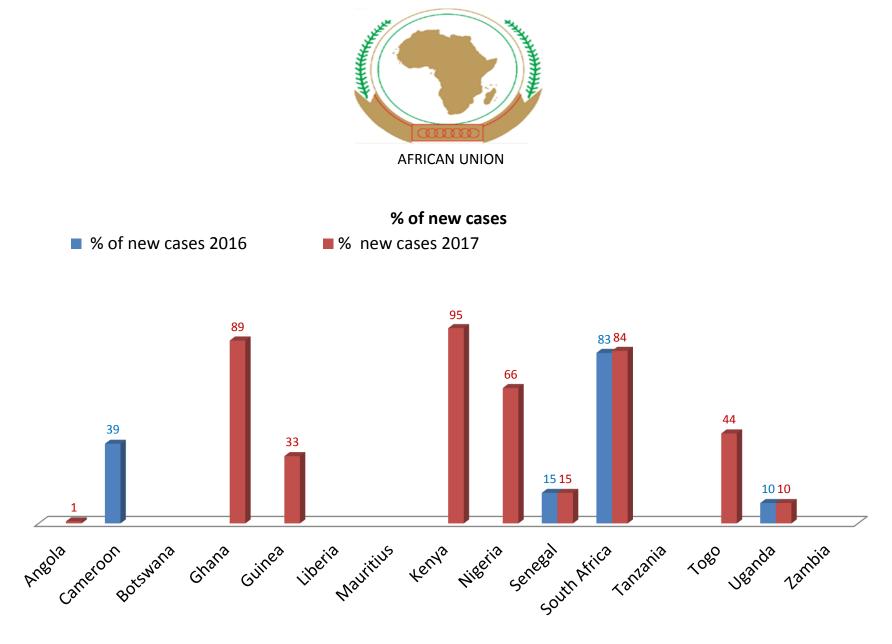


Pan-African Epidemiology Network on Drug Use (PAENDU)





Pan-African Epidemiology Network on Drug Use (PAENDU)



Pan-African Epidemiology Network on Drug Use (PAENDU)

Successful Prevention & Treatment Initiatives in West Africa

Effective Prevention interventions in Nigeria :

- Unplugged program : school based program & Strengthening Family program
- **Effective Harm Reduction Program in Senegal**
 - Senegal Methadone Treatment and Rehabilitation Center



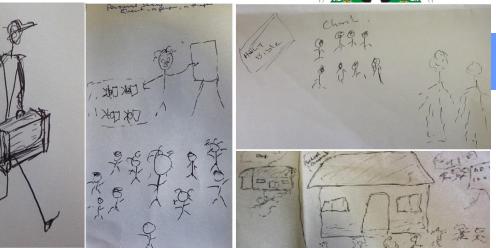
EUROPEAN





What is Unplugged?

 Evidence based school drug prevention program
 12 lessons to prevent use of tobacco, alcohol and other drugs among children 10-14 year old.



Using drawings is an ingredient of the group work methods in Unplugged

- Delivered by trained teachers at the schools.
- ✓ A Teachers Handbook and Students Workbook is part to the Unplugged package.

The Unplugged intervention resulted in (Faggiano, 2008):

- 23% reduced risk of using cannabis
- 28% reduction of risk to get alcohol intoxicated weekly
- 30% reduction of risk to smoke daily







Unplugged Randomized Control Trial in Nigeria

Phase I in 2015

- Finalise questionnaire
- Adapt Unplugged materials for Nigeria

Nigeria adaptation

Replace "He was walking his dog" with "See a dog: run away!"

Phase II - 2016

- A two-arms cluster randomized controlled trial designed for Nigeria
 - Intervention arm: Unplugged
 - Control arm: usual school curriculum
 - Target age group: 14 years
 - Schools are Federally Administered Government Colleges
- 32 schools, 96 classes participated
- **16 intervention schools and 16 control schools**, to overcome possible drop-outs from the study







Summary of program effects

- Improvement of class climate
 - result consistent with previous studies
 - observed in all subgroups of pupils
 - could be a mediator of the overall effect of the program

Prevention of cigarettes use

- result achieved for advanced use (regularly in last 30 days; daily in last 30 days) (strong effect)
- possibly mediated by increase of negative beliefs on tobacco
- possibly mediated by correction of misperception of use among peers
- affected by low prevalence of use







Summary of program effects

- Prevention of alcohol use
 - result achieved in all population subgroups
 - result achieved for all indicators (sporadic and advanced use)
 - stronger effects on advanced use
 - possibly mediated by increase of negative beliefs on alcohol
 - possibly mediated by correction of misperception of peers' use stronger effects on younger pupils
- Prevention of cannabis use
 - result not statistically significant in the overall sample
 - result significant on younger pupils
 - possibly mediated by increase of negative beliefs and knowledge

In addition to the school based prevention Program « Unplugged »...

Nigeria is piloting the strengthening family program 10 -14 years old

Two or more Prevention interventions are more effective than a single intervention...

Nigeria's Prevention experience are good to be scaled up...

• Senegal Methadone Treatment Program one of the best West African initiative in harm reduction



Challenges

- Increase of tramadol and new psychoatives substances : need to develop research and appropriate prevention and treatment interventions;
- Increase of female clients seeking treatment with often insufficient services to respond to their needs.
- Resources to implement evidence based prevention and treatment interventions;

Challenges (2)

- Lack of specialized treatment facilities;
- Need of specialist trained staff for the implementation of the prevention and treatment programmes or interventions,
- Inadequate evidence-based treatment planning and underfunded national drug coordination bodie

Aknowledgements

- Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs (INL), US State Department;
- Inter-American Drug Abuse Control Commission (CICAD);
- Colombo Plan
- UNODC

Vive la coopération Sud - Sud

Thank you bohmdonne@yahoo.fr bohmm@vcu.edu