



CARICOM IMPLEMENTATION AGENCY FOR CRIME AND SECURITY (IMPACS)

MARITIME DOMAIN AWARENESS

THE BAHAMAS - SEPTEMBER 2019

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COMMON THREAT AREAS - 2013



COMMON THREAT AREAS - 2019



TIER 1: Immed	iate Signific	cant Th	reats		
(High-probability,	high-impact	events.	They	are	
the current and present dangers.)					

TIER 2: Substantial Threats
(Both and high-impact, but are not as severe as Tier
1 Threats)

Illicit Firearms
Gangs and Organised Crime
Drug Trafficking
Cyber Crimes
Transnational Organised Crimes
Financial Crimes
Natural Disasters +

Violent Extremism and Terrorism +
Human trafficking
Human Smuggling
Migratory Pressures +
Corruption –
Climate Change +

TIER 3: Significant Potential Risks (High-impact, but low-probability)

TIER 4: Future Risks
(Unknown probabilities and consequences)

Attacks on Critical Infrastructure

Border Conflict *

Pandemics +

Mass Rioting – Deportation *

+ (Threat increase)

- (Threat decrease)

* (New risk/threat)

CARICOM CRIME AND SECURITY STRATEGY (CCSS)





Implementation resulted in the strengthening of regional security systems & improved services/support to Member States.



Lack of financial resources exacerbated by the long and arduous process to source donor funds.



The Region is overly reliant on external donors to financially support security initiative.



Significant time between the drafting of legislation, consideration, endorsement and enactment at national level.

IMPLEMENTATION OF CCSS





policy and programme guidance.

Guide

the development of other regional and national crime and security plans.

Inform

stakeholders about CARICOM's security agenda and intent.

Provide

a framework for collaboration.

Identify

financial needs and mobilize resources from international partners.



Strengthen National Capabilities Facilitate
Regional
Cooperation &
Coordination

Strengthen
Partnerships
and Build
International
Alliances

Guide
CARICOM and
Member States
Actions and
Plans

Give effect to International instruments

Identify,
Prioritise and
Address key
Risks and
Threats

ADDED VALUE OF REGIONAL STRATEGIES

Ensuring
Proper
Prioritization
of Technical
Assistance

CARICOM'S MARITIME DOMAIN



Trade / free movement of maritime traffic

90% of imports and exports carried by sea

Exploitation by TOC syndicates

Facilitates illicit Trafficking Cooperation necessary to combat TOC

Effective maritime security awareness and border management

MARITIME STRATEGY





IMPACS and partners realizes need and engaged Member States.



TWG outcomes/RSS considers vast maritime area, limited resources/training.



Assessment required to determine what exists/required within Region.



Plan for Coordination/Procurement of Assets.



Follow up meeting(s) to advance the Maritime Strategy TBD.

CARICOM NARCO TRAFFICKING TRENDS



CARIBBEAN REMAINS A MAJOR TRANSSHIPMENT POINT FOR SOUTH AMERICAN COCAINE DESTINED TO NORTH AMERICA, EUROPE AND OTHER INTERNATIONAL MARKETS.

MOVEMENT OF NARCOTICS VIA FERRIES AND RIVERBOATS WITHIN CARICOM MEMBER STATES.

COLLABORATION BETWEEN TRAFFICKERS IN JAMAICA, CENTRAL AMERICA & NORTHERN CARIBBEAN.

HUMAN SMUGGLING/IRREGULAR MIGRATION ROUTES FROM THE BAHAMAS TO THE USA USED FOR NARCOTICS TRAFFICKING.

FREQUENT INTERDICTIONS OF NON-TRADITIONAL DRUGS SUCH AS ECSTASY AND HEROIN INLAND.

FOREIGN NATIONALS ARRESTED WITH NARCOTICS IN CARICOM MARITIME DOMAIN.







Improved maritime (and airspace) awareness and strong borders essential in protecting against TOC crime, terrorism and illegal migration.

CCSS STRATEGIC
GOAL 6: ENHANCE
MARITIME (AND
AIRSPACE)
AWARENESS,
STRENGTHEN
CARICOM
BORDERS



Address gaps in security/illegal activity in non controlled/non-patrolled maritime domain.



Require risk management tools and advance passenger/cargo information for prescreening.



Clearly articulated strategy for maritime awareness to complement the CCSS.



Complementarity between national, regional and international programmes to support awareness.

Member States benefitted from border security training (IMPACS, RSS, REDTRAC, CBSI, OAS, etc.)



IMPACS developed a curriculum for border security training (Customs and Immigration), trained 500+ in 2 years.

Increase the capacities of border security officers' in the interception of illicit cross-border activities.

Train the trainer courses – 28 regional trainers utilized to train counterparts in 7 Member States.

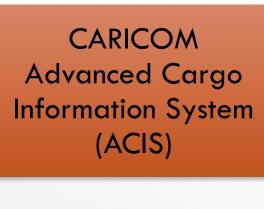
BORDER SECURITY TRAINING



JOINT BORDER SECURITY TRAINING

	CHIME AND SECURIT	
Total	454	
27		
29		
32		
28		
31		
33		
26		
Phase 1 Training Totals		
27		
28		
36		
36		
31		
32		
33		
26		
	27 29 32 28 31 33 26 tals 27 28 36 36 36 31 32 33	

Phase 2 Training Totals



Integrates customs control and procedures into regional security



Single Window Reporting

Coordinated Border
Management

ACIS OVERVIEW

Operated by CARICOM IMPACS

Provides value added services to Customs
Administrations

Operation & management of the single window mechanism.



Provision of additional Risk Management support to Local Customs.

Facilitate linkages among local, regional and international law enforcement Agencies.

Provide legislative support to CARICOM Member States for the implementation of harmonized ACIS legislation.

Conduct sensitization and user training.

ROLE OF CARICOM IMPACS





ACIS harmonized legislation enacted or pending enactment by CARICOM Member States.

ACIS LEGISLATION



Legislation authorizes CARICOM IMPACS to establish and operate the ACIS Single Window on behalf of CARICOM Member States.



List of data elements are listed in ACIS legislation.



Two (2) key Pillars – Regional Single Window Environment and Coordinated Border Management.



ACIS – PARTICIPATING COUNTRIES

Antigua & Barbuda	Grenada	St. Kitts & Nevis
The Bahamas	Guyana	Saint Lucia
Barbados	Haiti	St. Vincent & The Grenadines
Belize	Jamaica	Suriname
Dominica	Montserrat	Trinidad and Tobago

Improve cargo reporting

Real time notification and pre-alerts

Improve trader compliance

Access to regional & international sources of intelligence

Optimum use of human and financial resources

Strengthen local Risk Management operations

Enhance
information
sharing amongst
law enforcement
Agencies

ACIS BENEFITS

- Bi-lateral Arrangements between Member States
- Regional Treaties/Agreements
 - Treaty on Security Assistance
 - RSS Treaty
 - CARICOM Maritime Airspace and Security
 Cooperation Agreement
 - San Jose Treaty
- Ship Rider Agreements
 - US and Jamaica
 - US and Barbados
- Counter Illicit Trafficking Strategy

LEGAL AND PROCEDURAL INSTRUMENTS

