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INTER-AMERICAN DRUG ABUSE CONTROL COMMISSION

CICAD

Organization of American States

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Secretariat for Multidimensional Security

LEGAL OPERATIONAL CRITERIA FOR JUSTICE SYSTEM AGENCIES INVOLVED IN THE PROSECUTION OF CASES OF MARITIME DRUG TRAFFICKING

WORKING GROUP:

"Operational Law at the Service of Operations against Maritime Drug Trafficking"

PREAMBLE

The group was composed of nine countries that decided:

- To provide tools to judicial system agencies to ensure the success of prosecution of cases against maritime drug trafficking.
- To underscore the importance of having justice officials know and understand the maritime operational environment when pursuing cases against drug trafficking.
- To apply operational law understood as domestic and international law, including human rights law and international humanitarian law as applicable to each state, in operations against maritime drug trafficking.
- This guide was prepared taking into account the international agreements that form the basis for international cooperation to fight maritime drug trafficking. Member states are invited to apply it, respecting their domestic legislation and regulations. This document is not a legal instrument, and therefore does not establish any obligations for the member states; it does not abolish, limit, or suspend existing maritime control systems.

BASIC DOCUMENTS

- Guide for Law Enforcement Officials to Help Ensure Successful Prosecutions of Maritime Law Enforcement Cases.
- Guide to Best Practices for the Formation and Composition of Analysis Groups for risk management (GAR) and evaluation of cargos in the ports.
- Operational/procedural lessons from the participating states.

PROPOSED TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART 1

Operational institutions responsible for carrying out maritime interdiction.

Outline

Mission

Vision

Legal basis Functions

Other aspects

2. Operational aspects

Maritime Culture

Nautical Terminology

Types of vessels

Parts of a vessel

Characteristics of a vessel

Navigation concepts (position, bearing, speed)

Marine weather aspects (wave conditions, wind)

Law of the sea

Origin

Sources

National and international framework

Maritime jurisdiction spaces (state governing the port, river state, internal waters, territorial sea, contiguous zone, exclusive economic zone, etc.)

Regulations for foreign vessels

Conduct that states are required to suppress (trafficking in illicit substances or slaves, piracy, unauthorized transmissions, etc.)

Description of modalities for drug trafficking

Treaties, conventions, and agreements among states.

The right of search

Concept

Legal basis

Types of search

Operational procedure regulations

Requirements for crew members to conduct searches

Seizure, preservation and delivery of the scene.

Rules of engagement

Concept

Legal basis

General rules on the use of force

3. Submersible and semi-submersible vessels

Concept

Legal basis

4. Administrative institutions supporting the fight against drug trafficking (maritime authority, port authority, environmental authority)

Outline

Mission

Vision

Legal basis

Functions Other aspects

5. Domestic maritime enforcement procedure

Legal basis Procedure

Documentary evidence

Penalties

- 6. Documents and information showing the operation actions [evidence package]
- 7. ISPS code

Definition

Regulations for implementation

PART 2

- 1. Case Law
- 2. Doctrine
- 3. Opinions of different control agencies, etc.

RECOMMENDATIONS

• Development of general criteria for personnel of law enforcement agencies