ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES



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REPORT TO THE PERMANENT COUNCIL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

By the Board of External Auditors

GENERAL SECRETARIAT
ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006
1993



ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES BOARD OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The Board is responsible for the external audit of the accounts of the General Secretariat pursuant to the General Assembly Resolution 123 adopted on April 14, 1973, and Permanent Council Resolution 124 dated June 30, 1975. It began to function in March 1976, and adopted detailed rules and procedures to carry out its duties and responsibilities. These rules reflect the standards and requirements prescribed by the General Assembly and the Permanent Council for the external audit of the OAS.

The Board is composed of three members elected by the General Assembly.



ORGANIZACION DE LOS ESTADOS AMERICANOS ORGANIZAÇÃO DOS ESTADOS AMERICANOS ORGANISATION DES ETATS AMERICANS ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

JUNTA DE AUDITORES EXTERNOS BOARD OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS JUNTA DE AUDITORES EXTERNOS COMMISSION DE VÉRIFICATEURS EXTÉRIEURS

17th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006

June 18, 1993

To the Permanent Council of the ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

The Board of External Auditors is pleased to present its annual report on the external audit of the accounts and financial statements of the ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES (OAS). Our report covers the year ended December 31, 1992, and includes:

- Comments and recommendations by the Board for improving the OAS operating procedures and internal accounting controls;
- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of major OAS funds:
 Regular Fund
 Special Development Assistance Fund
 Special Multilateral Fund for Education, Science,
 and Culture
 Special Account for Culture
 Mar del Plata Account
- -- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of the Retirement and Pension Fund:
- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of the Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund and the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund;
- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of the Inter-American Defense Board;
- -- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of the International Commission of Support and Verification (CIAV-OAS); and

 Audit of the accounts and financial statements for the Activities of the Unit for the Promotion of Democracy

The Board's annual report is based primarily on the independent audit by Ernst & Young performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The Board reviewed and discussed the audit work and related work papers with representatives of the firm. In preparing its report, the Board has also considered the reports of the General Secretariat's Inspector General and discussions with management officials.

The financial statements included in this report represent the financial activity for the year ended December 31, 1992, on a comparative basis with December 31, 1990 -- the first year of the previous biennium. (See Note 3 to the financial statements). Except as described in the following paragraph, the statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the General Secretariat which require the measurement of financial position and operating results in terms of historical cost without regard to changes in the purchasing power of money over time.

Ernst & Young's opinion on the financial statements is qualified because the recording of certain obligations totaling about \$16 million in 1991. These obligations departed from the criteria set forth in the General Standards to govern the operations of the General Secretariat and the Budgetary and Financial Rules in that they did not represent firm commitments as prescribed by such rules. In addition, the Regular Fund recognized 1991 administrative and technical support contributions from the CIECC Funds on the basis of these obligations. As a result of these departures from the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the OAS during 1991, the December 31, 1992 financial statements reflect misstatements causing 1992 deobligations to be overstated by \$4.3 million; 1992 obligations to be understated by as much as \$11.3 million; and, charges to the CIECC Funds for administrative and technical support and corresponding Regular Fund income to be understated by as much as \$800,000.

Based on the opinions rendered by Ernst & Young on funds audited, the Board certifies in accordance with Article 103 of the General Standards to govern the operations of the General Secretariat that:

- -- Except as described in the preceding paragraph, the transactions reflected in the financial statements of the funds audited are in accordance with the General Standards to govern the operations of the General Secretariat, the financial regulations, and other applicable provisions.
- -- The financial statements of all funds audited agree with the books, records, documents, and vouchers of the General Secretariat.
- -- The securities and cash on deposit have been checked by means of certification from depositories of the General Secretariat and the cash on hand has been checked by actually counting it as deemed appropriate by the Board in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

We have included as Appendix A of Section I Ernst & Young's opinion on compliance with the General Standards to govern the operations of the General Secretariat. In addition, our report contains a number of recommendations designed to improve OAS operating procedures and internal accounting controls both at Headquarters and at the Offices in the member states.

Article 108 of the General Standards, provides:

"The Board shall submit its report to the Permanent Council and the General Secretariat within the first semester of every year. The Permanent Council shall make the observations it deems necessary. Bearing in mind such observations, within sixty days of receiving them, the General Secretariat shall submit a report to the Permanent Council on the measures taken to implement the Board's recommendations."

The Board's report for 1991 was referred by the Permanent Council to its Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Affairs on October 28, 1992. The

Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Affairs submitted its report to the Permanent Council, document CP/doc. 2356/93, on March 18, 1993, which approved the report.

At December 31, 1992, the Regular Fund had a positive fund balance of approximately \$3.8 million, representing an increase of approximately \$14.2 million from the December 31, 1991 deficit of \$10.4 million. This increase in fund balance was attributable to continued improvement in quota collections during 1992, including \$15.7 million of reduction in arrearages, and other income (including deobligations) recorded in the Regular Fund during the year. Quota payments to the Regular Fund for both the current year and for arrears during 1992 totalled \$71.4 million, compared to \$69.3 million during 1991.

The Members of the Board wish to express their appreciation for the cooperation of the General Secretariat in facilitating the audit work and to the General Assembly and Permanent Council for the opportunity to assist in evaluating the financial operations of the OAS.

Brian P. Crowley

Chairman

Marcelo Zalles B

Member

José Tomas Espinoza N.

Member

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SECTION I

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO IMPROVE
OPERATING PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS

COMMENTS RELATING TO THE GENERAL SECRETARIAT

Five issues discussed in last year's report related to the General Secretariat continue to be of concern to the Board. Also, the Board identified three new issues that it wishes to bring to the attention of the Permanent Council. Two other issues discussed last year have been appropriately dealt with and their significance has been reduced. Issues related to the General Secretariat have been grouped into three categories as follows: (1) issues of continuing concern, (2) new issues, and (3) action on prior issues.

ISSUES OF CONTINUING CONCERN

Accounting for Fixed Assets

During 1992 two individuals continued the task of updating the fixed asset records, concentrating on the 1992 acquisitions and disposals. Current year efforts focused on accurately capturing and recording 1992 activity as well as reviewing global amounts recorded in 1990 and 1989, although a physical inventory was not performed again this year. The situation merits continued attention by the Department of Material Resources. In addition, the Board recommend that, in order to reduce the administrative burden associated with tracking smaller dollar items, the Department of Material Resources increase its minimum capitalization amount from the current \$50 to \$500.

Financial Position of the General Secretariat

During 1992 the OAS continued to make good progress in collecting quota arrearages. Quota collections during 1992 were \$71.4 million which included \$15.7 million of quota arrearages and the Regular Fund had a positive balance of \$3.8 million. However, current claims against the fund balance total \$5.4 million which could result in a deficit fund balance in 1993. To avoid subsequent deficit fund balances, OAS should continue to emphasize quota collections.

Management Information Systems

Many of the accounting software programs utilized by OAS were developed internally more than fifteen years ago. Although the Department of Management Systems has been successful in modifying these programs to fulfill internal needs, Ernst & Young encountered problems again this year with the accuracy of computer generated information related to the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund, the utility of certain fixed asset reports, and the income tax reimbursement system. The Board again recommends that the Organization study its management information system capabilities, including those systems related to income tax reimbursement, fixed asset management, and the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund.

Budgetary Execution

Again this year the Board noted a delay in the execution of the program budgets of the Voluntary Funds. A total of about \$20.1 million of appropriations and obligations have been carried forward into the current biennium from prior budgetary periods. This represents a decrease of \$25.5 million from last year.

	Carry-Over	Carry-Over	•	% of 1992
	<u>Appropriations</u>	Obligations	<u>Combined</u>	<u>Budget</u>
		(In Millions)		
FEMCIECC	\$5.6	\$1.5	\$7.1	86%
CEC	0.5	0.2	0.7	78%
CMP	<u>3.2</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>3.9</u>	93%
CIECC Funds	9.3	2.4	11.7	87%
SDAF	<u>6.9</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>8.4</u>	60%
TOTAL	<u> \$16.2</u>	<u>\$3.9</u>	<u>\$20.1</u>	74%

The Board again recommends that an evaluation of project execution levels be conducted to identify the elements that preclude the timely execution of approved budgets.

Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support

In prior reports, the Board had suggested that the Organization reevaluate the 15 percent rate used to reimburse the Regular Fund for expenditures borne on behalf of Special Multilateral Fund programs. The Board believes that, as part of the evaluation, the Organization should

consider charging directly to the programs benefitted, salaries and related benefits for all individuals who provide direct support to such programs.

This matter was referred to the Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Affairs in September 1991. The Committee decided to recommend to the Permanent Council that no change be made to the current method of assessing the Voluntary Funds contribution for support provided by the Regular Fund, pending completion of a study of the overall operations of the Voluntary Funds.

At its XXIII Regular Session, the General Assembly adopted a resolution which combines the technical cooperation activities under a single secretariat. The Board believes that it is time again to study the assessments, but it will defer further comment on this issue pending completion of a study of the overall operations of the Voluntary Funds. This study is scheduled to be addressed by the General Assembly during the June 1994 meeting.

NEW ISSUES

Compliance with Reporting Requirements

The Organization has not been able to meet the financial reporting required by the various specific fund contribution agreements. The number and dollar volume of activities financed by specific fund contributions from member states, permanent observer countries, and other institutions have increased significantly--from a level of some \$6 million per year in 1983 to \$25 million per year in 1990 through 1992. As a result the number, types, and complexity of monthly, quarterly, and ad hoc reports required by donors has expanded beyond the capacity of the Department of Financial Services to complete the reports. Although Ernst & Young noted no instances where funding had been denied or withdrawn because of a lack of reporting, some funding has been delayed and a number of member states and other institutions have complained about timeliness and frequency of required reports. Such complaints may well lead to a reluctance of donors to provide such funds in the future. In order to alleviate this rejuctance, the Board recommends that the Department of Financial Services contact donors

and develop standardized reporting criteria and, with the assistance of Ernst and Young, develop a standard format that will be acceptable to all donors.

Local Currency Payroll System

During the 1992 audit, Ernst & Young noted that a manual local currency payroll register was used to account for the salaries and benefits of approximately 28 employees paid in local currencies in 18 different member states. This process could be more efficient if it were integrated with the regular payroll process. The Board recommends that the local currency payroll process be integrated into the regular payroll system.

Specific Criteria for Firm Commitments

Ernst & Young noticed that within the technical cooperation, training, and development programs, it was not clear when a firm commitment had been made in accordance with the Budgetary and Financial Rules. The rules are not clear in those instances when the Organization is acting as a provider of goods and services. The Board recommends that specific criteria be established to indicate when a firm commitment has been made when the Organization is acting as the provider of goods and services.

ACTION ON PRIOR ISSUES

Unliquidated Obligations Carried Forward

Obligations in the Regular Fund and the CIECC Funds totalling about \$16 million were recorded during the 1991 biennium closing which were not in compliance with criteria set forth in the General Standards to govern the operations of the General Secretariat and the Budgetary and Financial Rules in that they did not represent firm commitments as prescribed by such rules. In addition, the Regular Fund recognized 1991 administrative and technical support contributions of \$1.4 million from the CIECC Funds on the basis of obligations which were not supported by firm commitments.

During 1992, the General Secretariat took appropriate measures to deobligate \$5.0 million of these funds in the Regular Fund and \$3.6 million in the CIECC Funds. The

Regular funds were reobligated as firm commitments, minimizing their impact upon the 1992 financial statements. As a result of the departures from the Budgetary and Financial Rules in 1991, the 1992 deobligations were overstated by \$4.3 million, 1992 obligations were understated by as much as \$11.3 million, and charges to the CIECC Funds for administrative and technical support and corresponding Regular Fund income was understated by as much as \$800,000.

Termination Benefits

In prior years management instituted a policy whereby liabilities were recorded in the Special Multilateral and Specific Funds for certain termination benefits accruing to long-term contract employees who had been transferred between funds during their period of employment. This policy assures the equitable distribution of termination costs. However, no accruals were made during the 1991 biennium. In accordance with the Board's recommendation, the policy of accruing termination benefits as earned was reinstated in 1992.

COMMENTS RELATING TO OFFICES OF THE GENERAL SECRETARIAT IN THE MEMBER STATES

In 1992 the Inspector General conducted reviews of five Offices of the General Secretariat in the member states including, Antigua and Barbuda, Dominica, El Salvador, Costa Rica, and Nicaragua. Additionally, during 1992 an independent public accounting firm performed four audits of Offices in member states including Uruguay, Argentina, Paraguay, and Brazil.

Essentially the same types of control deficiencies identified in past reviews continued to occur at the Organization's Offices in the member states. The Inspector General's office has reported to the Secretary General the following findings at these member states:

- The fixed assets inventory was not updated Antigua and Barbuda,
 Dominica, Nicaragua, and Uruguay.
- Supporting documents were not cancelled once an invoice was paid -Antigua and Barbuda, Dominica, and El Salvador.
- Insufficient controls over blank checks and drafts Antigua and Barbuda, Uruguay, Paraguay, and Brazil.
- Payments were made for contracts prior to ensuring the contract had been completed satisfactorily - Uruguay and Argentina.
- Lack of segregation of duties Argentina, Paraguay, and Brazil.
- Drafts over \$5,000 were issued without two authorized signatures -Paraguay and Argentina.
- Receipts processed by unauthorized individuals Uruguay, Argentina, and Paraguay.

In addition to these common findings, the following significant findings were also noted by the Inspector General:

Antigua and Barbuda

- The Office did not have contracts for cleaning and maintenance provided by a local company nor for the subrenting of OAS office space.

 The Office needs to ensure that duty free import reports are filed and entrance visas to the United States are requested only for OAS employees.

Dominica

- Tax exemptions were not negotiated for local purchases.

El Salvador

- Drafts and checks were not used in sequential order.
- Checks issued by the Office were not properly authorized by Headquarters.

Nicaragua

- Local purchase orders were not used in sequential order.
- The office lease was not renewed as prescribed in the lease, upon maturing in August 1992.
- Non-authorized personnel were working at the office.
- Courtesy round trip airline tickets for family members were inappropriately obtained.
- Reimbursement for personal long distance phone calls was not deposited into the OAS bank account.
- Gasoline for automobiles was charged to the office without the appropriate documentation.

Uruguay

There was a lack of physical control over fixed assets.

Argentina

No inventory of the publications stock was made.

COMMENTS RELATING TO THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

The Inspector General issued five reports on the Offices of the General Secretariat in the member states and two other reports in 1992. Additionally, during 1992 an independent public accounting firm performed four audits of Offices in the member states.

Audit reports issued in 1992:

Audits of Offices of the General Secretariat in the member states

- Antigua and Barbuda
- Dominica
- El Salvador
- Costa Rica
- Nicaragua
- Uruguay
- Argentina
- Paraguay
- Brazil

Other Audits

- Special audit Office of the General Secretariat in Nicaragua
- Travel Office Department of Material Resources

The Board noted that the Offices of the General Secretariat in the member states were not aware of the Inspector General's findings and recommendations on a timely basis and that the reports were always written in Spanish rather that the language of the audited office. Currently, the Inspector General's findings and recommendations are forwarded to the Secretary General who forwards the findings to the appropriate Assistant/Executive Secretary. Consequently, there are significant delays in the offices' receipt of the report and in many cases, the staff of the offices in the English speaking member states have difficulty understanding the findings. Thus, the appropriate corrective action may not be taken. In order to streamline the process and facilitate the communication of the findings, the Board recommends that copies of the Inspector General's reports also be given directly to the Office audited and that the report be prepared in the native language of the office audited.

Previously, findings and recommendations in the Inspector General's reports were tracked on a manual basis. The Board noted that during the year, the Inspector General established a new automated tracking system to monitor the status of recommendations made during reviews. This system should facilitate the tracking and follow-up activities of the Inspector General.

The Board believes that the Inspector General's Office has done a good job given the present levels of funding and staffing. Although one additional staff person has been budgeted for, the Board continues to express its concern that the Office's resource level prevents it from providing adequate coverage of the Organization's activities, particularly at headquarters where most of the expenditures take place.

It is the Board's opinion that the Organization is not benefitting from a fully staffed audit function, consequently decreasing its ability to conduct programmatic reviews and economy and efficiency audits. When conducting a programmatic review, the Inspector General could independently determine if the desired results or benefits of an existing program are being achieved and identify factors inhibiting satisfactory performance. In addition, the Inspector General could determine whether proposed or existing programs complement, duplicate, or conflict with other programs and identify ways of making programs work better. When conducting economy and efficiency audits, the Inspector General could determine whether OAS is acquiring, protecting, and using its resources (such as personnel, property, and space) economically and efficiently. In addition, the Inspector General would determine the causes of the inefficiencies or uneconomical practices and suggest possible solutions. Economy and efficiency audits may, for example, consider whether OAS is following sound procurement practices; is acquiring the appropriate type, quality and amount of resources at the lowest cost; is properly protecting and maintaining its resources; is avoiding duplication of effort by employees; and is using efficient operating procedures.

The Board acknowledges the progress made in that funds for one additional staff auditor have been approved. However, the Board again urges the General Secretariat to review the staffing and funding of the Audit Office in order to ensure its ability to maintain a proper control environment in the Organization.

COMMENTS RELATING TO THE INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD

Financial Position

As discussed in Ernst & Young's opinion, the Board relied upon OAS to fund a significant portion of its day-to-day operating activities. The Board received from OAS about \$2.3 million in general purpose funding for 1992 as compared to \$2.5 million in 1991. During 1993 this funding was again reduced to \$2.2 million. As a result of the Board's reduced funding, we believe the continued viability of the Board is in question and alternative financing should be considered. To help alleviate the financial difficulties faced by the Board and ensure continued operations if a staff reduction is necessary, we believe the Board should consider requesting that civilian personnel be provided by the supporting member states to replace any staff members lost during the reduction.

Recording of Open Purchase Orders

To prevent excess spending at year-end, purchase orders which were not approved at the time of closing, were held open until 1993. To ensure that the appropriate process was not circumvented, these open purchase orders were recorded as contingent liabilities in the financial statements at year-end. This practice was not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in that expenses must represent amounts incurred as of the end of the period and should not include amounts to be incurred in future periods. We recommend the Board use separate budgetary accounts and procedures to monitor and analyze actual versus budgeted results.

OTHER MATTERS

(Action on prior issues)

Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund

During its 1991 audit of student loans, Ernst & Young noted instances where the loan recipient did not meet certain requirements as established by the fund and that no formal documentation existed whereby the Committee acknowledged it was aware of the unique situation involved in granting these student loans. During the 1992 audit, Ernst & Young noted no instances of student loans being awarded without meeting all of the requirements established by the fund.

Retirement and Pension Fund

As a result of the extended illness of its accountant the 1991 audit of the accounts of the Retirement and Pension Fund was complicated by the lack of attention to the accounting records. In 1992 the Fund hired another accountant, the accounting records were maintained and updated on a timely basis and Ernst & Young was able to conduct its 1992 audit on schedule.







APPENDIX A

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance

Board of External Auditors
Organization of American States

We have audited the financial statements of the funds of the Organization of American States (the Organization) as of and for the year ended December 31, 1992, listed in the accompanying table of contents, and have issued our report (the Audit Report) thereon dated May 11, 1993.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the external auditing requirements prescribed in Chapter VII of the General Standards of the Organization of American States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with the rules and regulations of the Organization (rules and regulations) is the responsibility of the Organization's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the Organization's compliance with provisions included in Chapters IV, V, VI and VII of the General Standards. However, our objective was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions.

We also tested certain expenditures of senior executives concerning executive compensation, travel, official entertainment, contracting and consulting services, speaking honoraria and gifts, and executive perquisites to determine compliance with the Organization's Staff Rules and Chapters III and VIII of the General Standards.

In 1991, we noted certain obligations were recorded by the Organization at December 31, 1991 in the Regular and CIECC Funds, which in our opinion, represented a significant departure from the criteria set forth in the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization in that they were not supported by firm commitments as prescribed by such rules. As described in the fourth paragraph of the Audit Report referred to above, as a result of this departure from the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization during 1991, the December 31, 1992 financial statements reflect significant misstatements.

The results of our tests indicate that, except as noted in the preceding paragraph, with respect to the items tested, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the provisions referred to above. With respect to items not tested, nothing come to our attention that caused us to believe that the Organization had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions. In addition, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance with the rules and regulations in the following areas: fixed assets and unliquidated obligations. Our comments on these matters have been reported to the Board of External Auditors in separate correspondence dated May 11, 1993.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of External Auditors, the General Secretariat, Permanent Council, and the General Assembly of the Organization. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of this report, which is a matter of public record.

May 11, 1993

Ernst & Young

SECTION II

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The General Secretariat has prepared and is responsible for the integrity of the financial data included in the accompanying financial statements. Except as described in note 7 of the financial statements, the statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization which include the financially oriented General Standards to Govern the Operations of the General Secretariat and other provisions approved by the General Assembly.

The accounting practices utilized by the General Secretariat differ in certain respects from generally accepted accounting principles customarily applied in the presentation of financial statements. A description of the significant differences from generally accepted accounting principles is set forth in Note 4 to the financial statements. The General Secretariat maintains an accounting system and related controls to provide reasonable assurance that financial records are reliable for preparing financial statements. The system includes a program of internal audit to provide assurance that proper procedures and methods of operations are used to implement plans, policies and directives of the General Secretariat.

In addition, the Board of External Auditors, which consists of three members elected by the General Assembly, is authorized to audit all accounts, funds, and operations of the Organization. The Board of External Auditors has engaged the services of the independent accounting firm of Ernst & Young to audit the financial statements. Their opinion on the financial statements is based on auditing procedures which include a review of the internal control structure and selected tests of transactions and records. These auditing procedures are intended to provide a reasonable level of assurance that the financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects. The Board periodically meets with the independent auditors, officials of the General Secretariat, and internal auditors to review and evaluate accounting, auditing and financial reporting activities and responsibilities. The Board of External Auditors, the independent auditors as well as the internal auditors have unlimited access to all records maintained by the General Secretariat.





Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the combining financial statements of the following funds of the Organization of American States (the Organization) as of December 31, 1992 and for the year then ended, listed in the accompanying table of contents on page II-9 herein. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Organization's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the external auditing requirements prescribed in Chapter VII of the General Standards of the Organization of American States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 4, the Organization of American States prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules (which include the applicable financially-oriented General Standards adopted by the General Assembly of the Organization of American States) which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

At December 31, 1991, the Organization recorded certain obligations in the Regular Fund and in FEMCIECC, CEC and CMP (the CIECC) Funds, which in our opinion, departed from criteria set forth in the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization in that they did not represent firm commitments as prescribed by such rules. In addition, the Regular Fund recognized its 1991 administrative and technical support contribution from the CIECC Funds on the basis of these obligations. Income

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to the Regular Fund, as well as the corresponding charges to the CIECC Funds, should not have been recognized because the obligations on which such amounts were determined did not constitute valid obligations under the terms of the Budgetary and Financial Rules. As a result of these departures from the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization during 1991, the December 31, 1992 financial statements reflect misstatements as more fully described in Note 7.

In our opinion, except for the effects caused by the recording of certain obligations and related interfund income, as discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements listed in the accompanying table of contents present fairly, in all material respects, the individual and combined funds' assets, liabilities and fund balances for the funds of the Organization of American States referred to above at December 31, 1992, and the changes in fund balances for the year then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 4.

Our audits have been made primarily for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the basic financial statements listed in the accompanying table of contents for the funds of the Organization of American States referred to in the first paragraph of this report taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information in Schedules 1 through 20 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such supplementary information has been subjected to the procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements mentioned above taken as a whole.

We have previously audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the above funds of the Organization of American States for the year ended December 31, 1990, summarized comparative information from which is presented herein.

May 11, 1993

Ernst & Young

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ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES GENERAL, OPERATING, WORKING CAPITAL AND RESERVE SUBFUNDS (in thousands)

II-13

(a) The combined amount excludes \$10,875,000 of interfund loans and receivables in 1992 and \$11,118,000 in 1990 (b) The combined amount excludes deferred interfund interest income of \$2,876,000 in 1992 and 1990

GENERAL, OPERATING, RESERVE, AND WORKING CAPITAL SUBFUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (in thousands)

		Ϋ́	Year ended December 31, 1992	ember 31, 19	952		Year ended
Íncreases	Regular	SDAF	FEMCIECO	CEC	CMP	Combined	
Quota/Pledge collections (Note 4) Less prompt payment credits	\$ 71,529 129	\$ 5,640	\$ 7,649	\$ 860	\$ 1,979	\$ 87,657	\$ 74,724
Contribution for administrative and	71,400	5,640	7,649	860	1,979	87,528	74,724
technical support (Note 4) OAS Treasury Fund income (Note 6) Other income refunds and dooblingting (Note 3)	1,474	496	353	36	134	20 (a) 2,203	20 (a) 2,543
Officer income, returnes, and decunityations (Note ?)	\$ 78,418	\$ 6.251	2,554	217	854	8,100	
Decreases		- 1			2		01410
Expenditures and obligations pursuant to appropriations: General Assembly and Permanent Council	e. 20 24 24 25						
Executive Office of the General Secretariat Activities of the Secretariat for Economic						\$ 9,245 (a) 6,669	\$ 7,640 (a) 5,222
and Social Affairs Activities of the Secretariat for Educational	7,198	7,008				13,292 (a)	9,926 (a)
Scientific and Cultural Affairs	11,541		\$ 2,699	\$ 379	\$ 1.060	15 139 (a)	14 653 (5)
Activities of the Offices Away from Headquarters	6,351		•		<u> </u>	6,351	5,284
Activities of the Secretariat for Management	1,493					1,493	1,290
Common administrative and personnel costs	9 738					7,737	6,712
Contributions to other agencies	4,278					9,738	9,007
	64,250	7,008	2,699	379	1,060	73,942	63.801
Net increase (decrease) during period	14,168	(757)	7,857	734	1,907	23,909	17.615
rund balances (deficits) at beginning of period	(10,358)	12,338	2,428	222	2,171	9,677 (b)	(14,247)(b)
Fund balances at end of period	\$ 3,810	\$ 11,581	\$ 10,285	\$ 956	\$ 4,078	\$ 33,586 (b)	\$ 3,368 (b)

Such contributions are eliminated as expenditures in the respective funds.
(b) The combined amounts of the fund balances at the end of 1992 and 1990 exclude \$2,876,000 of accumulated deferred interest. (a) The combined amount excludes \$1,454,000 in 1992 and \$1,301,000 in 1990 of interfund contributions to the Regular Fund.

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SPECIFIC FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES
(in thousands)

December	31, 1990	Combined		\$ 17,873 381	\$ 18,254		\$ 9,667 986	7,601	\$ 18,254		Year ended December	31, 1990	Combined	
		Combined		\$ 25,156 312	\$ 25,468		\$ 4,784 954	19,730	\$ 25,468				Combined	
		CMP		\$ 873	\$ 873		\$ 112	759	\$ 873	Ω Ω S) 		CMP	
	992	CEC		\$ 294	\$ 294		\$ 44 C	238	\$ 294	N BA AN		ser 31, 1992	CEC	
(course	December 31, 1992	FEMCIECC		\$3,169 11	\$3,180		\$ 493	2,687	\$3,180	SPECIFIC FUNDS	sands)	For the year ended December 31, 1992	FEMCIECC	
Contraction in	De	SDAF		\$ 8,293 277	\$ 8,570		\$ 1,097	7,064	\$ 8,570	SPECIFIC	(in thousands)	For the year e	SDAF	
		REGULAR		\$12,527 24	\$ 12,551		\$ 3,038	8,982	\$ 12,551	SPECIFIC FUNDS COMPINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIIND BAI ANCES			REGULAR	
			ASSETS	Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 6)		LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Unliquidated obligations	Accounts payable and other liabilities Fund balances						Increases

See accompanying notes

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ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1992 AND 1990

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 1992 AND 1990

1. Organization and Financial Statements

The General Secretariat is the central and permanent organ of the Organization of American States (OAS). To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the OAS, the accounts of the OAS are maintained in accordance with fund accounting principles. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund. In the accompanying financial statements, the funds administered by the General Secretariat are grouped in the following categories, according to their source of financing and purpose:

Regular Fund, financed mainly by the assessment of quotas to the member states and contributions from certain other OAS funds (see Note 4D). The purpose of this fund is to provide the General Secretariat with general support as well as technical supervision and administrative services to the programs;

<u>Special Multilateral Funds</u>, financed mainly by voluntary contributions of the member states to support the programs adopted by the Councils and approved by the General Assembly;

Specific funds and funds from special contributions (Specific Funds), financed by grants or bequests to finance activities specified by the donor or legator, and any other contributions by national or international, public or private entities, for carrying out or strengthening specific activities or programs of the General Secretariat.

The financial position and changes in fund balances of the Regular and Special Multilateral Funds are reflected in Exhibits I and 2 on a combined basis. In addition, the financial position and changes in fund balances of the Specific Funds are included as Exhibit 3 on a combined basis.

A. General and Operating Subfunds

Quota and voluntary pledge contributions and the corresponding costs incurred in carrying out budgetary activities of the funds are included in the

accompanying financial statements, where applicable, as general or operating subfunds activity.

a. Regular Fund

In addition to the activities of the General Secretariat, the following activities are financed through budgetary appropriations of the Regular Fund and are included in the financial statements of the Regular Fund:

General Assembly
Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs
Special Consultation Committee on Security
Permanent Council of the OAS
Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture
Inter-American Economic and Social Council
Inter-American Commission of Human Rights
Inter-American Nuclear Energy Commission
Inter-American Commission of Women
Inter-American Committee on Peaceful Settlement
Inter-American Juridical Committee
Inter-American Children's Institute
Inter-American Statistical Institute
Inter-American Court on Human Rights
Inter-American Commission for Drug Abuse Control

b. Special Development Assistance Fund

Inter-American Quincentennial

The Special Development Assistance Fund (SDAF) was established in 1964 to provide training, technical and other assistance in the economic and social affairs areas to the member states. SDAF is under the supervision of the Inter-American Economic and Social Council.

c. <u>Special Multilateral Fund of the Inter-American Council</u> for Education, Science and Culture

The Special Multilateral Fund of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture (FEMCIECC) was established in 1968 to promote relations and mutual understanding between the peoples of the Americas through educational, scientific and cultural cooperation and exchange among the member states. FEMCIECC is under the supervision of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture.

d. Special Account for Culture

The Special Account for Culture (CEC) was established in 1971 to promote the identification, restoration and preservation of the many manifestations of cultural heritage of Latin America and the Caribbean. CEC is under the supervision of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture.

e. Mar del Plata Account

The Mar del Plata Account (CMP) was established in 1972 as a regional effort to promote institutional development of the educational, scientific and technological infrastructure in the member states by seeking both to expand it and to apply it to practical problems of development. CMP is under the supervision of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture.

f. Other Entities and Specialized Organizations

The assets and liabilities at December 31, 1992 and 1990, and the related income and expenses for the year then ended, of the following organizations, which are subject to separate budgetary control and financial reporting, are not included within the accompanying financial statements of the OAS:

Inter-American Defense Board *
Inter-American Indian Institute
Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture*
Inter-American Library Simon Bolivar *
Inter-American Music Council *
Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund *
OAS Medical Benefits Trust Fund *
OAS Retirement and Pension Fund *
Pan American Development Foundation *
Pan American Health Organization
Pan American Institute of Geography and History
Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund *

^{*} Recipients of cash and/or in kind contributions or administrative services from the Regular Fund.

2. Working Capital and Reserve Subfunds

Subfunds have been established and are financed under the following criteria:

a. Regular Fund - Working Capital Subfund is a contingency reserve to provide for the continuous functioning of the regular activities of the General Secretariat. In accordance with the General Standards to Govern the Operations of the General Secretariat (General Standards), the excess of income over obligations and expenditures of the General Subfund is to be added to the Working Capital Subfund. To the extent that there is a Working Capital Subfund balance, excess obligations and expenditures over income in the General Subfund is covered by a transfer from the Working Capital Subfund. In addition, the General Standards permit the temporary use of the Working Capital Subfund to finance Regular Fund expenditures pending the receipt of anticipated income.

As of December 31, 1992, \$1,391,070 was transferred from the General Subfund to the Working Capital Subfund. The balance of the General Subfund of \$2,418,468 is restricted to finance unobligated appropriations.

b. <u>SDAF - Reserve Subfund</u> is a contingency reserve to provide for the continuous functioning of the regular activities of the Operating Subfund. In accordance with the statutes of the SDAF, interest earned and miscellaneous income are added to the Reserve Subfund.

In order to adjust the Reserve Subfund to the maximum level of 25 percent of the annual Program Budget as of December 31, 1992, \$495,488 was transferred from the Reserve Subfund to the Operating Subfund.

C. FEMCIECC, CEC, CMP - Reserve Subfund Pursuant to the Uniform Statutes of FEMCIECC, CEC and CMP, approved by the General Assembly in 1988, AG/RES. 919 (XVIII-0/88), the Reserve Subfunds are contingency reserves to provide for the continuous functioning of the regular activities of the Operating Subfunds. The Reserve Subfunds are financed by the expired appropriations of the corresponding Operating Subfunds, interest earned on their balance, and other miscellaneous income. The Reserve Subfunds may not exceed 20% of the biennium appropriation of their corresponding Operating Subfund.

In order to adjust the Reserve Subfund to the maximum level of 20% of the biennium budget as of December 31, 1992, the following amounts were transferred from the Operating Subfunds to the Reserve Subfunds: \$3,425,391 for FEMCIECC, and \$331,933 for CEC. In CMP, in order to adjust the operating subfund to the level of 1992 unobligated appropriations, \$746,965 was transferred from the Operating Subfund to the Reserve Subfund.

Specific Funds (Exhibit 3)

These funds include contributions and grants from member states observers and other interested parties for purposes of conducting special projects and activities. These funds also include designated funds which have been segregated for specific purposes and whose use is restricted through designation by the General Assembly or the General Secretariat.

3. Biennium Financial Reporting

The OAS operates on a two-year (biennium) budgetary reporting period. As a result, the aggregate funds appropriated for the biennium are divided into two reporting periods: 1) the Secretary General approved budget representing that portion of appropriations allocated to the first year of the biennium; and 2) appropriations reserved for execution during the second year of the biennium.

To the extent that the appropriations allocated to the first year are not obligated at the end of the first year, they are added to the second year's reserved balances and the aggregate becomes available for obligation in that year. The preparation of financial statements is based on this biennium cycle, with interim statements being prepared at the end of the first year, the midpoint of the biennium. The statements at the end of a biennium period include the cumulative financial information for the two-year period. For comparative purposes, interim statements at the midpoint of the biennium are compared to the most recent previous midpoint; statements at the end of a biennium are compared to the most recent previous biennium.

The General Standards provide that appropriations are available to meet the obligations incurred during the fiscal period for which they were approved. At the end of a fiscal period, unobligated appropriations expire and are not available for future use, unless otherwise approved by the General Assembly.

4. Accounting Principles

Except as described in Note 7 below, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the OAS (Rules). The Rules provide the basis for the accounting principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Rules were adopted to meet budgetary and other requirements of the OAS and, as such, result in accounting principles which vary in certain material respects from generally accepted accounting principles. The significant deviations from generally accepted accounting principles are as follows:

- A. The General Secretariat deems it impractical to evaluate the collectibility of assessed but uncollected quotas and voluntary pledges outstanding; therefore, quotas and pledges are included in the financial statements of the various funds only to the extent collected. Contributions from member states and from other interested parties for specific purposes are similarly recorded at the time of collection.
- B. As described in Note 7, unliquidated obligations in certain funds include amounts related to commitments resulting from offers made by the funds to member states or other institutions to disburse monies for the procurement of goods or services in future periods. Such amounts do not represent liabilities or unrelated third party commitments at the end of the respective periods. They represent amounts anticipated to be expended in the subsequent year or biennium in the completion of a particular program or activity.
- C. The OAS provides certain benefits to its employees which accrue to them during periods of employment and are payable at various times during employment or upon separation, whether voluntary or involuntary. Costs for such employee benefits are recorded upon payment rather than as such benefits accrue. Such expenditures during 1992 amounted to \$228,000 for home travel, \$115,000 for repatriation of family and household goods upon separation, \$805,000 for separation indemnity and termination pay and \$988,000 for medical benefits subsequent to separation. Unrecorded earned annual and special leave approximated \$8,033,000 and \$7,332,000 at December 31, 1992 and 1990, respectively.

- D. The General Assembly of the OAS adopts a consolidated program-budget which includes the budgets for the Special Development Assistance Fund, the Special Multilateral Fund of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture, the Special Account for Culture and the Mar del Plata Account in addition to the Regular Fund. In the consolidated budget, the amounts appropriated for substantially all approved (career) personnel costs are included in the Regular Fund's budget. In addition, certain other administrative costs benefiting all funds are included in the budget of the Regular Fund. In lieu of allocating these costs to various funds on a services-rendered basis, the General Assembly has provided that the other funds pay a contribution to the Regular Fund for administrative and technical support. The amount of the contribution may not bear a direct relationship to the actual cost of the services provided to those funds during the period.
- E. The Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances of the Regular Fund and FEMCIECC include certain amounts to be charged against future appropriations. These expenditures are deferred as a means of budgetary financing and not because of or in relation to benefits which may accrue to future periods.
- F. The Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances of the Regular and consolidated Special Multilateral Funds do not include unexpended advances issued in the performance of certain OAS programs. (See Note 8).
- G. Contributions from member states and other interested parties in the form of use of facilities and services are received by certain of the activities of the funds administered by the General Secretariat. No amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements relating to the use of such facilities or services inasmuch as the General Secretariat deems it impractical to measure their value.

5. Land, Buildings and Equipment

The General Secretariat follows the practice of charging to current fiscal period's appropriations the amount disbursed in acquiring real property, equipment, and works of art and subsequently capitalizing such acquisitions in a separate Fixed Assets Fund. This practice allows the OAS to continue to reflect those expenditures for fixed assets against the amounts appropriated for such purposes while, at the same time, presenting them as capitalized assets on the Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances. Such assets acquired by the Regular Fund with associated long-term debt are

capitalized in the amount of the total cost including the long-term debt. That portion of the Regular Fund's purchase not financed by long-term debt is included in investment in land, buildings and equipment.

The associated debt is then amortized against current and future years' appropriations (\$531,000 in 1992 and \$537,000 in 1990) to provide for current mortgage payments. (See Note 11).

A sinking fund aggregating \$516,000 at December 31, 1990 was established in the Regular Fund for the purpose of retiring the original \$1,200,000 note payable in 1992. On December 31, 1986, the General Secretariat paid \$600,000 of the principal amount and the remaining balance of \$600,000 was paid in February 1991. The related fund balance is reflected in Exhibit 1 as investment in land, buildings and equipment.

Land, buildings and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The composition of fixed assets at December 31, was as follows:

	December 31				
<u>Depreciation Ba</u>	1992	1990			
		errors and the second s			
Land (Note 11)	- not depreciated	\$ 5,491,305	\$ 5,491,305		
Buildings (Note 11)	- 50 years	24,374,561	24,374,561		
Vehicles	- 5 years	1,197,012	1,051,417		
Furniture and equipment	- 10 years	7,747,098	7,837,200		
Technical machinery and equipment	- 10 years	3,506,322	2,484,871		
Works of art	- not depreciated	1,136,092	399,142		
		43,452,390	41,638,496		
Less:accumulated depreciation		(16,208,860)	(14,519,776)		
Book value as of December 31		<u>\$27,243,530</u>	<u>\$27,118,720</u>		

Only those assets under direct control of the General Secretariat at its headquarters and its offices in the member states are included in the financial statements. Acquisitions on behalf of OAS supported projects in the member states are recorded in memorandum accounts only since it is the policy of the General Secretariat to donate these assets to the recipient projects after a two-year period.

Effective in 1988 equipment and/or scientific materials provided to projects in the CIECC area are treated as donations at the time of delivery.

6. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the OAS Treasury Fund. The Regular Fund, the Special Multilateral Funds, and the Specific Funds maintain an equity to the extent of their cash balances retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Subject to certain conditions, income earned by the Treasury Fund is added to the equities of the various funds in proportion to their equity balances.

The composition of the OAS Treasury Fund at the end of the corresponding periods is as follows:

	December 31		
	1992	1990	
Demand and time deposits, net of \$1,449,000 and \$1,569,000 drafts not presented for payment at December 31, 1992 and 1990, respectively	\$25,227,000	\$44,935,000	
Repurchase Agreements	5,160,000	_	
United States Treasury Notes (Market Value \$45,851,000)	45,848,000	-	
Accrued interest receivable	636,000	431,000	
	<u>\$76,871,000</u>	<u>\$45,366,000</u>	

7. <u>Unliquidated Obligations</u>

At its Twenty-First Regular Session in June 1991, the General Assembly adopted AG/RES.1137 (XXI-O/91) which authorized the carryover of unobligated appropriations in the Special Multilateral Funds from the 1989 and 1991 biennia into the 1993 biennium. In the CIECC area, 90% of the unobligated appropriations were authorized for use in 1992-1993 programming, while 10% was designated for the reserve subfunds.

In conjunction with the 1991 biennium closing, obligations totalling approximately \$16 million were recorded in the Regular and CIECC Funds which were not in compliance with criteria set forth in the General Standards. The effect of recording the obligations was that at December 31, 1991: a) obligations and unliquidated obligations of the Regular and CIECC Funds were overstated by approximately \$7 million and \$9 million, respectively, and b) the contribution for administrative and technical support (income of the Regular Fund and expense of the CIECC Funds) was overstated by \$1.4 million.

As a result of these departures from the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization during 1991, the December 31, 1992 financial statements reflect misstatements causing 1992 deobligations to be overstated by \$4.3 million; 1992 obligations to be understated by as much as \$11.3 million; and, charges to the CIECC Funds for administrative and technical support and corresponding Regular Fund income to be understated by as much as \$0.8 million.

8. Accountable Advances

In the performance of various activities, the administrators of the various funds may deem it necessary or appropriate to advance funds for the conduct of a program or a specific event prior to the actual occurrence of the expenses. In the opinion of the administrators of the funds such action is necessary to assure the timely performance of such activities. Recipients of advances are required to submit an accounting or suitable supporting documentation for the resulting expenditures in a form deemed adequate by the administrators of the funds and by the Department of Financial Services. Advances of this nature are recorded as expenditures in the period in which funds are advanced. Advances for which a subsequent accounting was required at December 31, 1992 and 1990, were as follows:

	Dec	ember 31
	1992	1990
Regular Fund	\$ 147,000	\$ 233,000
Special Development Assistance Fund	41,000	74,000
Special Multilateral Fund of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science & Culture	152,000	258,000
Special Account for Culture		16,000
Mar del Plata Account	<u>47,000</u>	165,000
	<u>\$387,000</u>	<u>\$746,000</u>

9. Contributions to Specific Funds

Contributions to Specific Funds during the year ended December 31, 1992 as reflected in Exhibit 3 of the accompanying financial statements were as follows:

Contributor	REGULAR FUN	ID SDAF	FEMCIECC	CEC	<u>CMP</u>	TOTAL
Members: Argentina Bahamas Brazil	\$ 79,504 316,763	\$ 2,713,284 9,653	\$ 259,772		\$ 161,103	\$ 3,213,663 316,763 9,653
Canada Chile Colombia	737,700 21,075 25,703	421,426 120,486	95,815 20,675	\$ 73,000		1,254,941 214,561 46,378
Costa Rica Dominica Dom. Rep. Ecuador	29,623 1,000 482	4,404				29,623 1,000 482 4,404
El Salvador Guatemala	67,205	100,000 67,813				100,000 135,018
Honduras Jamaica Mexico Panama	15,269	96,275 450,000 176,000	297,800	26,600	97,300	96,275 15,269 871,700 176,000
St. Lucia Trinidad Toba	1,860 go 7,421	170,000				1,860 7,421
United States Uruguay		1,352,612 469,881	600,000			13,314,687 469,881
Venezuela Observers:	12,361	17,808	136,995			167,164
European E.C Finlandia Germany Italy Japan Netherlands Spain	. 657,180 132,000 183,750 1,300,000 263,603 279,307	507,631	867,802			657,180 507,631 999,802 183,750 1,300,000 263,603 279,307
Non Member Norway	56,317	202 400				56,317
United Nation Others	429,267 612,404	233,400 910,803	108,902	11,027		662,667 <u>1,643,136</u>
	<u>\$16,591,869</u>	<u>\$7,651,476</u>	<u>\$2,387,761</u>	\$110,627	<u>\$258,403</u>	\$27,000,136

10. Tax Reimbursements

Tax reimbursements represent amounts assessed or to be assessed to certain member states for reimbursements made to certain employees of the General Secretariat for income taxes paid to the respective member state.

11. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt was incurred solely by the Regular Fund under the following terms and conditions:

A. <u>First Mortgage with Aetna Life Insurance Company (secured by the General Secretariat Building - 1889 F St.)</u>

Principal amount at

December 31, 1991: \$12,413,558

Repayment terms: 25 years, due in monthly installments

through September 2004.

Annual interest rate: 9.375%

Interest expense during

1992: \$1,141,319

Amortization of principal

during 1992: \$531,470

Principal balance,

December 31, 1992: \$11,882,088

Principal payments due for the next five years are as follows: 1993, \$583,493; 1994, \$640,609; 1995, \$703,315; 1996, \$772,159; 1997, \$847,741.

B. Note Payable to the Dacor Bacon House Foundation incurred as part of purchase of land

5. paranase or land

Original amount: \$1,200,000

Repayment terms: 13 years, due January 1992

Annual interest rate: 8.5%
Principal repaid in 1991: \$600,000

Interest expense during

1990/91 \$55,250

Principal balance, December

31, 1991 \$0

The principal balance due as of December 31, 1990 was repaid on February 1, 1991.

C. Second Mortgage with American Security Bank (secured by the General Secretariat Building - 1889 F St.)

Principal amount at

December 31, 1991: \$1,600,000

Repayment terms: Repayment commenced February 10,

1990. As amended effective January 1, 1991, all quota receipts which serve to reduce quota arrearages with minimum repayment of \$3,200,000 per annum payable in quarterly installments. Prior repayments terms were collection of quota arrears plus \$3,280,000 per

annum payable quarterly.

Annual Interest Rate: Variable, American Security Bank's

base (prime rate).

Interest expense during

1992:

\$34,942

Balance required: A balance of 5% of outstanding loan

balance must be maintained at American Security Bank during the term

of the loan.

Amortization of Principal

during 1992:

\$1,600,000

Principal Balance at

December 31, 1992: \$0

12. Leases

The General Secretariat leases certain facilities and equipment. Rental expense for such leases was approximately \$631,500 and \$461,181 for the year ended December 31, 1992 and 1990, respectively. Aggregate rentals subsequent to December 31, 1992 are not significant.

13. Retirement Plans

All qualified employees of the General Secretariat are participants in either the Retirement and Pension Plan or the Provident Plan. The plans are funded by the General Secretariat, other participating agencies and employee contributions at fixed percentages of salaries. Pension expense aggregated approximately \$4,874,000 in 1992 and \$4,861,000 in 1990.

As of December 31, 1992 accumulated plan benefits and plan net assets were as follows:

Actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits:

Vested Nonvested	\$164,121,000 <u>3,308,000</u>
Total at December 31, 1992	\$167,429,000
Net plan assets available for benefits	\$237,876,000

The weighted average assumed rate of return used in determining the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits was 9%.

In addition to the retirement plan described above, the General Secretariat provides a lifetime annuity to former Secretaries General and Assistant Secretaries General with survival benefits for their spouses and has extended pension benefits to certain former staff members with expired fixed term pensions. The cost of these annuities, \$252,000 in 1992 and \$242,000 in 1990, is budgeted and recognized in the year paid. The approximate present value of estimated future payments of \$3.5 million, and 3.4 million at December 31, 1992 and December 31, 1990 respectively, is reflected in the statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance of the Regular Fund.

14. Post Employment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits as described in Note 13 above, the General Secretariat provides health care and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The cost of health care is partially borne by the retirees. The cost to the General Secretariat for its portion of the health care as well as the life insurance is recognized when paid. For 1992 and 1990 those costs were \$1,093,000 and \$910,000, respectively.

15. Foreign Currencies

Certain income and expense transactions during the years ended December 31, 1992 and 1990 were in currencies other than United States dollars. These transactions have been translated into United States dollar equivalents at rates of exchange in effect at the time of the transactions. Foreign currency assets included in the accompanying financial statements, consisting principally of cash and time deposits (\$185,000 and \$420,500 as of December 31, 1992 and 1990, respectively) have been translated into United States dollars at the then applicable rates of exchange. Certain of these currencies are restricted as to convertibility and, therefore, must be utilized in OAS activities.

16. Interfund Borrowings

From time to time during 1988, the Regular Fund effected temporary borrowings from each of the Special Multilateral Funds pursuant to Permanent Council authorizations. The borrowings were non-interest bearing with various terms of repayment.

In addition to temporary borrowings the budget approved by the General Assembly for the Regular Fund for 1987 included authority to borrow \$242,800 from the Mar del Plata Account.

As of December 31, 1992 and 1990, the Regular Fund owed the Special Multilateral Funds a principal amount totalling \$8,000,000 and \$8,242,800 respectively. In addition, accrued interest payable of \$2,875,809 on 1980 to 1983 borrowings was outstanding at December 31, 1992 and 1990. This amount was payable in 1985 but because of insufficient resources, the interest has not been paid. The Special Multilateral Funds have accrued the corresponding interest receivable. Interest income on the loans by the Special Multilateral Funds has been deferred, and will be recognized at such time as the Funds receive the corresponding payment from the Regular Fund.

In February, 1993, the Secretary General decided that resources available in the Regular Fund permitted a partial repayment of the interfund loans. The following repayment of \$391,000 to SDAF, \$351,000 to FEMCIECC, \$29,000 to CEC, and \$229,000 to CMP, was made to reduce the outstanding principal balance from \$8.0 million to \$7.0 million.

17. Contingencies

There are several pending and threatened actions before the Administrative Tribunal in which it is alleged that the Secretary General has taken administrative actions which have adversely affected the interests of the complaining staff members. Among those actions is the claim of more than six hundred staff members for alleged failure to apply in good faith the salary policy implemented under General Assembly resolutions AG/RES.498 and AG/RES.632 and an agreement with the Staff Association of May, 1993. Legal counsel believes the case is procedurally inadmissible and substantively without Also, some 225 staff members have initiated the hearing and merit. reconsideration process for reclassification and promotion. The Secretary General has appointed an Ad Hoc Committee to conduct a prehearing review of those cases. The review process is pending completion. In addition, the are several cases now pending in the labor courts in Brazil brought by individuals who allege that they were employees of the General Secretariat and therefore entitled to certain benefits. In the opinion of management these actions will not result in any material adverse effect on the financial condition of the General Secretariat.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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STATEMENTS OF QUOTA ASSESSMENTS, PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS, AND BALANCES

			,

REGULAR FUND STATEMENT OF QUOTA ASSESSMENTS, COLLECTIONS, AND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

ce Uncollected balances	s at December 31, 1992	\$ 21,675 -	004,23	1	553,582	10,874,600	!		1	2,166,322	1	1,345,637	47,021	2,047	77,300	250,174		327,525	43,700	211,900		906,344	280,130	112,400	1 1	1	l	415,174	4 0 0	80°,08°,82	ı	\$ 47,276,282
ions In advance	for 1993							\$ 145,067													702						12,700					\$ 158,469
Collections For 1992 and In	prior years	\$ 10,056,353	66,234	18,700	53,400	1	6,286,100	587,700	110,930		12,300		74,706	84,253	6,300	105,852	24,700		42,600		3,891,300	133,952	120,000		1,296,832	18,300	12,500		92,586	45,722,681	2,048,700	\$ 71,399,679
Prompt payment	1						\$ 110,000	11,900			200														,	9 6	2					\$ 129,400
Collections for tax	reimbursements*		\$ 1.800																		12,200									3,400,000	009'6	\$3,423,600
Quota assessments for 1992	Amount	\$ 12,500 3,135,600	43,700 50.000	18,700	43,700	5,471,600	6,396,100	343,500 599,600	81.200	-	12,500	112,400	112,400	43,700	18,700	81,200	12,500	43,700	43,700	112,400	3,891,300	43,700	81,200	112,400	262,300	6,200	12,500	43,700	112,400	38,077,100	2,048,700	\$ 61,668,200
Quota	Percent	5.02	0.0	0.03	20'0	8.76	10.24	0.55 0.96	0.13	1.27	0,02	0.18	0.18	0.07	0.03	0.13	0.02	0.07	0.07	0.18	6.23	0.07	0.13	0.18	0.42	0.0	0.02	0.07	0.18	60.96	3.28	100.00
Balances at December 31, 1991 Received	in advance							\$ 60,167			12,300																					\$ 72,467
Balances at Dec	Uncollected	\$ 9,175 6,920,753	16 234	6	563,282	5,403,000			29 730	2.166.322		1,233,237	9,327	42,600	64,900	274,826	12,200	283,825	42,600	99,500		986,586	336,958		1,034,532			371,474		37,226,090		\$57,137,161
	Member State	Antigua and Barbuda Argentina	Bahamas Boshodos	Belize	Bolivia	Brazil	Canada	Chile Colombia		Costa lica	Dominica	Dominican Republic	Ecuador	Fl Salvador	Grenada	Guatemala	Guyana	Haiti		a ciama	Mexico	Nicaragua	Panama	Paraguay	Peru	St. Kitts and Nevis	Saint Lucia St. Vincent and the Grenadines	Suriname	Trinidad and Tobago	United States	Uruguay Vanazuala	

* Uncollected balances at December 31, 1992; United States \$600,000; Venezuela \$1,200.

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND STATEMENT OF PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS, AND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	Balances at D	Balances at December 31, 1991		Collections	ions	
Member State	Uncollected	Received in	Diodese to a	For 1992 and	In advance	Uncollected balances
Australia on the Darley		availe	Zee Tot segment	prior years	for 1993	at December 31, 1992
Anigua and Barbuda	\$ 3,475		\$ 5,500	\$ 4,850		\$ 405
Argenina			100,000	100,000		
Danamas			11,000	4,950		0,000
Barbados	4,600		13,800	18,400	\$ 1.702	eco'o
Belize			8,800	8,800		! [
Rollivia	00.00					
Brazil	7,228		21,600	21,600		22,164
Canada			895,323	895 393		7,228
CER			2,000	3,000		1 60
Colombia		\$ 10,021	188,000	188,000		2,000
Costa Rica	10.708		006 86	000		
Cuba	24,000		ono on	55'A/D		24,032
Dominica	•	6,596	5.500	5500	400	24,000
Dominican Republic	25,110		24,200	39,310	2	1 00 0+
Ecuador			33,400	28,783		4.617
Toposta Si	((i di
Granado	16,850		39,600	56,450		ı
Gistonole	008,400		8,800	13,700		ı
Guardinala	24,750		33,000	57,750		ı
Total E	3		5,500	2,500		ļ
SIN I	188,15		42,900			74,891
Honduras			001	1		
Jamaica	10,536		10,000	29,925		575
Mexico			550,000	200		20,536
Nicaragua	49,324		29.700	14 850		1 1
Panama		4,184	37,821	37,821	4,184	04,174 1
Paraguay			42,900	10 795		
Peru	331,759		79.100	10,70		32,175
St. Kitts and Nevis			1,100	20,10		303,834
Saint Lucia			7,700	7.700		I
St. Vincent and the Grenadines		200	5,500	5.500	4.700	i
Suriname			1 1 1			I
Trinidad and Tobaco		0.464	000,72	8,921		18,579
United States	3.358.020 *		3,000,000	8,901		15,299
Uruguay			129 700	420,000		3,358,020 *
Venezuela		50,000	350,000	253,145		96.855
	\$3,925,415	\$ 73,152	\$ 5.803.944	\$ 5 640 205	44	
		.		71	700'11 &	\$ 4,089,154

* Uncollected balance of the United States results from a 1977 pledge for which the Government, in 1985, informed the General Secretariat that funding is unavailable. It is uncertain whether future funding will be made available to enable the United States to satisfy that amount.

SPECIAL MULTILATERAL FUND OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE STATEMENT OF PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS, AND BALANCES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	Balances at Dec	Balances at December 31, 1991		Collections For 1992 and	lions In advance	Uncollected balances
Member State	Uncollected	advance	Pledges for 1992	prior years	for 1993	at December 31, 1992
	4 450		2 000			\$ 3,450
Aniigua and baibuda	001-1-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-0		ŭ	\$2 636 961	\$ 5.813	
Argentina	2,131,001		7 000	3.550		3,450
Danamas	2.016		8,000	10,016		
Belize Belize	200		3,000	3,000		ı
					!	
Bolivia		\$ 10,576	2,000	7,000	3,576	! ;
Brazil	891,951			431,427		460,524
Canada			417,818	417,818		ł
Chile			29,200	29,200	26,500	1
Colombia	7,296		50,600	57,896	32,388	I
5 cc	10.005		12,900	22,905		1
00000	1	000 6	2,000	2.000		ı
Dominica Dominican Dominica	00 884	ì	17.900	•		117,784
	4.703		17,900	7,840		14,763
Figure Co.	<u>-</u>	1,750	7,000	2,000		ı
		-	•			
Grenada	3,100		3,000	6,100		1
Guatemala	33,106		12,900			46,006
Guvana			2,000	2,000		1 }
Haiti	7,100		7,000			14,100
Honduras	4,289		7,000	11,289	30,177	I
						600
Jamaica	8,200		4,500			12,700
Mexico			329,400	329,400		i
o Data in			2,000	3,500		3,500
Donog	13.200		12,900	22,125		3,975
Paraguay	17,700		17,900	22,675		12,925
Ē	340 046					242,046
	242,242		1100	1 100		
St. Kitts and Nevis			000 6	3 000		1
Saint Lucia			000	2,000	2.100	1
St. Vincent and the Grenadines			2,500	i	Ī	7.000
Suriname			000'1			
			17,900	17,900		I
United States	3,500,000 *		3,250,000	3,302,000		3,448,000 *
Uruguav			26,800	26,800		1 000
Venezuela	132,000		173,300	262,320		42,980
	\$7,109,107	\$ 14,326	\$4,972,918	\$7,648,822	\$ 100,554	\$4,433,203

* Uncollected balance of the United States results from a 1977 pledge for which the government, in 1985, informed the General Secretariat that funding is unavailable. It is uncertain whether future funding will be made available to enable the United States to satisfy that amount.

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES
SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR CULTURE
STATEMENT OF PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS, AND BALANCES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	Balances at De	Balances at December 31, 1991		Collections	fions	
Member State	Uncollected	Received in advance	Pledges for 1992	For 1992 and	In advance	Uncollected balances
Antique and Borbuda	£		2000	MINI YOUR	101 1330	ar December 31, 1992
Argentina	244,000		300	000		\$ 375
Bahamas			000,4	5.00 m		1 1
Barbados		\$ 100	200	96		450
Belize			00%	004		I
				3		Ĭ
Bolivia		2,100	1,000	1.000	400	ï
Brazil	80,600		•	80.600		
Canada			41,781	41.781		, I
Chile	200		8,200	8,900		† 1
Colombia		5,074	15,400	15,400	23,397	1
Costa Bica	000					
Dominica	36	ć	908'L	2,800		ı
Dominican Benublic		300	300	300		I
House to the second sec		1	2,600	2,600		I
E Control		2,219	3,100	3,100	510	I
CI Salvadol		450	1,000	1,000		3
Grenada	202		į			
Guatemala	0000		900	1,000		ľ
Guvene	600,6		006,1			11,459
	7		300	300		ı
Hondigae	2 5		1,000			2,100
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,100		1,000	2,100	943	
Jamaica						
Mexico			t c			1
Nicaracin			66,300	96,300		1
Donogram			4,000	200		500
Derogene		1,000	1,900	1,900	2,200	ı
- alaguay	3,100		2,600	3,750		1,950
Peru	24.300					
St. Kitts and Nevis			0	•		24,300
Saint Lucia			400	400		ı
St. Vincent and the Grenadines		Ç	006	200		1
Sirinama		200	300	300	300	1
			1,000			1,000
Trinidad and Tohado						-
United States			2,600	2,600		ı
Uruquay			250,000	250,000		ı
Venezuela	19 050		4,000	4,000		1
	20101		64,900	47,775		6,175
	\$ 384,984	\$ 11,443	\$ 523,381	\$ 860.056	\$ 28 450	ŀ
	The state of the s	- Selected to exclude the selected to the sele			201103 #	40,303

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES MAR DEL PLATA ACCOUNT STATEMENT OF PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS, AND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	Balances at De	Balances at December 31, 1991		Collections	ions	
		Received in		For 1992 and	in advance	Uncollected balances
Member State	Uncollected	advance	Pledges for 1992	prior years	for 1993	at December 31, 1992
Antique and Barbuda	\$ 375		\$ 600			\$ 975
Action	409 500		82.200	\$ 491.700		1
Debenera			2,200			1,050
Deltalias	BAS		5,500	3,366		1
Belize	}		006	906		ı
. :			c	ccc	4	I
Bolivia		φ 24.0	, k00	7,200		0 0 0 0
Brezil	116,612		1	900,501		13,043
Canada			137,283	137,283		1
Chile	800		17,700	17,900		009
Colombia		22,897	32,300			32,300
Costa Bica	2.449		4,100	6,549		1
Dominica		900	900	009		1
Dominican Republic	33,917		5,700			39,617
Ecuador	•	1,551	5,700	4,028		1,672
El Salvador		200	2,200	2,200		į
•	000		000	Ç00		I
Grenada	000'1		000	006,1		000
Guatemala	9,800		4,100	000		005,5
Guyana			999	000		1 60
Haiti	2,300	!	2,200	6	100	oor't
Honduras		3,300	2,200	2,200	17,634	ı
o cio mo						ı
			102,100	102.100		1
IVEXICO Nicosepte			0000	100		1.100
Nicaragua	6 837		201,1	2,600		5,337
Paraguay	5,600		5,700	7,025		4,275
f	44					64 100
Peru	94,100			4		
St. Kitts and Nevis			§ 6	504		l
Saint Lucia			006	205	i i	I
St. Vincent and the Grenadines			900	909	700	i į
Suriname			2,200			2,200
			700	5,700		1
Trinidad and Tobago	1 850 000 *		1.000.000	1.000.000		1,850,000 *
Unique			8,500	8,500		. 1
Venezuela Venezuela	28,200		53,700	71,625		10,275
	\$2.532.356	\$ 32.248	\$1,492,283	\$1,979,195	\$ 19,534	\$2,045,444

* Uncollected balance of the United States results from a 1977 pledge for which the Government, in 1985, informed the General Secretariat that funding is unavailable. It is uncertain whether future funding will be made available to enable the United States to satisfy that amount.

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STATEMENTS OF SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS

REGULAR FUND SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

1992 Final	\$ 9,046,238	6,714,995	8,281,373	12,359,081	6,367,756	1,511,719	8,064,521	9,856,200	2,335,700 1,125,465 710,266 200,500 95,068 \$ 66,668,882
Supplementary		\$ 400,682							\$ 400,682
Secretary General discretionary transfers	\$ (526,562)	263,513	470,273	(286,119)	(159,044)	15,619	225,521		(25,435) 23,766 (1,532)
Cost of living adjustment (b)	\$ 207,700	99,700	111,400	98,700	134,200	30,300	157,600		22,100 6,400 1,900 \$ 870,000
Approved for 1992	\$ 9,365,100	5,951,100	7,699,700	12,546,500	6,392,600	1,465,800	7,681,400	9,856,200	2,335,700 1,128,800 680,100 200,500 94,700 \$ 65,398,200
Reserved for execution in 1993	\$ 10,366,200	6,050,000	7,792,900	13,478,700	6,505,500	1,496,800	7,866,200	12,909,700	2,218,900 1,223,500 744,500 208,700 94,700 \$ 70,956,300
1992–93 approved by the General Assembly (a)	\$ 19,731,300	12,001,100	15,492,600	26,025,200	12,898,100	2,962,600	15,547,600	22,765,900	4,554,600 2,352,300 1,424,600 409,200 189,400 \$ 136,354,500
	General Assembly and Permanent Council	Executive Office of the General Secretariat	Activities of the Executive Secretariat for Economic and Social Affairs	Activities of the Executive Secretariat for Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Affairs	Offices Away from Headquarters	Activities of the Secretariat for Legal Affairs	Activities of the Secretariat for Management	Common Administrative and Personnel Costs	Contributions to: Inter-American Defense Board Inter-American Children's Institute Inter-American Commission of Women Pan American Development Foundation Inter-American Music Council

(a) AG/Res. 1137 (XXI-O/91) and AG/Res. 1177 (XXII-O/92). (b) AG/Res. 1177 (XXII-O/92).

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REGULAR FUND SUMMARY OF DISPOSITIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

Unobligated and reserved for execution in 1993	\$ 10,167,483	6,096,014	8,875,976	14,296,482	6,522,189	1,515,157	8,194,340	13,027,900	2,218,900 1,249,104 871,738 238,700 100,785	\$ 73,374,768			
Unobligated balance carried forward	\$ (198,717)	46,014	1,083,076	817,782	16,689	18,357	328,140	118,200	25,604 127,238 30,000 6,085	\$ 2,418,468			
Total expenditures and obligations	\$ 9,244,955	6,668,981	7,198,297	11,541,299	6,351,067	1,493,362	7,736,381	9,738,000	2,335,700 1,099,861 583,028 170,500 88,983	\$ 64,250,414			
Unliquidated Obligations	\$ 345,655	409,280	341,169	4,020,902	129,498	20,811	191,992	2,042,527	13,661 18,816 39,973 2,515	\$ 7,576,799 (c)			\$ 7,576,799 4,039,834 \$ 11,616,633
Charges for expenditures	\$ 8,899,300	6,259,701	6,857,128	7,520,397	6,221,569	1,472,551	7,544,389	7,695,473	2,322,039 1,081,045 543,055 170,500 86,468	\$ 56,673,615			
1992 Final	\$ 9,046,238	6,714,995	8,281,373	12,359,081	6,367,756	1,511,719	8,064,521	9,856,200	2,335,700 1,125,465 710,266 200,500 95,068	\$ 66,668,882 (b)	\$ 61,668,200	400,682 \$ 4,600,000 \$ 66,668,882	
	General Assembly and Permanent Council	Executive Office of the General Secretariat	Activities of the Executive Secretariat For Economic and Social Affairs	Activities of the Executive Secretariat for Educatioal, Scientific, and Cultural Affairs	Offices Away from Headquarters	Activities of the Secretariat for Legal Affairs	Activities of the Secretariat for Management	Common Administrtive and Personnel Costs	Contributions to: Inter-American Defense Board Inter-American Children's Institute Inter-American Commission of Women Pan American Development Foundation Inter-American Music Council	(b)Budgeted Funding:	Quotas Other convoce	Am ericas subscriptions revenue: Other Funding:	(c) Unliquidated obligations Charged to 1992 appropriations Charged to prior years appropriations

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	Approved by the General Assem bly (a)+(b)	Reserved for execution in 1993	Approved for 1992	Unobligated Appropriations carried foward at Dec 31, 1991 (c)	Adjusted by CEPCIES (d)	CEPCIES discretionary transfers	1992 Final
National Technical Cooperation Projects	\$ 16,485,400	\$ 8,185,400	\$ 8,300,000	\$ 5,545,679	\$ (4,905,300)	\$ (372,357)	\$ 8,568,022
Plurinational Projects	1,607,600	825,500	782,100	363,884	56,641		1,202,625
Inter-American Centers	2,403,700	1,222,500	1,181,200	491,648		84,555	1,757,403
Special Conferences					39,900		39,900
Executive Secretary						205,914	205,914
Support Resources	149,500	75,700	73,800	5,581	(43,450)	30,000	65,931
Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support	3,353,800	1,690,900	1,662,900	1,120,818	(803,620)	51,888	2,031,986

⁽a) 1992: AG/Res. 1137 (XXI-0/91).
(b) 1993: AG/Res. 1177 (XXII-0/92).
(c) AG/Res. 1137 (XXI-0/91).
(d) CEPCIES/Res. 46 (CXVII-791-92); CEPCIES/Res. 46 (CXXI-0/92); and CIES/Res. 457 (XXVI-0/92).

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND SUMMARY OF DISPOSITION OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	1992 Final	Charges for expenditures	Unliquidated Obligations	Total expenditures and obligations	Unobligated balance carried forward	Unobligated and reserved for execution in 1993
National Technical Cooperation Projects	\$ 8,568,022	\$ 2,687,012	\$ 1,035,532	\$ 3,722,544	\$ 4,845,478	\$ 13,030,878
Plurinational Projects	1,202,625	765,377	136,147	901,524	301,101	1,126,601
Inter-American Centers	1,757,403	1,144,506	98,329	1,242,835	514,568	1,737,068
Special Conferences	39,900	31,532	3,663	35,195	4,705	4,705
Executive Secretary	205,914	30,448	10,746	41,194	164,720	164,720
Support Resources	65,931	54,820	6,687	61,507	4,424	80,124
Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support	2,031,986	\$ 5,666,975	49,487 \$ 1,340,591 (a)	1,002,767	\$ 6,864,215	\$ 18,864,215
(a) — Unliquidated Obligations Charged to 1992 appropriations Charged to prior years appropriations			\$ 1,340,591 333,189 \$ 1,673,780			

SPECIAL MULTILATERAL FUND OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

⁽a) 1992: AG/Res. 1137 (XXI-0/91).
(b) 1993: AG/Res. 1177 (XXII-0/92).
(c) AG/Res. 1137 (XXI-0/91).
(d) CEPCIECC/Res. 245/92 (XLIII-0/92) and CEPCIECC/Res. 247/93(XLIV-0/93).

SPECIAL MULTILATERAL FUND OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE SUMMARY OF DISPOSITION OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	1992 Final	Charges for expenditures	Unliquidated Obligations	Total expenditures and obligations	Unobligated balance carried forward	Unobligated and reserved for execution in 1993
Activities of the Executive Secretariat	\$ 295,600	\$ 119,113	\$ 62,986	\$ 182,099	\$ 113,501	\$ 447,601
Regional Educational Development Programs	3,302,600	365,920	1,068,871	1,434,791	1,867,809	6,303,109
Regional Scientific and Technological Development Programs	3,623,200	366,983	363,467	730,450	2,892,750	7,328,750
Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support	1,083,100	352,101		352,101	730,999	2,111,599
	\$ 8,304,500	\$ 1,204,117	\$ 1,495,324	\$ 2,699,441	\$ 5,605,059	\$ 16,191,059

SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR CULTURE SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

1 CEPCIECC CC discretionary transfers 1992 Final	16) \$ 55,316 \$	16) (19,626)	55) (49,225)	77) (8,297) 241,600	81) (3,481)	27) (21,613)	03) 46,926	26 113,000 49) \$ - \$ 865,800
ns Adjusted by CEPCIECC (d) (d)	\$ (5,916)	(34,216)	(71,755)	(112,277)	(30,381)	(39,627)	(43,803)	7,626 \$ (330,349)
Unobligated Appropriations carried forward at Dec 31, 1991	€	29,042	109,080	98,674	16,862	9,140	34,977	(13,626)
Approved for 1992	\$ 13,700	80,300) 168,400	263,500	71,300	93,000) 102,800	\$ 912,000
Reserved for execution in 1993	0 \$ 15,100	0 85,500	0 179,500	0 280,700	0 76,000	000*66 0	0 109,500	0 126,700
1992–93 Approved by the General Assembly (a)+(b)	\$ 28,800	165,800	347,900	544,200	147,300	192,000	212,300	\$ 1,884,000
	Activities of the Executive Secretariat	Regional Cultural Development Program Direction	Cultural Policies and Regional Studies	Cultural Heritage	Arts	Popular Culture and Education	Libraries, Communication and Information	Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support

⁽a) 1992: AG/Res. 1137 (XXII-0/91).
(b) 1993: AG/Res. 1177 (XXII-0/92).
(c) AG/Res. 1137 (XXI-0/91).
(d) CEPCIECC/Res. 245/92 (XLIII-0/92) and CEPCIECC/Res. 247/93(XLIV-0/93).

ORGANIZACION DE LOS ESTADOS AMERICANOS

SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR CULTURE SUMMARY OF DISPOSITION OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	1992 Final	Charges for expenditures	Unliquidated Obligations	Total expenditures and obligations	Unobligated balance carried forward	Unobligated and reserved for execution in 1993
Activities of the Executive Secretariat	\$ 63,100	\$ 8,960	\$ 1,600	\$ 10,560	\$ 52,540	\$ 67,640
Regional Cultural Development Program Direction	55,500	49,499	59,233	108,732	(53,232)	32,268
Cultural Policies and Regional Studies	156,500	2,592	90,107	92,699	63,801	243,301
Cultural Heritage	241,600	27,923	82,627	110,550	131,050	411,750
Arts	54,300		1,400	1,400	52,900	128,900
Popular Culture and Education	40,900	1,345	2,055	3,400	37,500	136,500
Libraries, Communication and Information	140,900		2,100	2,100	138,800	248,300
Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support	\$ 865,800	49,416 \$ 139,735	\$ 239,122	49,416	63,584	190,284

MAR DEL PLATA ACCOUNT SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

1992 Final	648,637	296,810	372,200	389,000	346,100		437,538	366,000	246,000	436,200	151,915	10,700	1,400	555,300
CEPCIECC discretionary transfers	\$ 81,766 \$	(20,404)	(41,354)	(48,225)	216,695	(20,430)	(187,186)	135,708	(6,182)	33,936	(138,057)	10,700	(16,967)	9
Adjusted by CEPCIECC	\$ (35,772)		(165,087)	(274,195)	(134,095)	(21,170)	(71,297)	(170,278)	(121,718)	(198,776)	(149,006)		(19,033)	173,264 \$ (1,187,163)
Unobligated Appropriations carried forward at Dec 31, 1991 (c)	\$ 469,543	317,214	254,241	172,620			555,921	65,970	107,100	210,440	146,178			(14,264)
Approved for 1992	\$ 133,100		324,400	538,800	263,500	41,600	140,100	334,600	266,800	390,600	292,800		37,400	396,300
Reserved for execution in 1993	\$ 141,900		343,300	573,900	280,700	44,300	150,500	356,500	282,300	415,800	311,900		39,800	422,100 \$ 3,363,000
1992 – 93 Approved by the General Assembly (a)+(b)	\$ 275,000		667,700	1,112,700	544,200	85,900	290,600	691,100	549,100	806,400	604,700		77,200	\$18,400 \$ 6,523,000
	Executive Secretariat	Director of Educational Department	Multinational Project of Basic Education	Education For Work	Secondary and Higher Education	National Projects Unprogrammed Funds	Director of Science and Technology Department	Environment and Natural Resources	Biotechnology and Food	Materials	Microeletronic and Informatics	Unprogrammed Funds	National Projects	Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support

⁽a) 1992: AG/Res. 1137 (XXII-0/92).
(b) 1993: AG/Res. 1177 (XXII-0/92).
(c) AG/Res. 1137 (XXII-0/91).
(d) CEPCIECC/Res. 245/92 (XLIII-0/92) and CEPCIECC/Res. 247/93(XLIV-0/93).

MAR DEL PLATA ACCOUNT SUMMARY OF DISPOSITIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	1992 Final	Charges for expenditures	Unliquidated Obligations	Total expenditures and obligations	Unobligated balance carried forward	Unobligated and reserved for execution in 1993
Executive Secretariat	\$ 648,637	\$ 20,793	\$ 10,107	\$ 30,900	\$ 617,737	\$ 759,637
Director of the Education Department	296,810	3,593	6,415	10,008	286,802	286,802
Multinational Project of Basic Education	372,200	14,644	151,130	165,774	206,426	549,726
Education for Work	389,000	6,627	269,923	276,550	112,450	686,350
Secondary and Higher Education	346,100	5,418	230,436	235,854	110,246	390,946
National Projects Unprogrammed Funds						44,300
Director of Science		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	4	;		
and reducing pepartment	43/,238	80,606	8,617	89,223	348,315	498,815
Environment and Natural Resources	366,000	13,604	30,991	44,595	321,405	677,905
Biotechnology and Food	246,000	1,732	11,168	12,900	233,100	515,400
Materials	436,200	3,988	18,171	22,159	414,041	829,841
Microeletronic and Informatics	151,915	27,924	5,007	32,931	118,984	430,884
Unprogrammed Funds	10,700				10,700	10,700
National Projects	1,400	726		726	674	40,474
Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support	555,300	138,243		138,243	417,057	839,157
	\$ 4,257,800	\$ 317,898	\$ 741,965	\$ 1,059,863	\$ 3,197,937	\$ 6,560,937

SPECIFIC FUNDS - STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

REGULAR FUND SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash Balance		From Jan	nuary 1, 199	From January 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992 Returns	r 31, 1992		Cash		Fund Balance
Donor and Project	Jan. 1, 1992	Contributions	Transfers	Interest	and Refunds	Expenditures	Net Change	Dec. 31, 1992	Obligations	(deficit) Dec. 31, 1992
pesignated by Donor.										
Argentina XII CIECC Meeting Bahamas XXII General Assembly	\$ (66,356)	\$ 316.763						\$ (66,356)		\$ (66,356)
Bolivia I–A Conference Int'i Law Bolivia IX General Assembiv	(41,870)	•				186,006 ¢	\$ (43,618)	(43,618) (41,870)		(43,618) (41,870)
Brazil Social Integrated Development Program Chile I – A Tribune	15,165 5,000							(55,001) 15,165 5,000	\$ 4,858	(55,001) 10,307 5,000
Colombia XI Ordinary Meeting - CIECC	(25,703)	25,703					25,703			
Dominican nepublic IACW - XX Assembly Dominican Republic I - A Discovery America Meeting	(11,335)						-	(11,335)		(11,335)
Ecuador OAS Building	31,749							103 31,749		103 31 749
Grenada VII General Assembly Guatemala XVI General Assembly	9,28/ (14,341) (1,373)							9,287		9,287 (14,341)
Guatemala I – A Commission of Nuclear Energy	42,109					514	(514)		i.	(1,3/3)
Guatemala XXIII CIECC Meeting Honduras/FI Salvador Military Observars Mission	(969 600)	67,205			\$ (14,721)	52,484	2		26	41,546
Jamaica XIV CIECO Meeting – 1983	(802,508) (8,769)	8,769					8 769	(363,508)		(363,508)
Jamaica Chalkmaking Industry – St. Thomas Jamaica Food & Nutrition Policy	1,619						ŝ	1,619		1,619
Nicaragua/Costa Rica Civilian Observers	(24,703)							6,398		6,398
ranama Callal Healy	(24,487)							(24,487)		(24,487)
Paraguay XX Ordinary Meeting CIECC Paraguay XX General Assembly	37,588					•	:	37,588		37,588
St. Vincent Fellowship Program	1,374					4,064	(4,064)	728		,
U.S. NEA Grant-Latin American Paintings U.S. NEH Grant-Museum Humanitles Catalon	366							366		1,374 366
U.S. CIAV Nicaragua	575,506	6,106,077	-	\$ 28,066	30,698	5,166,321	998,520	6,940	1 008 812	6,940
U.S. XIV Panamerican Child Congress	1,150,934 (11,218)			43,478		3,618	39,860	1,190,794 (11,218)	6,653	1,184,141 (11,218)
U.S. Telecommunications Law Symposium U.S. Elections Constituents Paracusy	5,000				(2,000)		(2,000)			
U.S Conference on Persons with Disabilities	(20*,411)	275,000				235.000	(2,976)	(117,408)	000 20	(117,408)
uruguay iv i-A special Conterence Int'i Law Venezuela - Promotion Peace In Suriname	126	5,000					5,000	45,000 126 5,000	000,66	5,000 126 5,000
Germany – Observation Electoral Paraguay Italy Cooperative Tourism	20,000					20	(20)	19,950	2,000	17.950
Italy to 500 Anniversary Discovery of America	9,953					11 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14		2,300	;	2,300
Netherlands — Promote Peace In Surthame UN-ACNUR— Refugees in Latin America	12,756	263,603				3,484 195,869 1,016	(5,464) 67,734 (1,016)	4,489 67,734 11,740	1,158 16,635	3,331 51,099
Demining Central America CICAD – 14 Program of Dio do Jonaiso	1	417,000		36		15,301	401,735	401.735	1 339	11,740
CICAD - Meetings	1,384,830	1,589,577		60,564		1,029,196	620,945	2,005,775	379,231	1,626,544
Constructora Norberto Odebrecht – Peru Emilio Odebrecht Foundation – Brazii	17,420					12,382	(2,589) (12,382)	(2,589) 5,038	1,712 193	(4,301) 4,845
								2,164		2,164

REGULAR FUND SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash		From Jan	uary 1, 1992	From January 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992	r 31, 1992		Cash		Fund Balance
Donor and Project	Balance Jan. 1, 1992	Contributions	Transfers	Interest	Returns and Refunds	Expenditures	Net Change	Balance Dec. 31, 1992	Unliquidated Obligations	(deficit) Dec. 31, 1992
Ford Foundation Indian Leaders Meet.	2,189					2,189	(2,189)			
Inter-American Emergency Ald Fund	15,508	2,500		650		8,920	(5,770)	9,738	4,081	5,657
Inter-American Children Institute Inter-American Comm. on Human Rights	105,894	338,089) f		134,205	203,884		6,206	
Inter-American Quincentennial Fund	16,539	26,452		4		27,760	(1,308)	15,61	13.341	203.737
Inter-American Statistical Institute	55,112	49,443		4,081		5,817	47,707	116,545	5,869	
Inter-American Music Council	(4,140)		\$ 4,140				4,140			
- A Priority Assistance Halli	840,152		(20,000)	28,637	1,927	75,687	(65,123)	775,029	87,764	687,265
IBM/PADF/OAS Education Program	7,936							7,936		7,936 766
Luis O Cameiro Exposition – Paraguay	99/	4 520 000		14.410		2,600,357	1,934,053	1,934,053	472,646	1,461,407
Observation Electoral Process Feld		1,361,875	20,000	28,828		642,043	768,660	76	52	27
Ohio University 500 Ann. Disc. of America	7,648	2,520				4,808	(2,288)		2,620	2,740
PALCO to Museum	2,363	0			778 00	156 174	(16.549)	2,300,000,000,000	59.767	269.132
Support Offices away of Headquarter	345,448	13,611			+ 10,02	62,338	(56,630)			668'9
SUAF/FEMCIECO to OAS Fellowship Frogram	000.	8,000					8,000			8,000
Xerox - Latinamerican Art Museum	881							881		881
XXI Consult Meeting Ministers	4,600				1		1	4,600	750 304 0	4,600
Subtotal	4,988,594	16,187,998	4,140	251,449	33,278	11,021,244	5,455,621	10,444,213	7,000,07	000,000,1
Designated by OAS:										
A + Damonout Collection	73	2,744				3,064	(320)	(247)		
Art Permanent Collection Columbus Memorial Library	78,373	35,068				8,140	26,928	105,301	3,284	
GSB Cafeteria Operation	272,453					10,846	(10,846)	261,607		⊼ั
IICA - Administrative Tribunal	4,916	16,024				12,412		8,528	1,749	6,7,9
Publications sales	222,167	69,711				43,665	26,046		38,710	
Microffsche sales	40,046	18 008				18,031	197			
Model OAS Public Information	1,504	45,822	(19,869)			2,684	23,269	24,875		.,
OAS Vehicle Academent Fund	1	-	19,869			16,000				
Pental Hall of the Americas	401,532	97,684				108,926	(11,242)	eo	ŧ.	Ø
Audio Visual Materials sales	16,932	8,104				7,131	973	17,905	, C	_
Staff Development Activities	751	6,363				131	6,232		<u>.</u>	6,692
Technical Electoral Mission in Paraguay	030 007	104 198		15 866		1,777	30.687	466,755	39,550	44
Work Related Disabilities Fund	430,066	403 871		15,866		325,657		1,576,501	252,994	-
Subjoida	\$6,471,015	\$ 16	\$ 4,140	\$ 267,315	\$ 33,278	\$ 11,346,901	\$ 5,549,701	\$ 12,020,716	\$ 3,038,371	\$ 8,982,345
Consisting of:	- Attack						l	\$ 12,526,722		\$ 12,526,722
Travel, salary advances and other receivables Accounts payable and other llabilities								24,151 (530,157)		24,151 (530,157) (3,038,374)
Unliquidated obligations								\$ 12,020,716		\$ 8,982,345

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash		From Jai	From January 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992	December 3	1, 1992		Cash	•	Fiind Balance
Donor and Project	Jan. 1, 1992	Contributions	Transfers	R Interest and F	Returns and Refunds	Expenditures	Net Change	Balance Dec. 31, 1992	Unliquidated Obligations	(deficit)
Argentina CIET Argentina CICAP	\$ 84,873	\$ 611,733		\$ 11,599		\$ 187,105	\$ 436,227	\$ 521,100		\$ 511,964
Argentina CIDES Argentina School Dinging December	45,129			5,213		53,678 49,459	50,145 76,600	91,851	16,530	75,321
Argentina – Horizontal Cooperation	529 108,708	1,880,000		43.858		500	(500)	29		24,302
bolivia Parapeti CORDECRUZ Bolivia Technical Cooperation CORDECH	981						60 / 1 pa ' 1	1,970,461 981 461	144,434	1,826,027 981 461
Bolivia Pilcomayo River Basin – Phase II Brazil CODEVASE to bi ANAACE	1,217							1 217		7
Brazil SUDAN	8,689 293,107	9,653				0000	9	8,689	3,700	4,989
Brazii SUDENE to PLANVASF Brazii CODEVASF to PRONI	2,908					2,387	(2,387)	13,687	10,417	3,270
Brazil Reconstruction ALAGOAS	37,650					306,397	(306,397)	266,673	166,558	100,115
Canada CIDA Technical Coop. Unprogrammed	733 5,211	116,749	\$ (50,900)	6,200		400	(400) 72,049	333	0.6'01	333
Canada CIDA Interamerican Customs Canada CIDA Tech Coop Honduras	1,380					406	(406)	974	974	002,
Canada CIDA River Basin Putumayo	50,800		(43,500)			4,512	(48,012)	2,788		2,788
Canada CIDA Envir Protection Amazonas	278,603	304,677	004,40			12,538	81,862	53,943	15,399	38,544
canada CIDA Small Business Development Canada CITEL	105,241					46,365	(46,365)	58,876	88,120 37,817	284,979
Colombia CAR Conservat. Natural Resources	69,027					53 423	(53 403)	130		130
Cille Cienes	359,538	120,486		15,458		121,320	14,624	374,162	10,557 146,089	5,047
Chile CITEL Dominican Republic Public Finance IDB Dominican Republic Tech. Coop. Preinvestment	(12,730) 1,754							(12,730)		(12,730)
Dominican Republic VII I – A Ports Conference	6,444					11,100	(11,100)	13		13
Fortandia – Trifinio II	11,522	4,404		1		10,755	(6,351)	5,171	1,805	6,444 3,365
Guat-Hond-Salv-IICA Trifinio II	60,940	264,088		000'71		274,035 195,816	251,464	743,818	53,246	690,572
ikary resecutionalitications solidy CONSOLIEL	290,738		123,319	5,596		311,253	(182,338)	108,400	40,642	88,370 64,005
Mexico Unprogrammed funds Panama Tourism Development Paramay Tay Administration	,	450,000 176,000		3,786			453,786	453,786		453,786
Paraguay Programming and Budgeting Paraguay Rural Colonies ATS—PAR/IDB/OAS	3,355					1,733	(1,733) (1,927)	1,622	161	1/6,000 1,622 326
Peru Capacitation Model Suriname Van Wouw Canal	1,165 76,139					10,593	(10,593)	1,165	13,300	1,165
U.S. Central America Energy and Food U.S. Hazards Mitigation Latin America II S. TDD Talescommunications	2,548					2,548	(2,548)			1
U.S. Modernization Telecom.Systems U.S. ADD Hazards Support to All Macion	240,268	1,412		\$	(110,898)	17,095 76,037	(17,095)	42,869	294	42,575
U.S. Alb Amazon Environmental Program U.S. Telecom. Develop. Fellow. Program	166,229	61,200 190,000 75,000				208,905 1,559	(147,705)	18,524	8,899 15,576	94,596 9,625 172,865
U.S. Temporary Committe CITEL		5,000					5,000	75,000 5,000		75,000

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash		From Jar	uary 1, 199	From January 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992	31, 1992		Cash		교
Donor and Project	Balance Jan. 1, 1992	Contributions	Transfers	Interest	Returns and Refunds	Expenditures	Net Change	Balance Dec. 31, 1992	Unliquidated Obligations	(deficit) Dec. 31, 1992
in Ho	20,000					14,582	(14,582)	5,418	762	
0.0. 10 CIT EL	1	20,000					20,000	20,000		20,000
U.S Elon Hinging Network Public Transportation	(2,231)					71	(71)	(2,302)		(2,302)
Uniquay Forestry Development Seminary	285							285		
Uniquay Forestry Development Project	1,527	321,273				245,353	75,920	77,447	(-)	
Unique Public Transportation Montevideo	19,984					147,136	1,472	21,456	4,492	_
Venezuela Telecommunication Mobiles	4,067					18,923	(1,115)	2,952		2,952
oloc _ Conter for Drivetization	151					50	(20)	101		101
	2335					2.335	(2.335)			
SIRF - FORMURION AND EVALUATION	2007					465		(465)		(465)
OAT I FILERLY III BOILVIA	1 023					196	(136)	827		827
CAF = Energy In Ecuado!	34.908					741		34,167	4,755	W
	7,635	3.392				2,723	699	8,304		8,304
Development Project Staff Reimbursement	8,896					8,760	(8,760)			136
European Economic Community - Trifinio Grant	11,991					5,916		6,075	•	6,074
IDB - Meeting PISDIC	2,817							2,817		
DB Later American Custome Brooks	96 716	356.210				352,056	4,154	100,870	65,328	35,542
IDD - Met - American Castoms Frogram	108 016					274.059	151,697	279,913		203,453
IDB - National Customis Costa nica	000.00					28,944		(8,744)		-
IDB = Effylloffillefical Stady Olugaay	(17,438)	66,301				30,278		18,585		18,585
CDD/CD/ACON - Cl Cajon Aribonito Haiti	1.881							1,881		1,881
IDD - Folestly Dasili Ambolino I min	2.236							2,236		2,236
PAHO – Parlamentarian Health Meeting	17,683					920	(920)	16,733		16,733
Information Service Foreign Trade — SICE	175,340	1,059,144		22,953		3,003	1,079,094	1,254,434	822	1,253
Inst Coon thero-Americana to CIENES	233							233		233
Hot. Coop. Dolo-Americana Commercial	15.840					15,840	(15,840)			
	7.190					1,028	(1,028)	6,162		
UNDF = Frical Folicy IIN = Diseater Management Training	27.542	158.400				104,660	53,740	81,282	14,802	
UNDER Watershood Colombia – Venezirela	31,000							31,000		31,000
LINEP I a Amistad Costa Rica		75,000					75,000	75,000		75,000
Candi Arabia — Bural Development	2.734							2,734		2,734
Social Affairs Department	4,857					30	(30)	4,827		4,827
Administrative and accounting Support	123,319		(123,319)				Ţ.			
Accounting Support	79,240			38,035		83,471		33,804		
Regional Development Support	80,362			38,035		92,380	(54,345)	26,017	13,934	
	\$ 4,370,119	\$ 7,651,476	\$	\$ 211,719	\$ (110,898)	\$ 3,960,746	\$ 3,791,551	\$ 8,161,670	\$ 1,097,198	\$ 7,064,472
Consisting of:								\$ 8,292,953		\$ 8,292,953
Travel, salary advances and other receivables								276,935		276,935 (408,218)
Accounts payable and other liabilities Unliquidated obligations										(1,097,198)
								\$ 8,161,670		\$ 7,064,472

SPECIAL MULTILATERAL FUND OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE SPECIFIC FUNDS

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OF ASSETS
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		Cash		From Ja	nuary 1, 199	From January 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992	r 31, 1992		Cash		Fund Balance
	Donor and Project	Balance Jan. 1, 1992	Balance Jan. 1, 1992 Contributions	Transfers	Interest	Returns and Refunds	Expenditures	Net Change	Balance Dec. 31, 1992	Unliquidated Obligations	(deficit) Dec. 31, 1992
	Argentina Science Projects Argentina Unprogrammed funds	\$ 135,009	\$ 242,360 17,411	0 -	\$ 4,483		\$ 153,644			\$ 38,167	\$ 190,041
	Canada Education Projects Canada Science Projects	32,688	95,815	10			84,279	11,536		45,478	(1,254)
	Chile Science Projects	30,529					28,528	(28,528)	2,001	2,000	+
	Colombia Unprogrammed funds Colombia Secretariat Projects Colombia Education Projects	55,208	20,675	(64,471) 14,601 49,871			25,899	(43,796) 14,601 23,972	11,412 14,601 23,972	23,903	11,412 14,601 69
	Dominican Republic Education Projects	25,919							25,919		25,919
	Germany Science Projects	102,521	867,802		16,277	\$ 2,564	545,787	340,856	443,377	161,052	282,325
11-64	Mexico Unprogrammed funds—Secretariat Mexico Secretariat Projects Mexico Unprogrammed funds—Education Mexico Education Projects	572,237	297,800	S	21,927		159,822	₩ (4	515 60,312 256,677	39,887	515 20,425 256,677
l.	Mexico Unprogrammed funds—Science Mexico Science Projects			241,596 76,537			11,321 285	85,184 241,596 76,252	85,184 241,596 76,252	16,362	68,822 241,596 41,273
	Paraguay Unprogrammed funds Paraguay Education Projects	46,714		2,776 (2,776)			17,520	2,776 (20,296)	2,776 26,418	2,974	23,444
	U.S. Unprogrammed funds U.S. Education Projects U.S. Science Projects	204,140 60,243 17,641	000'009		18,866		39,244 4,852	18,866 (39,244) 595,148	223,006 20,999 612,789	4,880 11,570	223,006 16,119 601,219
	Venezuela Unprogrammed funds Venezuela Education Projects	197,602	136,995	(243,547) 106,552	8,166		59,682	(98,386) 46,870	99,216 46,870	7,579	99,216 39,291
	Other Education Projects Other Science Projects	81,042 19,141	67,127 21,657				27,550 34,588	39,577 (12,931)	120,619 6,210	95,330	25,289 3,436
	Scientific Monographs Caribbean Basin Scholarship	383,526]		- 1		12,000	(4,470) 28,387	77,625 411,913	6,370	71,255
	Consisting of:	\$ 2,046,255	\$ 2,387,761	\$ (136,994)	\$ 85,517	\$ 2,564	\$ 1,205,001	\$ 1,133,847	\$ 3,180,102	\$ 493,306	\$ 2,686,796
	Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund Travel, salary advances and other recelvables Accounts payable and other llabilities Unliquidated obligations								\$ 3,169,377 10,926 (201)		\$ 3,169,377 10,926 (201)
									\$ 3,180,102	102 13	\$ 2,686,796

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR CULTURE SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

		Cash			Fro	n January	1, 1992	From January 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992	ar 31, 1	992			Cash				Fund Balance	nce
	Donor and Project	Balance Jan. 1, 1992 Contributions	Sontrib		Transfers	rs Interest		Returns and Refunds	Expe	Expenditures	Net Change		Balance Dec. 31, 1992		Unliquidated Obligations		(deflicit) Dec. 31, 1992	992
ш	Brazil Unprogrammed funds	\$ 44,420											€>	44,420		49	44,	44,420
J 0	Chile Unprogrammed funds Chile Cultural Projects	19,295	↔	73,000				\$ (73,200)	₩	574	↔	(774)	•	18,521			1 8.	18,521
•	Colombia Cultural Projects	15,843											•	15,843	, ,	2,469	13,	13,374
	Mexico Unprogrammed funds – Education Mexico Cultural Projects	135,384		26,600 \$		(68,082) \$ 68,082	5,977				90	(35,505) 68,082	0, w	99,879 68,082	41,	41,123	99, 26,	99,879 26,959
_	Uruguay Cultural Projects	177												177				177
	Venezuela – Unprogrammed funds Venezuela Cultural Projects	22,902			27,	(21,955) 21,955				418	9 4	(21,955) 21,537	**	947 21,537		136	21,	947 21,401
	Beca Amalla Fortabat Music friends Miscellaneous records IAME OAS.~Concert – UTAH Chambers plavers	11,385 3,532 (287)		2,506 8,414 107		287				13,015 423 51	E	(10,509) 7,991 394 (51)	·	876 11,523 107 50		111	=	876 11,412 107
		\$ 252,752	€	110,627	60	287 \$	5,977	\$ (73,200)	₩	14,481	6	29,210	\$	281,962	\$ 43,	43,889 \$	238,073	073
•	Consisting of: Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund												⇔	293,932		↔	293,932	932
	Travel, salary advances and other recelvables Accounts payable and other liabilities Unitculdated oblinations												٠	(11,970)			(11,	(11,970) (43,889)
													\$	281,962		⊕	238,073	073

MAR DEL PLATA ACCOUNT SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash		From Ja	nuary 1, 199	From January 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992	131 1992		400		:
Donor and Project	Balance Jan. 1, 1992	Contributions	Transfers	Interest	Returns and Refunds	Expenditures	Net Change	Balance Dec. 31, 1992	Unilquidated Obligations	Fund Balance (deficit) Dec. 31, 1992
Argentina Unprogrammed funds	\$ 95,819	\$ 161,103		\$ 3,181		\$ 55,651	\$ 108,633	\$ 204,452	\$ 80,766	\$ 123,686
Brazil Unprogrammed funds	3,895							3,895		3,895
Colombia – FITOQUIMICA	23,171					1,187	(1,187)	21,984	19,984	2,000
Costa Rica Science projects	1,547							1,547		1,547
Mexico Unprogrammed funds—Secretariat Mexico Secretariat Projects Mexico Unprogrammed funds—Education Mexico Education Projects Mexico Unprogrammed funds—Science Mexico Science Projects	419,993	97,300	\$ (533,462) 11,974 150,045 58,016 224,907 88,520	16,231		4,850	(419,931) 7,124 150,045 58,016 224,907 68,540	62 7,124 150,045 58,016 224,907 68,540	5,846 1,365 3,720	62 1,278 150,045 56,651 224,907 64,820
Venezuela Unprogrammed funds Venezuela Science Projects	161,977	\$ 258,403	(39,585) 39,585 \$	5,179		36,134	(34,406) 3,451	3,451		_
Consisting of: Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund Travel, salary advances and other receivables Accounts navable and other institutes			the state of the s						9 115,230	\$ 72,853
Uniquidated obligations								(1,259)	,-, ,,	(1,259) (112,238) \$ 759,356

SECTION III

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OF THE RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND

The Retirement and Pension Fund of the Organization of American States is administered by the Retirement and Pension Committee. At December 31, 1992, the committee was composed of:

Chairman:

Ambassador Lawrence Chewning Fabrega,

representing the Permanent Council

Vice Chairman:

Mr. Owen B. Lee, representing the Permanent

Council

Member:

Mr. Jose Luis Restrepo, representing the

Secretary General

Alternate:

Mr. Raul Sanguinetti, representing the Secretary

General

Member:

Mr. Patricio Chellew, representing the

participants in the Plan

Alternate:

Mr. Roberto Recalde, representing the

participants in the Plan

Secretary-Treasurer:

Mr. Luis M. Lizondo

(not a member of the Committee)

The jurisdiction of the Board with respect to the external audit of the Fund was clarified by the Department of Legal Affairs of the General Secretariat in 1976 at the request of the Board.

The Board used the services of Ernst & Young to audit the accounts and financial statements of the Fund at December 31, 1992 and 1991 and for the years then ended. That firm's opinion on the statements is included in this report.





Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statements of net assets available for participant benefits of the Retirement and Pension Fund of the General Secretariat of the Organization of American States (the Fund) as of December 31, 1992 and 1991, and the related statements of changes in net assets available for participant benefits for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, information regarding the Fund's net assets available for participant benefits at December 31, 1992, and the changes therein for the year then ended, and the financial status of the Fund at December 31, 1991, and the changes therein for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

April 30, 1993

Ernet & Young

RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR PARTICIPANT BENEFITS

	December 31,			
ASSETS	1992	1991		
Investments, at market				
Short Term Investments	\$ 12,711,416	\$ 12,804,576		
U.S. Govt. And Agency Issues	68,087,718	68,032,799		
Corporate Bonds	29,668,864	35,277,813		
Municipal Bonds	986,101	1,041,318		
Miscellaneous Bonds	3,140,290	1,409,642		
Common Stock	123,873,466	109,066,575		
	238,467,855	227,632,723		
Equity in OAS Treasury Fund	781,275	760,969		
Receivables, principally accrued				
dividends and interest	1,839,873	2,119,035		
	\$ 241,089,003	\$ 230,512,727		
LIABILITIES				
Participant accounts pending liquidation	1,181,548	2,242,088		
Provident Plan participants accounts	1,780,080	2,387,791		
Miscellaneous payables	251,698	89,722		
	3,213,326	4,719,601		
Net assets available for participant benefits	\$ 237,875,677	\$ 225,793,126		

See accompanying notes

RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR PARTICIPANT BENEFITS

	Year ended December 31,		
	1992	1991	
Investment income			
Net unrealized appreciation in value of investments	\$ 698,672	\$ 24,595,874	
Net realized gains on sale of investments	3,282,406	4,294,215	
Interest	8,642,077	9,397,051	
Dividends	2,699,355	2,746,167	
	15,322,510	41,033,307	
Less investment expenses	341,370	326,476	
	14,981,140	40,706,831	
Contributions			
Institutions	6,740,389	6,497,004	
Participants	3,370,918	3,233,129	
	10,111,307	9,730,133	
Increase	25,092,447	50,436,964	
Payments to pensioners	1,708,695	1,724,096	
Liquidations paid to participants (or their beneficiaries)	10,672,133	9,985,585	
Interest credited to Provident Plan accounts	213,714	266,854	
	12,594,542	11,976,535	
Administrative expenses	415,354	383,740	
Decrease	13,009,896	12,360,275	
Net increase	12,082,551	38,076,689	
Net assets available for participant benefits:			
Beginning of year	225,793,126	187,716,437	
End of year	\$ 237,875,677	\$ 225,793,126	

See acompanying notes

RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1992 AND 1991

1. Description of plans

The activity of the Organization of American States Retirement and Pension Fund includes both the Retirement and Pension Plan (Plan) and the Provident Plan. The following brief description of the Plan and the Provident Plan is provided for general information purposes only. The Plan documents should be consulted for detailed information.

General - The Plan is a contributory plan maintained for the benefit of all staff members of the Organization of American States (OAS) and other affiliated agencies. Compulsory contributions are shared 2/3 by the institution and 1/3 by the staff member.

The Provident Plan is also a contributory plan established for the benefit of certain contracted employees. Contributions by the employer and the participant are made in equal amounts, and the balances in the accounts are fully vested in the name of the participants. The total of the accumulated funds in the Provident Plan participants' accounts may only be withdrawn at the time of death, transfer to the Plan, or separation.

<u>Benefits</u> - Amounts included in participants' Plan accounts may only be withdrawn at the time of death, separation or retirement. Should participants in the Plan resign, they are entitled to receive the amount of their personal credits (contributions plus interest) and a percentage of the institutional credit (employer's contributions plus interest) based upon the vesting provisions of the Plan.

The vesting provisions provide that participants with less than four years of participation receive, in addition to 100% of their personal credits, 35% of the institutional credit. Participants with four years of participation receive 40% of the institutional credit. Participants receive an additional 20% of the institutional credit for each additional year in excess of four. They are fully vested in their institutional credits after seven years of contributory participation.

Minimum conditions for retirement are 55 years of age and 15 years of participation in the Plan. Upon retiring, participants in the Plan are entitled to

pensions payable for life. Participants who joined the Plan before January 1, 1982, may elect, instead of the preceding benefit, an ordinary life annuity based on the total sum standing to their credit in their accounts. Alternatively, at their request, the Committee has the power to substitute some other form of benefit of equivalent value.

The Plan provides for minimum pension benefits. The minimum life pension for a participant at age sixty-five, with not less than fifteen years of participation in the Plan, is an annual amount equal to 2% of the average annual pensionable remuneration for the thirty-six consecutive months of highest pensionable remuneration within the last five years of remunerated participation, multiplied by the number of years of participation up to a maximum of thirty, and 1 2/3% additional for every year of participation in excess of thirty but no more than forty. The same method is used to determine the amount of the voluntary retirement pension due to participants who elect that form of retirement which is applicable to participants fifty-five years of age or older but less than sixty-five whose years of participation and age, when added, total not less than eighty-five. Certain reductions are made for retirement at an age less than sixty or participation of less than thirty years when retiring at age less than sixty five, if the participant does not qualify for voluntary retirement. Cost-of-living adjustments to pensions are contemplated in the Plan.

<u>Death benefits</u> - Upon death of a pensioner (or a participant with no less than five years of participation who dies while in active service), the pensioner's surviving spouse, and minor or disabled children, are entitled to a pension, as defined in the Plan. When an active participant dies with less than five years of participation, the surviving spouse and the minor or disabled children, if any, receive the total of the accumulated funds in the participant's account.

<u>Disability benefits</u> - Participants with five or more years of participation in the Plan, whose services are terminated because of physical or mental disability receive annual disability benefits, in the form of a life pension, as defined in the Plan. Participants who have less than five years of participation receive the total of the accumulated funds in their accounts. A participant who joined the Plan before January 1, 1982 may elect to be covered instead by alternative provisions on disability retirement defined in the Plan.

Amendments to the Plan - Effective July 1st, 1990, following recommendations of the Retirement and Pension Committee, the General Assembly of the OAS approved the following changes in the Retirement and Pension Plan:

 A surviving spouse of a present annuitant who retired before January 1, 1982, and who is alive on July 1st, 1990, shall be entitled to an annuity on the same terms as those on which this benefit is applied to a surviving spouse of an annuitant who retired on or after that date.

- Authorized the Retirement and Pension Committee to grant cost-of-living adjustments of up to 3% per annum on annuities, subject to conditions set forth in Resolution AG/RES 1051 (XX-0/90).
- Reduced from 15 to 7 the number of years of participation required for a participant to become entitled to withdraw the entire amount of the institutional credit upon leaving the service, and modified the vesting schedule.
- Increased from 10 to 50% the annuity of unmarried children who are totally and permanently disabled, when both parents are deceased.
- Authorized payment of the respective personal credit to the beneficiaries designated by a participant who dies while in active service with no surviving spouse or children.
- Established an alternative minimum annuity to participants at the lowest salary levels.
- Repealed the rule that the surviving spouse may not continue to receive an annuity if he or she remarries.
- Incorporated the necessary provisions for the Plan to continue to enjoy the status of a "qualified plan".
- Authorized the Retirement and Pension Committee to enter into agreements
 with the boards of retirement plans of other international organizations and
 member state governments to permit the transfer and continuity of pension
 rights and the transfer of funds of participants who leave to work in those
 organizations or governments, or vice versa, as set forth in the amended
 Plan.
- Several other amendments to facilitate the application of the Plan were approved.

2. Income tax status of the Fund

As an international organization, the OAS is exempt from U.S. Federal income taxes and such exemption applies to the Retirement and Pension Fund of the General Secretariat of the OAS.

3. Funding policy

The plans are funded by the General Secretariat, other affiliated agencies and compulsory participants' contributions at fixed percentages of annual pensionable remuneration. A portion of the income earned on the Retirement and Pension Fund's investments is allocated semi-annually to Provident and Plan participants' accounts at rates determined by the Retirement and Pension Committee. The remaining portion, if any, is retained in the Plan's General Reserve for administrative expenses and to ensure continued Plan stability. Interest credited to participants' accounts was 10.5% and 13.25% in 1992 and 1991, respectively. Present participants accumulated contributions were \$60,400,000 and \$55,800,000 at December 31, 1992 and 1991, respectively, including interest credited at rates determined by the Committee, compounded semi-annually.

4. Investments

The Fund's investment portfolio is managed by the State Street Bank of Boston, The Northern Trust Company of Chicago, and Wells Fargo Institutional Trust Company of San Francisco, within the investment policy guidelines established by the Retirement and Pension Committee. The Committee also retains the firm Buck Consultants (Pension Fund Services) as financial advisors.

The State Street Bank manages the domestic equity and bond portfolios, including the Dedicated Bond Portfolio. The Northern Trust Company manages the short-term investment portfolio. The Wells Fargo Institutional Trust Company manages and acts as custodian of the international equity portfolio. The Northern Trust Company is the custodian of all remaining investments of the Fund, except for the funds in the Treasury Account of the General Secretariat of the OAS.

The above mentioned firm Buck Consultants also performs the monitoring of the investment managers and investment returns to assure compliance with the Committee's established policies. Quarterly reports are presented by Buck Consultants to the Committee.

The classification of investments in terms of portfolios and financial instruments allows the matrix presentation that follows:

PORTFOLIOS 1991

FINANCIAL CATEGORIES	SHORT TERM	FIXED TERM	DOMESTIC EQUITIES	INTL. EQUITY	DEDICATED	TOTAL
SHORT TERM INVESTMENT	\$ 6,805,710	\$ 4,860,206	\$ 333,910	\$ 12,953	\$ 791,797	\$12,804,576
U.S.GOVERNMENT AND AGENCY ISSUES	23,012,195	31,923,809			13,096,795	68,032,799
CORPORATE BONDS	6,700,400	28,577,413				35,277,813
MUNICIPALITIES BONDS		1,041,318				1,041,318
MISCELLANEOUS BONDS		1,409,642				1,409,642
COMMON STOCK		CANCELLE STATE OF THE STATE OF	93,092,495	\$15,974,080		109,066,575
TOTAL	\$36,518,305	\$67,812,388	\$93,426,405	\$15,987,033	\$13,888,592	\$227,632,723

PORTFOLIOS 1992

FINANCIAL CATEGORIES	SHORT TERM	FIXED TER	DOMESTIC M EQUITIES	INTL. EQUITY	DEDICATED	TOTAL
SHORT TERM INVESTMENT	\$ 7,576,650	\$ 4,531,776	\$ 569,711		\$ 33,279	\$12,711,416
U.S. GOVERNMENT AND AGENCY ISSUES	17,078,237	37,278,409			13,731,072	68,087,718
CORPORATE BONDS	7,214,610	22,454,254				29,668,864
MUNICIPALITIES BONDS		986,101				986,101
MISCELLANEOUS BONDS		3,140,290				3,140,290
COMMON STOCK			104,670,169	19,203,298		123,873,466
TOTAL	\$31,869,497	\$68,390,830	\$105,239,880	\$19,203,298	\$13,764,350	\$238,467,855

These tables facilitate the understanding of the composition and nature of the investment structure of the Fund. Also, the listing of investment assets in the Statement of Net Assets available for Participant Benefits follows the classification by financial instruments in full compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

5. <u>Investment valuation</u>

Common stocks and bonds are valued at fair market value measured by the quoted price of the active market on which the security is traded as of the latest trade date prior to year end.

Any asset not traded on an active market such as thinly traded issues are valued by either obtaining a price from their issuer, a reputable private dealer, or from pricing specialists. Quoted prices in active markets or prices otherwise determined are provided by The Northern Trust Company. Investments for which fair values were determined by means other than a quoted price in an active market and net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the years ended December 31, 1992 and 1991, are as follows:

DECEMBER 31, 1992
Net Unrealized Appreciation (depreciation)

	Quoted Price on Active Market		Otherwise Determined		Total	
Short Term Investment	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Common stocks	3,061	1,508	124	,746	3	3,186,254
United States Government Obligations	(1,350),801)	10	,702	(1	,340,099)
Corporate bonds	(1,196	5,102)	69	,088	(1	,127,014)
Municipalities bonds	(20),469)		_		(20,469)
	\$ 494	1,136	\$ 204	,536	\$	698,672

DECEMBER 31, 1991
Net Unrealized Appreciation (depreciation)

	Quoted Price on Active Market	Otherwise Determined	Total	
Short Term Investment	\$ (316,198)	\$ -	\$ (316,198)	
Common stocks	19,299,505	454,013	19,753,518	
United States Government Obligations	3,300,139	143,196	3,443,335	
Corporate bonds	1,067,511	523,234	1,590,745	
Municipalities bonds	124,474	-	124,474	
	\$23,475,431	\$1,120,443	\$24,595,874	

6. Plan termination

If the Plan is terminated, every participant, regardless of length of participation, is entitled to all the contributions credited to his or her account and the increment thereon.

Except to correct any actuarial errors, no part of the contributions to the Fund made by the General Secretariat of the OAS or any other affiliated institution, or of the increment thereon, shall revert to the general funds of the institutions or be used for any other purpose than the exclusive benefit of the participants or their beneficiaries.

7. Actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits

Accumulated plan benefits are those future periodic payments, including lump-sum distributions, that are attributable under the Plan's provisions to the participants or their beneficiaries. The actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits is determined by the consulting actuaries, George B. Buck Consulting Actuaries, Inc.

The significant assumptions used in the valuation as of December 31, 1991, the date of the most recent in-depth valuation, were (a) life expectancy of participants (United Nations Mortality Tables - males 1990 table and female 1982 table); (b) retirement assumptions (assumed 1.3% - 26.4% for ages 55-64 with 7 or more years of participation or immediately if older than 64); (c) investment return (an assumed annual rate of return of 9%, of which 6% assumed credited semi-annually to retirement accounts); (d) retirement benefit elections (the 1991 valuation assumed 20% of participants prior to January 1, 1982, and 100% of subsequent participants elect pensions upon retirement with all such individuals commuting 1/3 of their benefits, the remaining assumed to elect full commutation); (e) cost-of-living adjustments to pensions (the 1991 valuation assumes that all cost-of-living granted to prospective pensioners will be funded directly by the Plan, but that the cost-of-living paid to current pensioners will be funded by the Plan only starting in 1996; (f) pensionable salary increases of 5% in 1992, 10% in 1993, and 5% in 1994 and thereafter; and (g) administrative expenses of 0.4%.

In addition, the 1991 study assumes that the participating population would remain level at 800 with new entrants assumed to have the age characteristics of new entrants since 1988. The foregoing actuarial assumptions are based on the presumption that the Plan will continue. Were the Plan to terminate, different actuarial assumptions and other factors might be applicable in determining the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits.

The actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits, and benefit information for December 31, 1990, 1991 and 1992 are shown in the following table:

	DECEMBER 31		
	1990	1991	1992
		(US \$1,000)	
ACTUARIAL PRESENT VALUE OF ACCUMULATED PLAN BENEFITS			
Vested Benefits Participants Pensioners	\$ 98,057 <u>28,407</u>	\$ 120,337 	\$135,691
Total vested benefits Non vested benefits	126,464 <u>2,079</u>	148,710 2,932	164,121 3,308
Total actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits	<u>\$128,543</u>	<u>\$151,642</u>	<u>\$167,429</u>

The reconciliation shown below sets forth the reasons for the increase in the total actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits between December 31, 1991 and December 31, 1992:

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31		
	1991	1992	
	(US	\$1,000)	
Total actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits at beginning of the year	\$128,543	\$151,642	
Increase (decrease) attributable to: Interest earned on accumulated Plan			
benefits	11,569	13,648	
Benefits paid	(12,093)	(9,602)	
Benefits accumulated	16,907	11,741	
Assumption changes	6,716	***	
Total actuarial present value of Accumulated Plan benefits at end of			
the year	<u>\$151,642</u>	<u>\$167,429</u>	

8. Equity in the OAS Treasury Fund

All United States dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the General Secretariat of the OAS are consolidated in the Treasury Fund, in which the Retirement and Pension Fund maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat. Amounts not immediately required for operations are invested by the Treasury Fund and income earned thereon is added to the equity of the Retirement and Pension Fund in proportion to its equity balance.



SECTION IV

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OF THE ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND AND

THE LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND

WITH

REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

SECTION IV ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND AND LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND

The Rowe Funds are trust funds established from monies made available by Dr. Leo S. Rowe, former Director General of the Pan American Union, the predecessor of the General Secretariat, and are administered within the General Secretariat by special committees.

Ernst & Young has audited the accompanying financial statements of these trust funds and their opinion on the statements of each fund is included in this report.

Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund

The Fund is administered by the Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund Committee. The Committee is composed of five <u>ex-officio</u> members who are officers of the General Secretariat.

Beginning in 1931, the assets of the Fund have been accumulated principally by contributions received from Dr. Rowe during his lifetime and are held in trust to provide certain benefits to staff members of the General Secretariat.

Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund

The Fund is administered by the Committee of the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund. The Committee is composed of representatives from four OAS member states, elected by representatives to the Permanent Council for a four year term and with the Secretary General of the OAS as a permanent member.

The Fund was established in 1948 as a trust in accordance with the will of Dr. Rowe. Its purpose is to provide loans to students from member states other than residents and citizens of the United States and to make loans to OAS staff members for educational purposes or in emergency situations.



ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992 AND 1991 WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statements of assets and fund balance of the Rowe Memorial Benefit (the Fund) as of December 31, 1992 and 1991, and the related statements of income, expenses, and changes in fund balance for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund at December 31, 1992 and 1991, and the results of its operations and changes in fund balance for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

April 23, 1993

Ernst & Young

ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCE

	December 31,	
	1992	1991
Assets and Fund Balance		
Equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 2)	\$ 18,017	\$ 18,001
Investments at cost (approximate market value of \$167,000 and \$158,000 at December 31, 1992 and		
1991, respectively)	157,063	137,154
Total assets and fund balance	\$ 175,080	\$ 155,155

STATEMENT OF INCOME, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Year ended December 31,	
	1992	1991
Income	•	
Dividends and interest	\$ 6,637	\$ 6,945
Capital gain distributions from mutual funds	13,272	11,889
Income from OAS Treasury Fund (Note 2)	716	450
•	20,625	19,284
Expenses		
Awards and other benefits (Note 1)	700	7,400
Net Increase during the year	19,925	11,884
Fund balance, beginning of year	155,155	143,271
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 175,080	\$ 155,155
•		

ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1992 AND 1991

1. Organization and Financing

The assets of the Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund (Fund) have been accumulated principally from contributions received from Dr. Leo S. Rowe, a former Director General of Pan American Union. These assets are held in trust to provide certain welfare benefits for employees of the OAS. Administrative functions of the Fund are provided without charge by the General Secretariat of the OAS. No amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements relating to the use of services and facilities provided to the Fund as no objective basis is available to measure the value of such contributions.

2. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the Treasury Fund. Each fund administered by the General Secretariat maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Income earned by the Treasury Fund is added to the equity of each fund in proportion to its balance.

3. <u>Investments</u>

Investments are presented in the financial statements in the aggregate of the lower of cost or market value as determined by the latest available published or brokers' prices. At December 31, 1992 and 1991, gross unrealized gains pertaining to investments were \$10,611 and \$21,030 and gross unrealized losses were \$1,063 and \$260 respectively.

LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992 AND 1991 WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS





Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

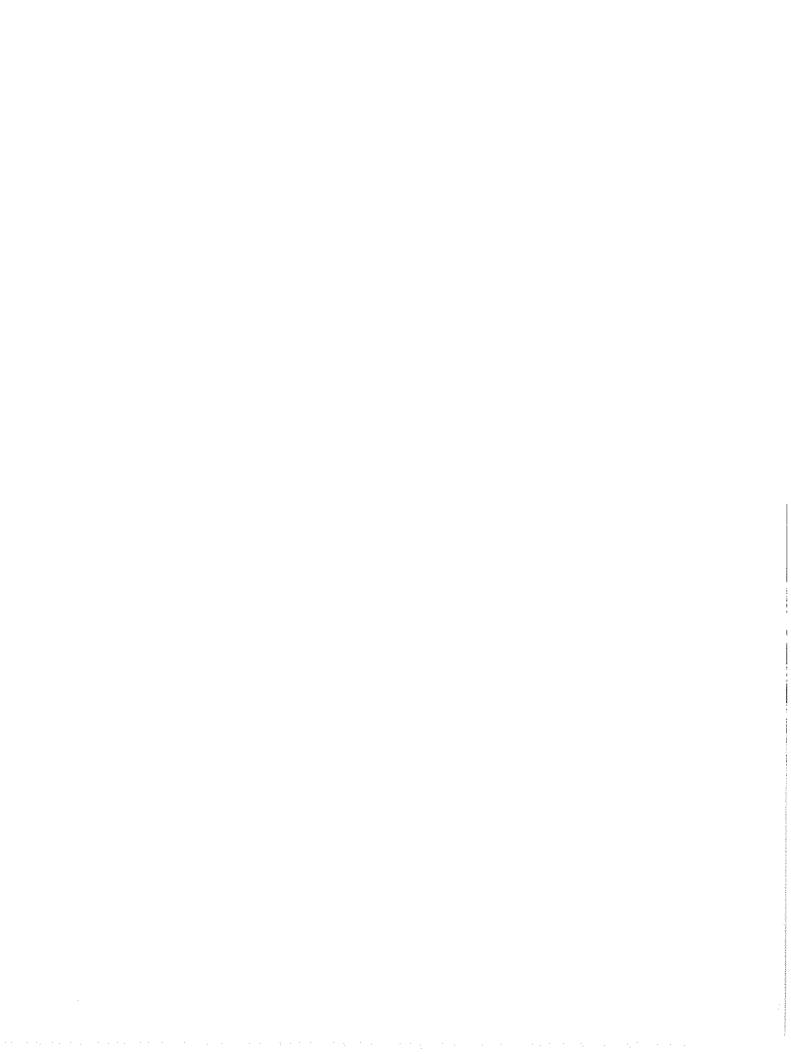
We have audited the accompanying statements of assets, liabilities and fund balances of the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund (the Fund) as of December 31, 1992 and 1991, and the related statements of income, expenses and changes in operating account fund balance for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund at December 31, 1992 and 1991, and the results of its operations and changes in operating account fund balance for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

April 23, 1993

Ernst & Young



LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

	December 31,	
<u>ASSETS</u>	1992	1991
Equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 2)	\$ 99,232	\$ 137,914
Investments at cost (approximate market value at December 31, 1992, and 1991, respectively shown in parentheses)		
Equity investments and related mutual funds (\$1,751,000 and \$1,821,000)	1,394,210	1,318,301
Fixed income securities and related mutual funds (\$4,907,000 and \$4,769,000)	4,743,841	4,565,915
	6,237,283	6,022,130
Loans receivable (Note 3) Students		
Installments not yet due	780,738	583,243
Installments past due	179,036	163,994
Allowance for uncollectible loans	(93,525)	(86,917)
	866,249	660,320
Employees of the Organization of American States	356,911	207,406
	1,223,160	867,726
	\$7,460,443	\$6,889,856
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Miscellaneous payable	\$ 73,000	\$ 75,082
Fund balances		
Capital account (Note 1)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Operating account	6,387,443	5,814,774
	\$7,460,443	\$6,889,856

LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND STATEMENT OF INCOME, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN OPERATING ACCOUNT FUND BALANCE

	Year ended	d December 31,
	1992	1991
Income		
Dividend and interest income	\$ 355,932	\$ 366,832
Capital gains distributions from mutual funds	257,508	-
Gain on sale of investments	20,395	
Miscellaneous income	24,442	26,575
	658,277	393,407
Expenses		
Increase in allowance for uncollectible loans (Note 3)	6,608	2,375
Investment management and custodian fees	15,000	15,000
Administrative expenses (Note 4)	20,000	20,000
Loss on sale of investments	Mikey	13,830
Other expenses	44,000	29,800
	85,608	81,005
Net increase during year	572,669	312,402
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,814,774	5,502,372
Fund balance, end of year	\$6,387,443	\$5,814,774

LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1992 AND 1991

1. Organization and Financing

The Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund (Fund), a charitable trust, was established in 1948 by the Governing Board of the General Secretariat of the Pan American Union (PAU) in accordance with the will of Dr. Leo S. Rowe, a former Director General of the Pan American Union. The purpose of the Fund is to provide loans to students from member states, who desire to study at colleges in the United States and to provide education and emergency loans to employees of the OAS. Although the assets of the capital account and the operating account are not segregated, the assets of the capital account (\$1,000,000) are regarded as being comprised of investments held by the Fund and, to that extent, are not considered to be available for the purpose of granting loans.

2. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the Treasury Fund. Each fund administered by the General Secretariat maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Income earned by the Treasury Fund is added to the equity of each fund in proportion to its balance.

3. Loan Status

Non-interest bearing loans are granted to students, payable on various terms not to exceed five years from the termination of the studies for which the loans are granted. The Committee of the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund (Committee) has extended the repayment dates for certain loans.

The activity in the allowance for uncollectible loans was as follows:

	1992	1991	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 86,917	\$ 84,542	
Provision for uncollectible loans	6,608	2.375	
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 93,525</u>	<u> </u>	

In the opinion of the Committee, the allowance of \$93,525 at December 31, 1992 is sufficient to provide for losses that may be incurred upon the ultimate realization of these loans.

During 1992 and 1991 the Fund disbursed new student loans aggregating approximately \$372,000 and \$182,000, respectively. The Fund received loan repayments of approximately \$160,000 and \$145,000 in 1992 and 1991, respectively.

New loans to employees for educational purposes or in emergency situations aggregated \$172,000 and \$76,000 in 1992 and 1991 respectively. The Fund received loan repayments of approximately \$44,000 and \$41,000 in 1992 and 1991 respectively. The interest rate on new employee loans granted in 1992 was 7.5%. Interest rates on outstanding loans granted in prior years varied from 10% to 12%.

4. Administrative Expenses

The Committee authorized payments of \$20,000 in both 1992 and 1991 to the General Secretariat of the OAS as a reimbursement for a portion of costs incurred in the administration of the Fund. The accompanying financial statements include approximately \$24,000 in other expenses related to the services of a contract employee in 1992 (\$22,800 in 1991). No additional amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements relating to the use of services and facilities provided to the Fund by the General Secretariat as no objective basis is currently available to measure the value of such contribution.

5. <u>Investments</u>

Investments are presented in the financial statements in the aggregate of the lower of cost or market value as determined by the latest available published or brokers' prices. At December 31, 1992 and 1991, gross unrealized gains pertaining to investments were \$539,013 and \$717,097, and gross unrealized losses were \$19,416 and \$11,563 respectively.



SECTION V FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statements of assets, liabilities, and fund balance of the Inter-American Defense Board (the Board) as of December 31, 1992 and 1991, and the related statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund balance, and changes in financial position for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 4, the Board relies upon the Organization of American States (the OAS) for funding a significant portion of its operating activities and is dependent upon the continued financial support of the OAS, or its ability to obtain alternative sources of funding. Board funding received from the OAS in 1992 was 5% less than that received in 1991; and 1993 appropriations in support of the Board's general purpose funding have been further reduced by approximately 5% from the 1992 level.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Inter-American Defense Board at December 31, 1992 and 1991, and the results of its operations and changes in financial position for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

April 19, 1993

Ernst & Young

INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCE

	December 31,		
	1992	1991	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses and other assets	\$ 617,030 48,777	\$ 784,176 41,210	
Total current assets	665,807	825,386	
Property and equipment, at cost: Furniture and equipment (Note 5) Vehicles	541,512 11,891 553,403	535,146 11,891 547,037	
Less accumulated depreciation	336,490	270,045	
Net property and equipment	216,913	276,992	
Total assets	\$ 882,720	\$1,102,378	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued leave (Note 2) Total current liabilities	\$ 29,564 244,239 273,803	\$ 70,793 223,367 294,160	
	609.047	909 049	
Unrestricted fund balance	608,917	808,218	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 882,720 =======	\$1,102,378	

INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Year ended December 31,		
Revenue:	1992	1991	
Funding received from the Organization of American States (Note 4)	\$2,335,700	\$2,458,700	
Interest and other income	30,630	54,212	
Total revenue	2,366,330	2,512,912	
Expenses:			
Personnel expenses	2,112,372	2,055,564	
Building and maintenance	86,907	83,004	
Building renovation	936	57,535	
Equipment and supplies	96,518	136,761	
Other general and administrative costs	94,660	153,011	
Travel	35,258	28,382	
Depreciation	66,446	79,629	
Printing and reproduction	42,382	30,726	
Contracts	30,152	26,113	
Total expenses	2,565,631	2,650,725	
Deficit of revenue over expenses before disposal of equipment	(199,301)	(137,813)	
Loss on disposal of equipment (Note 5)		(10,497)	
Deficit of revenue over expenses	(199,301)	(148,310)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	808,218	956,528	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 608,917	\$ 808,218	

INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

Year ended December 31,	
1992	1991
20,872	\$ -
	32,797
66,446	79,629
87,318	112,426
199,301	137,813
7,567	14,636
41,230	- Carrier
	4,318
6,366	89,477
254,464	246,244
(167,146)	(133,818)
784,176	917,994
\$ 617,030	\$ 784,176
	1992 20,872 - 66,446 87,318 199,301 7,567 41,230 - 6,366 254,464 (167,146) 784,176

INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1992 AND 1991

1. <u>Organization</u>

The Inter-American Defense Board (the Board) was established on March 30, 1942 and was designated, by executive order, as a public international organization on March 26, 1951. The Board is comprised of military officers representing the highest echelons of their nations' defense establishments. Its mission is to maintain the collective self-defense of the Western Hemisphere with peace and security as primary objectives.

The Inter-American Defense College was established in 1962 as a suborganization of the Board. Its primary goal is the preparation of future military and civilian leaders for their role in hemispheric security.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of presentation</u> - The accompanying financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Depreciation</u> - Depreciation expense is recognized using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives as follows: Furniture and equipment - 5 to 10 years, and vehicles - 5 years.

<u>In-Kind Contributions</u> - Significant contributions are received by the Board from the Organization of American States (OAS) and member countries in the form of use of facilities, services of military personnel and air transportation. No amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements relating to the use of such facilities or services inasmuch as the Board deems it impractical to measure the value of such contributions.

Employee benefits - The Board provides certain benefits to its employees, which accrue to them during periods of employment and are payable upon separation. All employees are entitled to accrued vacation; certain other employees receive terminal pay, merit awards and special leave. The payments made during 1992 and 1991 for these benefits amounted to approximately \$10,000 and \$34,000, respectively.

<u>Income taxes</u> - The Board is a public international organization, and as such is exempt from paying income tax.

3. Pension Plan

Substantially all of the employees of the Board participate in a defined benefit multi-employer pension plan (Plan) administered by the Retirement and Pension Committee of the Organization of American States. Contributions to the Plan by the Board and employees are based on fixed percentages of annual pensionable salaries. Pension expense aggregated approximately \$272,000 and \$258,000 in 1992 and 1991, respectively.

4. **Funding**

The Inter-American Defense Board is an affiliated agency of the OAS, and as such receives a substantial portion of its funding through OAS appropriations. The managements of the two organizations, however, function independently.

Funding received from the OAS in the form of direct cash contributions decreased from \$2,458,700 in 1991 to \$2,335,700 in 1992. Contributions for 1993 are currently appropriated by the OAS to be \$2,218,900. The Board relies upon the OAS for funding a significant portion of its operating activities and is dependent upon the continued financial support of the OAS, or its ability to obtain alternative sources of funding.

The headquarters of the Board is a building owned by the General Secretariat of the OAS. Expenditures incurred for building renovation and improvements are not capitalized by the Board since the building is owned by the OAS. Building renovations and improvements incurred and expended by the Board during 1992 and 1991 were \$946 and \$57,535 respectively.

5. Furniture & Equipment

During 1991, a physical inventory of all assets maintained at both the Board's and the Inter-American Defense College's Headquarters locations was performed, and the fixed asset records were appropriately updated. As a result, fixed assets with a historical cost totalling approximately \$176,000 were removed from the fixed asset records. Related accumulated depreciation of \$165,500 was also written off.

During 1992, there were \$6,366 of new additions to fixed assets and no disposals.

6. Contingency

In 1985, the General Secretariat contracted for the renovation of the building occupied by the Board, as well as for the construction of a separate annex. Two years into the renovation, the General Secretariat terminated the contract, citing breach of duties by the builder. The construction was never completed by the builder, and additional contractors were hired by the Board to complete the job. In 1989, the builder filed a claim for unpaid costs and elected the arbitration clause contained in the contract with the General Secretariat to settle the claim. In January 1992, the Arbitral Tribunal Panel denied the builder's claim against the General Secretariat, and ruled in favor of the counterclaim presented by the General Secretariat. The builder subsequently filed suit in the District of Columbia courts seeking to overturn the tribunal's decision. In the opinion of management and the General Secretariat counsel, the possibility of the builder prevailing is remote.

The General Secretariat has requested the Board to pay its share of the costs of the arbitration, estimated to be approximately \$100,000 from its operating funds. As of December 31, 1992, the Board has remitted this entire amount to the General Secretariat.

SECTION VI

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FUND FOR THE INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS



Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance of the Fund for the International Commission of Support and Verification of the Organization of American States (the Fund), pursuant to the agreements between the Organization of American States (the OAS), the United States Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development (the Agreements), as of December 31, 1992, and the related statement of activity and changes in fund balance for the period from February 27, 1990 (inception) to December 31, 1992. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 2, the financial statements of the fund have been prepared on the basis of accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization of American States (which include the applicable financially-oriented General Standards adopted by the General Assembly of the OAS) which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund at December 31, 1992, and its activity and changes in fund balance for the period from February 27, 1990 (inception) to December 31, 1992 on the basis of accounting described in Note 2.

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As explained in Note 1, the financial statements being presented are only for the fund referred to above, which was established by the Organization of American States to account for the assets, liabilities and fund balance and the support, revenues and expenses of the Fund pursuant to the Agreements.

May 11, 1993

Ernst & Young

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INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 1992

ASSETS

Equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 3) Other assets	\$ 1,636,083 6,134
	\$ 1,642,217 ————————————————————————————————————
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Unliquidated obligations (Note 2) Accounts payable Fund balance	\$ 1,008,811 68,192 565,214 \$ 1,642,217

See accompanying notes

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITY AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FROM INCEPTION (FEBRUARY 27, 1990) TO DECEMBER 31, 1992

	Feb. 27, 1990 (Inception) to Dec.31 199	to Dec. 31,	_TOTAL
Increases	10 00007 700	1 1002	IOTAL
Contributions			
United States - State Department	\$ 39,100,000	\$ 5,300,000	P 44 400 000
United States – AID	1,376,790		\$ 44,400,000
Venezuela		25,000	1,401,790
Republic of Cyprus	10,000 2,000		10,000
European Economic Community (EEC)	294,670	644,695	2,000
Italy	204,070	91,875	939,365
Fund Vasco			91,875
HUPRIN		34,244	34,244
	554.007	10,263	10,263
OAS Treasury Fund income Miscellaneous	551,267	28,066	579,333
wiscellarieous	1,348	30,698	32,046
	41,336,075	6,164,841	47,500,916
Decreases			
Obligations and Expenditures			
Operational Costs	8,138,050	2,821,245	10,959,295
Transportation	2,892,649	218,443	3,111,092
Food	10,216,525	23,446	10,239,971
Clothing	1,206,923		1,206,923
Kitchen Utensils	422,455		422,455
Personal Hygiene	232,355		232,355
Construction Material and Tools	4,369,353	4,720	4,374,073
Agricultural Tools	2,125,572		2,125,572
Negotiation, Land Survey other	207,561	29,000	236,561
Special Reconstruction Projects Cash to Demobilized	3,117,476	596,557	3,714,033
Nicaraguan Repatriation Institute	976,357 822,077	460 000	976,357
Phase II Distribution and Delivery	405,216	469,823	1,291,900
Pan-American Health Organization	2,433,000		405,216 2,433,000
Resettlement of Disabled	2,690,112	580,029	3,270,141
Atlantic Coast Agriculture	935,241	64,759	1,000,000
Emergency Medical Assistance	189,571	28,540	218,111
Rights and Warranties Seminar	,	39,580	39,580
National Network for Justice		79,946	79,946
Humanitarian Assistance		11,085	11,085
Others	3,900	8,100	12,000
EEC activities	126,550	0,100	126,550
EEC Commercialization of Grain	165,675	107,216	272,891
EEC Reinforce Miskut Radio	5,000	5,325	10,325
Fund Vasco Construction Houses	-,	34,244	34,244
HUPRIN Construction Houses		10,263	10,263
Italy Disarmament of Civilians		91,875	
taly bloatmatton of ownalls			91,875
	41,681,618	5,224,196	46,905,814
Interest due to contributor - AID	29,888		29,888
	41,711,506	5,224,196	46,935,702
Fund (deficit) balance at beginning of period	, ,	(375,431)	, , ,
Fund (deficit) balance at end of period	\$ (375,431)		ф <u>гог о</u> г г
rana (denote) balance at end of pendo	\$ (375,431)	\$ 565,214	\$ 565,214

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1992

1. <u>Organization</u>

On August 7, 1989, the five Central American Presidents met in Tela, Honduras, and entered into what is commonly known as the Tela Agreement (Agreement).

The Agreement provides for the demobilization and voluntary repatriation or relocation into Nicaragua and third countries of members of the former Nicaraguan Resistance and their families. The agreement also provided for the assistance to persons involved in combat operation in the countries of the region at their voluntary request. On September 6, 1989, the Tela agreement further established the International Commission of Support and Verification (CIAV) to execute and fulfill the objectives of the agreement. This commission is composed of the Secretaries General of the United Nations (CIAV/UN) and of the Organization of American States (CIAV/OAS).

In general, CIAV/UN is responsible for the activities conducted outside of Nicaragua, whereas CIAV/OAS is responsible for activities within Nicaragua.

The Secretary General of the OAS established an OAS International Commission of Support and Verification (The Fund) to account for the proceeds and disbursements pursuant CIAV's activities.

The first funding of CIAV/OAS was provided by the United States Government in March 1990.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the OAS (Rules) and, accordingly, are presented for a two year (Biennium) reporting period. The Rules provide the basis for the accounting principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Rules were adopted to meet budgetary and other requirements of the OAS and, as such, result in accounting principles which vary in certain material respects from generally accepted accounting principles. The significant deviation from generally accepted accounting principles is as follows:

Unliquidated obligations include amounts related to commitments resulting from offers made by the Fund to vendors to disburse monies for the procurement of goods or services in future periods. This amount does not represent liabilities to unrelated third party commitments at December 31, 1992. It represents amounts anticipated to be expended in the subsequent year in the completion of the project.

3. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the OAS Treasury Fund. Each fund administered by the General Secretariat maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The OAS Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat, and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Subject to certain conditions, income earned by the OAS Treasury Fund is added to the equity of each fund in proportion to its balance.

4. <u>Funding</u>

The Government of the United States has contributed to CIAV/OAS a total of \$45,801,790 from the inception of the mission to December 31, 1992. In addition, CIAV/OAS received contributions from the Governments of: Italy \$91,875, Venezuela \$10,000, Cyprus \$2,000, from the European Community Commission \$939,365, and from other sources in the amount of \$44,507.

5. Status of the Commission

CIAV/OAS is headquartered in Managua, Nicaragua and its activities include a number of stages: demobilization, repatriation and monitoring of guaranteed human and civil rights, programs for development areas, and assistance to members of the Resistance and their families.

6. <u>Administrative Support</u>

The General Secretariat of the OAS has provided non-reimbursable administrative support in the form of personnel, communication and office space to CIAV/OAS.

SECTION VII

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FUNDS FOR THE UNIT FOR THE PROMOTION OF DEMOCRACY

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS



Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance of the activities of the Unit for the Promotion of Democracy of the Organization of American States (the Unit) as of December 31, 1992, and the related combining statement of activity and changes in fund balance for the period from inception (with respect to each restricted fund therein) to December 31, 1992. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Unit's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 2, the financial statements of the activities of the Unit have been prepared on the basis of accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization of American States (which include the applicable financially-oriented General Standards adopted by the General Assembly of the Organization of American States) which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the Unit's assets, liabilities, and fund balance at December 31, 1992, and the combining activity and changes in fund balances for the periods referred to above on the basis of accounting described in Note 2.

As explained in Note 1, the financial statements being presented are only for the funds referred to above, which was established by the Organization of American States to account for the assets, liabilities and fund balances and the support, revenues and expenses of activities of the Unit for the Promotion of Democracy.

May 11, 1993

Ernst & Young

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UNIT FOR THE PROMOTION OF DEMOCRACY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1992

ASSETS

Equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 3) Other assets	\$ 2,761,934 11,706
	\$ 2,773,640
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Unliquidated obligations (Note 2) Accounts payable	\$1,016,181 18,194
Fund balance	1,739,265
	\$2,773,640

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITY AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1992

	PROMOTION	INTERNAT.			
	DEMOCRACY	CIVILIAN	ELECTORAL		
	AND PEACE	PRESENCE	OBSERVATION	DEMOCRATIC	
	SURINAME	HAITI	PERU	INITIATIVES	COMBINED
Increases Contributions:					
United States		\$1,000,000	•	\$ 200,000	\$ 4,700,000
Argentina			20,000		20,000
Japan			1,000,000		1,000,000
Germany		70,000			70,000
Italy		91,875			91,875
Netherlands	\$ 263,603				263,603
Venezuela	5,000				5,000
OAS Treasury Fund income		28,828	14,410		43,238
	268,603	1,190,703	4,534,410	200,000	6,193,716
Decreases					
Obligations and Expenditures:					
Travel	105,381	180,718	1,583,107		1,869,206
Equipment and Supplies	57,837	220,759	310,994		589,590
Contracts	25,200	529,821	186,212		741,233
Other	24,086	237,646	992,690		1,254,422
	212,504	1,168,944	3,073,003		4,454,451
Fund balance at end of period	\$ 56,099	\$ 21,759	\$1,461,407	\$ 200,000	\$1,739,265

See accompanying notes

UNIT FOR THE PROMOTION OF DEMOCRACY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1992

1. Organization

In Resolution AG/RES.1063/90, the General Assembly requested the Secretary General to establish within the General Secretariat a Unit for the Promotion of Democracy. On October 15, 1990, the Secretary General by Executive Order 90-3 created the Unit for the Promotion of Democracy, assigning the following functions:

Develop standards and procedures for organizing electoral observation missions

Plan and coordinate electoral observer missions

Develop inventories and data banks of individuals and institutions specializing in political studies on democratic systems and institutions as well as human and material resources for carrying out missions, training, and other activities

Coordinate with other multilateral organizations, and governments and private institutions activities, and missions concerned with democratic development

Plan, and coordinate courses, seminars, and training programs to facilitate exchange of information and expertise in order to strengthen political institutions and democratic procedures in member states

The Secretary General established various OAS funds (the funds) to account for the proceeds and disbursements pursuant to the activities coordinated by the Unit for the Promotion of Democracy.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the OAS (Rules). The Rules provide the basis for the accounting principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Rules were adopted to meet budgetary and

other requirements of the OAS and, as such, result in accounting principles which vary in certain material respects from generally accepted accounting principles. The significant deviation from generally accepted accounting principles is as follows:

Unliquidated obligations include amounts related to commitments resulting from offers made by the Funds to vendors to disburse monies for the procurement of goods or services in future periods. This amount does not represent liabilities to unrelated third party commitments at December 31, 1992. It represents amounts anticipated to be expended in the subsequent year in the completion of the project.

3. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the OAS Treasury Fund. Each fund administered by the General Secretariat maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The OAS Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat, and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Subject to certain conditions, income earned by the OAS Treasury Fund is added to the equity of each fund in proportion to its balance.

4. Status of Missions

HAITI

At the Ad Hoc meeting of Ministers of Foreign Affairs held on October 2, 1991, it was resolved to establish an OAS civilian mission entrusted to facilitate reestablishment and strengthening of the democratic institutions in Haiti. To this end, financing from Member States and Permanent Observers totaling \$1,161,875 was received during the year ended December 31, 1992. In addition there were in-kind contributions by other countries such as an aircraft by Argentina, Canada, Colombia, Chile and Venezuela. The Civilian Mission has been further expanded during 1993, for which the United States Department of State has provided an additional \$5,000.000.

PERU

On May 18, 1992, the President of Peru made a commitment to the OAS XXII General Assembly in Bahamas to hold elections for the Constituent Assembly. In subsequent meetings held by the Ministers of Foreign Affairs, the General Secretariat was requested to observe the electoral process leading to the elections which took place on November 22, 1992.

SURINAME

The Special Mission to Suriname was established by agreement between the General Secretariat of the Organization of American States and the Government of the Republic of Suriname. The agreement specifies a presence of the mission in that country for a period of two years during which it will assist in formalizing and safeguarding a durable peace between the Government of Suriname, the Jungle Commando and Tucajan Amazons, and in further strengthening the national institutions within the framework of democratic institutions in Suriname.

DEMOCRATIC INITIATIVES

The government of the United States contributed the amount of \$200,000 to finance a meeting of the parliamentary leaders of the member states at the Headquarters of the Organization. This meeting had not been held as of December 31, 1992.

PARAGUAY

On October 4, 1991, the Government of the Republic of Paraguay requested the Organization of American States to send a mission to observe the Constituent Elections which were held on December 1, 1991. The elected constituents had the responsibility of drafting a new constitution. The elections took place as planned and was temporarily financed by the OAS Regular Fund, pending receipt of external funding. On December 26, 1991, the Government of Germany contributed \$20,000 to the mission, and on September 30, 1992, the United States Government committed itself to providing \$110,000, which was received in February 1993.

6. Administrative Support

The personnel posts assigned to the Unit for Promotion of Democracy are financed by the Regular Fund of the General Secretariat.

The Organization of American States (OAS) is the world's oldest regional organization, dating back to the First International Conference of American States, held in Washington, D.C., from October 1889 to April, 1890. This meeting approved the establishment of the International Union of American Republics. The Charter of the OAS was signed in Bogota in 1948 and entered into force in December 1951. The Charter was subsequently amended by the Protocol of Buenos Aires signed in 1967, which entered into force in February 1970, and by the Protocol of Cartagena de Indias, signed in 1985, which entered into force in November 1988. In 1992 the Protocol of Amendments, "Protocol of Washington", was signed and will enter into force upon ratification by two-thirds of the Member States. The OAS currently has 35 Member States. In addition, the Organization has granted Permanent Observer status to 29 States, as well as the European Economic Community.

The basic purposes of the OAS are as follows: to strengthen the peace and security of the continent; to promote and consolidate representative democracy, with due respect for the principle of nonintervention; to prevent possible causes of difficulties and to ensure the pacific settlement of disputes that may arise among the Member States; to provide for common action on the part of those States in the event of aggression; to seek the solution of political, juridical and economic problems that may arise among them; to promote, by cooperative action, their economic, social and cultural development, and to achieve an effective limitation of conventional weapons that will make it possible to devote the largest amount of resources to the economic and social development of the Member States.

The OAS accomplishes its purposes through the following organs: the General Assembly; the Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs; the Councils (the Permanent Council, the Inter-American Economic and Social Council and the Inter-American Council for Education, Science, and Culture); the Inter-American Juridical Committee; the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights; the General Secretariat; the Specialized Conferences; the Specialized Organizations and other entities established by the General Assembly.

The General Assembly holds regular sessions once a year. Under special circumstances it meets in special session. The Meeting of Consultation is convened to consider urgent matters of common interest and to serve as Organ of Consultation under the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance (Rio Treaty), the main instrument for joint action in the event of aggression. The Permanent Council takes cognizance of such matters as are entrusted by the General Assembly or the Meeting of Consultation and implements the decisions of both organs when their implementation has not been assigned to any other body, it monitors the maintenance of friendly relations among the Member States and the observance of the standards governing General Secretariat operations and also acts provisionally as Organ of Consultation under the Rio Treaty. The purpose of the other two Councils is to promote cooperation among the Member States in their respective areas of competence. These Councils hold one annual meeting and meet in special sessions when convoked in accordance with the procedures provided for in the Charter. The General Secretariat is the central and permanent organ of the OAS. The headquarters of both the Permanent Council and the General Secretariat is in Washington, D.C.

MEMBER STATES: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, The Bahamas (Commonwealth of), Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominica (Commonwealth of), Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, St. Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, United States, Uruguay and Venezuela.

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