ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES



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REPORT TO THE
PERMANENT COUNCIL
OF THE
ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

By the Board of External Auditors

GENERAL SECRETARIAT
ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006
1991



ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES BOARD OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The Board is responsible for the external audit of the accounts of the General Secretariat pursuant to the General Assembly Resolution 123 adopted on April 14, 1973, and Permanent Council Resolution 124 dated June 30, 1975. It began to function in March 1976, and adopted detailed rules and procedures to carry out its duties and responsibilities. These rules reflect the standards and requirements prescribed by the General Assembly and the Permanent Council for the external audit of the OAS.

The Board is composed of three members elected by the General Assembly.



ORGANIZACION DE LOS ESTADOS AMERICANOS ORGANIZAÇÃO DOS ESTADOS AMERICANOS ORGANISATION DES ETATS AMERICANS ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

JUNTA DE AUDITORES EXTERNOS BOARD OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS JUNTA DE AUDITORES EXTERNOS COMMISSION DE VÉRIFICATEURS EXTÉRIEURS

17th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006

June 28, 1991

To the Permanent Council of the ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

The Board of External Auditors is pleased to present its annual report on the external audit of the accounts and financial statements of the ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES (OAS). This report covers the year ended December 31, 1990, and includes:

- Comments and recommendations by the Board for improving the OAS operating procedures and internal accounting controls.
- -- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of major OAS funds.
- -- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of the Retirement and Pension Fund.
- -- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of the Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund and the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund.
- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of the Inter-American Defense Board.
- Audit of the accounts and financial statements of the International Commission of Support and Verification and the Observations of the Electoral Process in Nicaragua and Haiti Funds.

The Board's annual report is based primarily on the independent audit by

Ernst & Young performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The Board reviewed and discussed the audit work and related work papers with representatives of the firm. In preparing its report, the Board has also considered the reports of the General Secretariat's Inspector General and discussions with management officials.

The financial statements included in this report represent the financial activity for the year ended December 31, 1990, on a comparative basis with December 31, 1988 — the first year of the previous biennium. (See Note 3 to the financial statements). The statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the General Secretariat which require the measurement of financial position and operating results in terms of historical cost without regard to changes in the purchasing power of money over time.

Ernst & Young 's opinion on the financial statements continues to be qualified because of the recording of obligations carried forward in 1987 in the special Multilateral Funds and their subsequent carryover effects. The recognition of the global obligations was authorized by the General Assembly through resolution AG/RES.905. These obligations depart from the criteria set forth in the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization as they do not represent firm commitments as prescribed by such rules.

Based on the opinions rendered by Ernst & Young on funds audited, the Board certifies in accordance with Article 102 of the General Standards to Govern the Operations of the General Secretariat that:

 The financial statements of all funds audited agree with the books, records, documents, and vouchers of the General Secretariat.

- -- Except as described in the preceding paragraph, the transactions reflected in the financial statements of the funds audited are in accord with the General Standards to govern the operations of the General Secretariat, the financial regulations, and other applicable provisions.
- The securities and cash on deposit have been checked by means of certification from depositories of the General Secretariat and the cash on hand has been checked by actually counting it as deemed appropriate by the Board in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

We have included as Appendix A of Section I Ernst & Young's opinion on compliance with the General Standards to govern the operations of the General Secretariat, the financial regulations, and other applicable provisions. In addition, our report contains a number of recommendations designed to improve OAS operating procedures and internal controls both at Headquarters and at the Offices away from Headquarters.

Article 107 of the General Standards, provides:

"The Board shall submit its report to the Permanent Council and the General Secretariat within the first semester of every year. The Permanent Council shall make the observations it deems necessary. Bearing in mind such observations, within sixty days of receiving them, the General Secretariat shall submit a report to the Permanent Council on the measures taken to implement the Board's recommendations."

The Board's report for 1989 was referred by the Permanent Council to its Committee on Program and Budget on December 20, 1990.

The Regular Fund continues to sustain a fund deficit position at December 31, 1990. Considerable improvement has been made in the financial position of the Regular Fund during 1990. The accumulated deficit has been reduced by \$10.0 million to \$21.5 million at December 31 1990,

compared to \$31.5 million at December 31, 1989. The improved fund balance reflects the combined effects of the following factors: (1) the fund received a \$4.2 million quota collection from its new member, Canada, which was not budgeted and (2) the fund's non-quota income was \$4.5 million over budget while its obligations were \$4.9 million under budget. However, quota collections from current members were \$3.6 million less than assessed. Regular Fund quota arrearages increased to \$66.3 million at December 31, 1990 from \$62.7 million at December 31, 1989.

While the financial position of the Regular Fund has improved considerably, it is extremely important that the Organization continue to pursue the collection of all quotas and to ensure that the level of budget execution coincides with the amounts realistically expected to be currently collected.

The members of the Board wish to express their appreciation for the cooperation of the General Secretariat in facilitating the audit work and to the General Assembly and Permanent Council for the opportunity to assist in evaluating the financial operations of the OAS.

Brian P. Crowley

Chairman

Adrian P. Strachan

Member

osé Tomás Espinoza N

Member

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SECTION I

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO IMPROVE
OPERATIONAL AND INTERNAL CONTROL PROCEDURES

RECOMMENDATIONS RELATING TO THE GENERAL SECRETARIAT

MAJOR ISSUES

Financial Position of the General Secretariat

While the Regular Fund continues to sustain a deficit position at December 31, 1990, considerable improvement in the financial position of the Regular Fund occurred during 1990. The accumulated deficit has been reduced by \$10.0 million to \$21.5 million at December 31, 1990, from \$31.5 million at December 31, 1989. The improved fund balance reflects the combined effects of the following factors: (1) the fund received a \$4.2 million quota collection from its new member, Canada, which was not budgeted, (2) the fund's non-quota income was \$4.5 million over budget, and (3) its obligations were \$4.9 million under budget. However, quota collections from current members were \$3.6 million less than assessed. Regular Fund quota arrearage increased to \$66.3 million at December 31, 1990 from \$62.7 million at December 31, 1989.

The financial position of the Regular Fund still remains serious since quota collections are of paramount importance to the fiscal health of the Organization, we recommend that management continue its efforts to pursue collections of quotas in order to prevent a deterioration of the fund balance. Also we recommend that member states intensify their efforts to make their quota contributions on a timely basis. Lastly, the Organization should continue to look for ways to reduce expenditures as was done during 1990.

Improved quota collections and continued budget execution at levels below cash collections permitted repayment of \$7.5 million of the external loan and no additional internal borrowing was required during 1990. At December 31, 1990, \$8.2 million of interfund loans remained outstanding.

Accounting for Fixed Assets

As a result of continuing staff shortages in the Department of Material Resources, transactions for the acquisition and disposal of fixed assets made during 1990 were not recorded in the fixed asset detail records. As in 1989, the Department of Financial Services obtained an estimate of the amount of acquisitions during 1990 and recorded this amount in the general ledger. This estimate was developed based upon the total of all expenditures recorded as equipment purchases in the budgetary transactions journal. While Ernst & Young believes the estimate to be materially correct, improvement is required in the accounting for fixed assets.

Management must assign the necessary resources to ensure that fixed assets acquisitions and deletions are recorded in the fixed asset accounts on a timely basis.

Additionally, as a means of simplifying accounting for acquisitions, we recommend that management consider increasing the capitalizable limit of fixed assets from \$50 as required by the Budgetary and Financial Rules to \$500.

Ernst & Young noted that while physical inventories were initiated during 1990, these attempts were sporadic and incomplete. Consequently, fixed asset records have not been updated to reflect the results of the physical inventories. The General Secretariat must complete a physical inventory and reconcile the results to its fixed asset records.

The General Secretariat has advised the Board that it recognizes the need to improve its accounting of fixed assets. Because of the need to devote the available human resources to other priority assignments in 1990, it was not possible to accomplish the fixed asset work schedule for the year. Furthermore it advised the Board that in 1991 a renewed effort would be made to bring the accounting for fixed assets upto-date.

INTERNAL CONTROL ISSUES

Specific Fund Compliance with Reporting Requirements

As Ernst & Young has previously reported, the Organization in certain instances has not been able to meet required reporting deadlines included in numerous specific projects funded by various donors, including the U.S. Agency for International Development. Acknowledging the increased workload of the employees remaining from the 1989 personnel adjustment, the Board believes that management should make every effort to ensure compliance with project agreements to avoid the risk of losing project funding.

The General Secretariat has advised the Board that the Department of Financial Services continues to lack the necessary staff to complete the required reporting on the ever increasing number of specific funds on a timely basis, and that it gives priority to reporting which is required for future funding.

Conflict of Interest Statements

During our review of a sample of Conflict of Interest Statements, we noted that although the statements are collected from the employees, no reviews of the Statements are performed.

Apparently, an annual notice is sent out to the employees reminding them to submit their statement and an effort is made to ensure that all required statements are collected, but the statements are maintained without a review.

We believe that the statements are a good means of detecting conflicts of interest and strongly urge that review procedures be implemented. We recommend that the Secretary General establish procedures whereby all employees' statements are reviewed both for completion and substance by supervisors knowledgeable about employees duties and responsibilities.

Travel Advances

As a result of prior findings with regards to travel advances in past years and the significant amounts advanced for election observation activities during 1990, Ernst & Young reviewed outstanding advances at year end. They noted considerable improvements in the review and monitoring of travel advances issued by Headquarters. A standard memo is consistently sent to delinquent employees as a reminder that expenditure claim forms are due within ten days of return from travel, and that monies advanced will be deducted from pay should the forms not be submitted on a timely basis. Although the accounting for travel advances appears to be satisfactory, Ernst & Young noted delays in the submission of expenditure claim forms by employees assigned to election observation and CIAV/OAS activities in Nicaragua and the subsequent processing of these forms.

We recommend that management extend the reviewing and monitoring policies currently exercised over advances made by Headquarters to those issued for special projects.

The General Secretariat has advised the Board that it will take the necessary steps to see that the follow-up on travel advances for staff at CIAV/OAS is done on a more timely basis.

Preparation of Budgetary Statements

Ernst & Young's review of the Statements of Summary of Appropriations, included as supplemental information to the financial statements, resulted in numerous revisions to the statements. These statements were prepared by individuals with only limited involvement in the budget process of the Organization.

We recommend that management consider assigning the preparation and review of these statements to the Department of Program Budget which is responsible for budgetary data.

Reassigning the responsibility in this manner and requiring the timely preparation of the statements would ensure the statements contain accurate budgetary information prepared in the most efficient manner.

The General Secretariat has advised the Board that the suggested change in the preparation of the budgetary statements will be made in 1991.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support

We continue to believe that the Organization should study the current fifteen percent rate used to reimburse the Regular Fund for administrative and technical support costs borne on behalf of Special Multilateral Fund programs in order to determine a more accurate reimbursement percentage. Ernst & Young indicated that fifteen percent may be too low. Additionally, we believe that management should consider the practicality of charging salaries and related benefits for all individuals whose activities directly support Special Multilateral Fund activities to the programs benefitted, rather than including these costs in the general administrative reimbursement rate.

Specific Fund Balances

Ernst & Young's review of the Specific Funds of the Organization indicated that certain Specific Funds have had negative fund balances for several years. While some of these deficits are being funded by other Specific Funds, others arise solely due to a timing lag between the OAS incurring obligations and the subsequent reimbursement from donors.

The General Secretariat should review and evaluate Specific Funds currently having non-temporary deficit fund balances and define effective steps to ensure collection of outstanding amounts. Those balances which are in question as to their collection should be absorbed by the Regular Fund or other unrestricted funds.

RECOMMENDATIONS RELATING TO OFFICES OF THE GENERAL SECRETARIAT AWAY FROM HEADQUARTERS

Significant cutbacks in staff and funds available to support audit activities at OAS offices away from headquarters has put considerable strain on the Inspector General's office. Despite staffing and funding shortages, six reviews were performed using Inspector General staff resources and the services of an independent contractor. In addition, the Jamaican Auditor General performed a follow up review of the Office of the General Secretariat in Jamaica.

Essentially the same types of control deficiencies continue to occur at the Organization's Offices away from headquarters. The Inspector General has reported to the Secretary General findings indicating:

- failure to foilow the Organization's Field Financial Manual and other OAS policies and procedures,
- -- inadequate separation of duties due to the limited number of personnel in certain offices,
- -- expenditures made without appropriate authorization or approval from headquarters.

This year's follow-up review of the Office of the General Secretariat in Jamaica, conducted under the Board's auspices, reported similar conditions as noted above in the Inspector General's reviews. Additionally, the follow up review found that inadequate project monitoring is still a concern. The Jamaican audit report also identified a serious problem concerning poor communications between OAS headquarters and the offices away from headquarters with respect to audit follow-up. The Jamaican Office did not receive last year's final audit report and, the follow-up audit disclosed that most of the recommendations had not been implemented.

We believe that adequate support must be provided to the Inspector General to effectively carry out the General Secretariat's mandate of timely reviews of the field offices. The success of the Organization's efforts to enhance National Office away from Headquarters and project execution controls rests with the level of support afforded the Inspector General's Office. Also, appropriate disciplinary actions for violations of the Organization's policies and procedures should be levied against responsible parties.

RECOMMENDATIONS RELATING TO THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

The Audit Office issued five reports on offices of the General Secretariat away from headquarters and three other reports in 1990. Additionally, during 1990, an independent contractor performed one audit of an office away from headquarters.

The Board applauds the extra effort, dedication, and efficiency exerted by the Audit Office as evidenced by the number of reports issued with an extremely limited number of staff and tight monetary resources. Nevertheless, the Board continues to express its concern that the reduced staff level may prevent the Office from providing adequate coverage of the Organization's activities. We believe that suitable support must be provided to the Inspector General to allow effective audit coverage of headquarter's operations and to carry out the Secretary General's mandate of performing timely reviews of the field offices. Accordingly, we urge the Secretariat to review the staffing and funding of the Audit Office in order to ensure its ability to maintain a proper control environment in the Organization. Furthermore, we encourage and support the hiring of independent contractors, as was done in 1990, in order to supplement the Inspector General's audit resources.

The Board is troubled by poor communications between OAS headquarters and the Offices away from headquarters with regard to audit recommendations and their implementation. We, strongly urge the General Secretariat to improve its monitoring of audit recommendations in order to ensure the necessary audit follow-up.

Audit reports issued in 1990:

Offices away from headquarters Audits:

- Grenada
- St. Kitts
- St. Lucia
- Colombia
- Chile
- Guatemala

Other Audits:

- Electoral Observation in Nicaragua
- Special Project Review, Guatemala
- Interamerican Commission of Women.

The General Secretariat has advised the Board that given the staffing and funding limitations imposed by the General Assembly, it will provide whatever staffing, training, and supervision it can of the offices away from Headquarters necessary to improve the accounting controls and procedures.

RECOMMENDATIONS RELATING TO THE INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD

Financial Position of the Inter-American Defense Board

During recent years the Board has faced the possibility of decreased funding from the Organization, the primary contributor of the Board. As previously noted, the current financial situation of the Organization has improved during 1990, and as a result, the Board received from OAS an additional \$503,000 in general purpose funding over the 1989 level. The appropriated 1991 funding is expected to remain at the 1990 level. We recommend that the Board continue to explore alternative sources of financing. Also, we believe the Board and the Organization should discuss the future availability of financing for the Board and execute formal agreements where appropriate.

Fixed assets

Ernst & Young noted that the fixed asset subsidiary ledger was not updated on a timely basis, due to a turnover of personnel. To safeguard assets and ensure an accurate accountability of fixed assets, we recommend that the subsidiary ledger be updated and reconciled to the general ledger on a monthly basis. To ensure the most effective control, the custody of assets should be separate from the accounting for them. We, therefore, suggest the segregation of the responsibilities for custody from that of recordkeeping for the assets.



APPENDIX A

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the financial statements of the funds of the Organization of American States (the Organization) as of and for the year ended December 31, 1990, listed in the accompanying table of contents, and have issued our reports (the Audit Reports) thereon dated May 7, 1991

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the external auditing requirements prescribed in Chapter VII of the General Standards of the Organization of American States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with the rules and regulations of the Organization (rules and regulations) is the responsibility of the Organization's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the Organization's compliance with certain provisions of the rules and regulations. However, our objective was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions.

We also tested certain expenditures of senior executives concerning executive compensation, travel, official entertainment, contracting and consulting services, speaking honoraria and gifts, and executive perquisites to determine compliance with the Organization's Staff Rules and Chapters III and VIII of the General Standards.

The results of our tests indicate that, with respect to the items tested, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing come to our attention that caused us to believe that the Organization had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions. We noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance with the rules and regulations in the following areas: fixed assets, investment activity, outstanding



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obligations, use of allotments, and employee benefits. Our comments on these matters have been reported to the Board of External Auditors in separate correspondence dated May 7, 1991.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of External Auditors and the General Secretariat of the Organization. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of this report, which is a matter of public record.

May 7, 1991



SECTION II

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The General Secretariat has prepared and is responsible for the integrity of the financial data included in the accompanying financial statements. The statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization which include the financially oriented General Standards to Govern the Operations of the General Secretariat and other provisions approved by the General Assembly.

The accounting practices utilized by the General Secretariat differ in certain respects from generally accepted accounting principles customarily applied in the presentation of financial statements. A description of the significant differences from generally accepted accounting principles is set forth in Note 4 to the financial statements. The General Secretariat maintains an accounting system and related controls to provide reasonable assurance that financial records are reliable for preparing financial statements. The system includes a program of internal audit to provide assurance that proper procedures and methods of operations are used to implement plans, policies and directives of the Secretary General.

In addition, the Board of External Auditors, which consists of three members elected by the General Assembly, is authorized to audit all accounts, funds, and operations of the Organization. The Board of External Auditors has engaged the services of the independent accounting firm of Ernst & Young to audit the financial statements. Their opinion on the financial statements is based on auditing procedures which include a review of internal control structure and selected tests of transactions and records. These auditing procedures are intended to provide a reasonable level of assurance that the financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects. The Board periodically meets with the independent auditors, officials of the General Secretariat, and internal auditors to review and evaluate accounting, auditing and financial reporting activities and responsibilities. The Board of External Auditors, the independent auditors as well as the internal auditors have unlimited access to all records maintained by the General Secretariat.



Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors
Organization of American States

We have audited the combining financial statements of the following funds of the Organization of American States (the Organization) as of December 31, 1990 and 1983 and for the year then ended, listed in the accompanying table of contents on page II - 9 herein. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Organization's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the external auditing requirements prescribed in Chapter VII of the General Standards of the Organization of American States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 4, the Organization of American States prepares its financial statements on the basis of accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules (which include the applicable financially-oriented General Standards adopted by the General Assembly of the Organization of American States) which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

As described in Note 7, at December 31, 1987, the Organization recorded certain obligations carried forward in the Special Multilateral Funds in accordance with the authorization of the General Assembly. In our opinion, these obligations depart from the criteria set forth in the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization in that they did not represent firm commitments as prescribed by such rules. In addition, the Regular Fund recognized its administrative and technical support contribution from the Special Multilateral Funds during 1987 on the basis of these obligations carried forward.

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In our opinion, such charges to the Special Multilateral Funds during 1987 and corresponding Regular Fund income, should not have been recognized because the obligations on which such amounts were determined did not constitute valid obligations under the terms of the Budgetary and Financial Rules. As a result of these departures from the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization during 1987, the December 31, 1988 financial statements reflect misstatements causing 1988 deobligations to be overstated by \$3.3 million; 1988 obligations to be understated by \$4.5 million; and, charges to the Special Multilateral Funds for administrative and technical support and corresponding Regular Fund income to be understated by \$0.7 million.

The Regular Fund had a fund deficit of \$21.5 million at December 31, 1990, compared to deficits of \$31.5 million and \$12.5 million at December 31, 1989 and 1988 respectively. The Organization relies on quota collections to finance virtually all of the operations of the Regular Fund and delays in quota payments by the member states continued to be a primary cause of the deficit. Regular Fund quotas unpaid by active member increased from \$40.9 million at December 31, 1988, to \$66.3 million at December 31, 1990. Any further shortfall in quota collections during 1991 will need to be offset by an equivalent reduction in budgetary execution or by obtaining an alternative means of financing in order to avoid exacerbating the Organization's financial condition.

In our opinion, except for the effects on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 1988, caused by the recording of certain obligations carried forward as discussed above, the financial statements listed in the accompanying table of contents present fairly, in all material respects, the individual and combined funds' assets, liabilities and fund balances for the funds of the Organization of American States referred to above at December 31, 1990 and 1988, and the changes in fund balances for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 4.

Our audits have been made primarily for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the basic financial statements listed on the accompanying table of contents for the funds of the Organization of American States referred to in the first paragraph of this report taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information in Schedules 1 through 20 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such supplementary information has been subjected to the procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, except as stated in the third preceding paragraph, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements mentioned above taken as a whole.

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We have previously audited and expressed a qualified opinion for the effects of recording certain obligations carried forward, as discussed in the fourth preceding paragraph, on the financial statements of the above funds of the Organization of the American States for the year ended December 31, 1988, summarized comparative information from which is presented herein.

As discussed in note 13, in 1990 the Organization changed its method of recognizing retired executive and ex-gratia pensions with which we concur.

Ernst & Young

May 7, 1991

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ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

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ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

GENERAL, OPERATING, WORKING CAPITAL AND RESERVE SUBFUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (in thousands)

December 31,	CMP Combined Combined	\$ 2,456 \$ 29,005 \$ 27,597 3,744 (a) (a) (a) 1 63 88 31 221	3,470 137 27,119 26,164 \$ 6,201 \$ 59,688 \$ 54,207	\$ 387 \$ 12,585 \$ 14,356 25 1,128 1,626 13 6,571 2,824 1 (a) 46 (a)	(p)	4,106 900 (b) 6,600 (b) 2,468 2,591 13,621 11,824	
31, 1990	OEC	\$ 563 306 6	\$ 875	\$ 242 8	71	549 5	1
December 31, 1990	FEMCIECO	\$ 6,8/9 3,599 18	\$ 10,508	\$ 1,776	790	7,907	
	SDAF	\$ 8,194 3,469 10	\$ 11,675	\$ 1,482 21 418	345	6,946 2,463	6
	Regular	\$ 10,913 34 23	3,458 27,119 \$ 41,547	\$ 8,698 1,074 6,105 11,119 22,414		(21,484)	44 1147
	ASSETS	Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 6) Due from affiliated OAS funds (Note 16) Advances to employees Other assets Amounts to be charged to future years'	appropriations (Note 4) Equity in land, buildings and equipment (Notes 5 and 11) LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Unliquidated obligations (Note 7) Quotas/Pledges collected in advance Accounts payable and other liabilities Due to affiliated OAS funds (Note 16) Long-term debt (Note 11)	Deferred interest income (Note 16) Fund balances (deficits)	General/Operating Subfund Working Capital/Reserve Subfund Investment in land, buildings and equipment	

(a) The combined amount excludes \$11,118,000 of interfund loans and receivables in 1990 and \$7,547,000 in 1988(b) The combined amount excludes deferred interfund interest income of \$2,876,000 in 1990 and 1988

See accompanying notes

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

GENERAL, OPERATING, RESERVE, AND WORKING CAPITAL SUBFUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (in thousands)

							7000
		Year	Year ended December 31, 1990	ıber 31, 199	90		December 31,1988
Increases	Regular	SDAF	FEMOLECC	CEC	OMP	Combined	Combined
Quota/Pledge collections (Note 4)	\$ 60,638	\$ 5,946	\$6,115	\$ 618	\$ 1,407	\$ 74,724	\$ 73,440
technical support (Note 4)	1,321					20 (a)	20 (a)
OAS Treasury Fund income (Note 6)	1,001	707	588	00 1	193	2,543	2,372
Utner Income, rerunds, and deobilgations (Note 7)	2,192	38	1,148	8	673	4,129	6,047
	\$ 65,152	\$ 6,685	\$ 7,851	\$ 756	\$ 2,273	\$ 81,416	\$ 81,879
Decreases							
Expenditures and obligations pursuant							
Cappropriations:							
ceneral Assembly and Permanent Council Executive Office of the General Secretariat	\$ 040,7 050,0					\$ 7,640 2000	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Activities of the Secretariat for Economic	5						
and Social Affairs	5,243	\$ 5,386				9,926 (a)	13,062 (a)
Activities of the Secretariat for Educational,							
Scientific and Cultural Affairs	10,667		\$ 3,462	\$ 409	\$ 713	14,653 (a)	18,609 (a)
Activities of the Offices Away from Headquarters	5,284					5,284	5,850
Activities of the Secretariat for Legal Affairs	1,290					1,230	1,660
Activities of the Secretariat for Management	6,712					6,712	8,308
Common administrative and personnel costs	6'00'6					6,007	8,167
Contributions to other agencies	4,067					4,067	3,884
Special contribution to Regular Fund and fellowships							374
	55,132	5,386	3,462	409	713	63,801	73,024
Net increase (decrease) during period	10,020	1,299	4,389	347	1,560	17,615	8,855
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of period	(31,504)	8,110	3,518	5 04	2,546	(14,247)(b)	336 (b)
Fund balances (deficits) at end of period	\$ (21,484)	\$ 9,409	\$ 7,907	\$ 554	\$ 4,106	\$ 3,368 (b)	\$ 9,191 (b)
	***************************************				-		

 ⁽a) The combined amount excludes \$1,301,000 in 1990 and \$1,573,000 in 1988 of interfund contributions to the Regular Fund.
 Such contributions are eliminated as expenditures in the respective funds.
 (b) The combined amounts of the fund balances at the end of 1990 and 1988 exclude \$2,876,000 of accumulated deferred interest.

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EXHIBIT 3

SPECIFIC FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES (in thousands)

December 31 1988 Combined	\$ 12,035 403 \$ 12,438	\$ 4,576 503 7,359 \$12,438	Year ended December 31 1988 Combined
Combined	\$ 17,873 381	\$ 9,667 986 7,601 \$ 18,254	Combined
CMP	8 641 140	\$ 70 2 569 \$ 641	
1990 CEC	\$ 215	\$ 43 160 \$ 215	IND BALANG
December 31, 1990 FEMCIECC CEC	\$ 1,955 \$ 1,957	\$ 614 1,330 \$ 1,957	SPECIFIC FUNDS IT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 1990 SDAF FEMCIECC CEC
SDAF	\$ 3,899	\$ 2,287 1,88 1,436 \$ 3,911	SPECIFIC FUNI (in thousands) Year ends
REGULAR	\$11,163	\$ 6,653 771 4,106 \$11,530	SPECIFIC FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 1990 REGULAR SDAF FEMCIECC CEC CA
ASSETS	Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 6) Advances to Employees and other receivables	Unliquidated Obligations (Note 7) Accounts payable and other liabilities Fund balances	CON

			Year ended December 31, 1990	cember 31, 1	066		1988	
Increases	REGULAR	SDAF	FEMOIECC	CEC	CMP	Combined	Combined	
Contributions (Notes 4 and 9) Other income, return to donors, and transfers	\$32,007	\$ 3,207	\$ 604	\$ 117 (96)	\$ 210 (82)	\$36,145 515	\$ 13,942 (2,040)	
Decreases	32,341	3,450	720	2	128	36,660	11,902	
Obligations and expenditures Net increase (decrease) during period	30,323	4,783	1,193	(30)	24 (4)	36,492	9,699	
Fund balances at beginning of period Fund balances at end of period	2,088	2,769	1,803	& 60 80	583 569	7,433	5,156 \$ 7,359	

See accompanying notes

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 1990 AND 1988

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 1990 AND 1988

1. <u>Organization and Financial Statements</u>

The General Secretariat is the central and permanent organ of the Organization of American States (OAS). To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the OAS, the accounts of the OAS are maintained in accordance with fund accounting principles. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund. In the accompanying financial statements, the funds administered by the General Secretariat are grouped in the following categories, according to their source of financing and purpose:

Regular Fund, financed mainly by the assessment of quotas to the member states and contributions from certain other OAS funds (see Note 4D). The purpose of this fund is to provide the General Secretariat with general support as well as technical supervision and administrative services to the programs;

<u>Special Multilateral Funds</u>, financed mainly by voluntary contributions of the member states to support the programs adopted by the Councils and approved by the General Assembly;

Specific funds and funds from special contributions (Specific Funds), financed by grants or bequests to finance activities specified by the donor or legator, and any other contributions by national or international, public or private entities, for carrying out or strengthening specific activities or programs of the General Secretariat.

The financial position and changes in fund balances of the Regular and Special Multilateral Funds are reflected in Exhibits I and 2 on a combined basis. In addition, the financial position and changes in fund balances of the Specific Funds are included as Exhibit 3 on a combined basis.

General and Operating Subfunds

Quota and voluntary pledge contributions and the corresponding expenditures incurred in carrying out budgetary activities of the funds are included in the accompanying financial statements, where applicable, as general or operating subfunds activity.

A. Regular Fund

In addition to the activities of the General Secretariat, the following activities are financed through budgetary appropriations of the Regular Fund and are included in the financial statements of the Regular Fund:

General Assembly Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs Special Consultation Committee on Security Permanent Council of the OAS Inter-American Council for Education. Science and Culture Inter-American Economic and Social Council Inter-American Commission of Human Rights Inter-American Nuclear Energy Commission Inter-American Commission of Women Inter-American Committee on Peaceful Settlement Inter-American Juridical Committee Inter-American Children's Institute Inter-American Statistical Institute Inter-American Court on Human Rights Inter-American Commission for Drug Abuse Control Inter-American Quincentennial Fund

B. <u>Special Development Assistance Fund</u>

The Special Development Assistance Fund (SDAF) was established in 1964 to provide training, technical and other assistance in the economic and social affairs areas to the member states. SDAF is under the supervision of the Inter-American Economic and Social Council.

C. Special Multilateral Fund of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture

The Special Multilateral Fund of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture (FEMCIECC) was established in 1968 to promote relations and mutual understanding between the peoples of the Americas through educational, scientific and cultural cooperation and exchange among the member states. FEMCIECC is under the supervision of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture.

D. Special Account for Culture

The Special Account for Culture (CEC) was established in 1971 to promote the identification, restoration and preservation of the many manifestations of cultural heritage of Latin America and the Caribbean. CEC is under the supervision of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture.

E. Mar del Plata Account

The Mar del Plata Account (CMP) was established in 1972 as a regional effort to promote institutional development of the educational, scientific and technological infrastructure in the member states by seeking both to expand it and to apply it to practical problems of development. CMP is under the supervision of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture.

The assets and liabilities at December 31, 1990 and 1988, and the related income and expenses for the year then ended, of the following organizations, which are subject to separate budgetary control and financial reporting, are not included within the accompanying financial statements of the OAS:

Inter-American Defense Board *
Inter-American Indian Institute
Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture*
Inter-American Library Simon Bolivar *
Inter-American Music Council *
Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund *
OAS Medical Benefits Trust Fund *
OAS Retirement and Pension Fund *
Pan American Development Foundation *
Pan American Health Organization
Pan American Institute of Geography and History
Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund *

2. Working Capital and Reserve Subfunds

Subfunds have been established and are financed under the following criteria:

^{*} Recipients of contributions or administrative services from the Regular Fund.

- A. Regular Fund Working Capital Subfund is a contingency reserve to provide for the continuous functioning of the regular activities of the General Secretariat. In accordance with the General Standards to Govern the Operations of the General Secretariat (General Standards), the excess of income over obligations and expenditures of the General Subfund is to be added to the Working Capital Subfund. To the extent that there is a Working Capital Subfund balance, excess obligations and expenditures over income in the General Subfund is covered by a transfer from the Working Capital Subfund. In addition, the General Standards permit the temporary use of the Working Capital Subfund to finance Regular Fund expenditures pending the receipt of anticipated income.
- B. <u>SDAF Reserve Subfund</u> is a contingency reserve to provide for the continuous functioning of the regular activities of the Operating Subfund. In accordance with the statutes of the SDAF, interest earned and miscellaneous income are added to the Reserve Subfund.
 - As of December 31, 1990, \$700,740 was transferred from the Operating Subfund to the Reserve Subfund. The remaining balance of \$2,462,500 in the Reserve Subfund equals the maximum statutory reserve of 25 percent of the Annual Program Budget.
- C. <u>FEMCIECC, CMP Reserve Subfund</u> Pursuant to the Uniform Statutes of FEMCIECC and its accounts CEC and CMP, approved by the General Assembly in November of 1988, AG/RES. 919 (XVIII-0/88), the Reserve Subfunds are a contingency reserve to provide for the continuous functioning of the regular activities of the Operating Subfunds. The Reserve Subfunds are financed by the expired appropriations of the corresponding Operating Subfunds, interest earned on their balance, and other miscellaneous income. The Reserve Subfunds may not exceed 20% of the biennium appropriation of their corresponding Operating Subfund.

As of December 31, 1990, the following amounts were transferred from the Reserve Subfunds to the Operating Subfunds to cover the unobligated appropriations of their respective Subfunds: \$588,073 for FEMCIECC, \$55,005 for CEC, and \$192,717 for CMP.

Specific Funds (Exhibit 3)

These funds include grants and contributions from member states and other interested parties for purposes of conducting special projects and activities. These funds also include designated funds which have been segregated for specific purposes and whose use is restricted through designation by the General

Assembly or the General Secretariat.

3. <u>Biennium Financial Reporting</u>

The OAS operates on a two-year (biennium) budgetary reporting period. As a result, the aggregate funds appropriated for the biennium are divided into two reporting periods: 1) the Secretary General approved budget representing that portion of appropriations allocated to the first year of the biennium; and 2) appropriations reserved for execution during the second year of the biennium.

To the extent that the appropriations allocated to the first year are not obligated at the end of the first year, they are added to the second year's reserved balances and the aggregate becomes available for obligation in that year. The preparation of financial statements is based on this biennium cycle, with interim statements being prepared at the end of the first year, the midpoint of the biennium. The statements at the end of a biennium period include the cumulative financial information for the two-year period. For comparative purposes, interim statements at the midpoint of the biennium are compared to the most recent previous midpoint; statements at the end of a biennium are compared to the most recent previous biennium.

The General Standards provide that appropriations are available to meet the obligations incurred during the fiscal period for which they were approved. At the end of a fiscal period, unobligated appropriations expire and are not available for future use, unless otherwise approved by the General Assembly.

4. <u>Accounting Principles</u>

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the OAS (Rules). The Rules provide the basis for the accounting principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Rules were adopted to meet budgetary and other requirements of the OAS and, as such, result in accounting principles which vary in certain material respects from generally accepted accounting principles. The significant deviations from generally accepted accounting principles are as follows:

A. The General Secretariat deems it impractical to evaluate the collectibility of assessed but uncollected quotas and voluntary pledges outstanding; therefore, quotas and pledges are included in the financial statements of the various funds only to the extent collected. Contributions from member states and from other interested parties for specific purposes are similarly recorded at the time of collection.

- B. As described in Note 7, unliquidated obligations in certain funds include amounts related to commitments resulting from offers made by the funds to member states or other institutions to disburse monies for the procurement of goods or services in future periods. Such amounts do not represent liabilities or unrelated third party commitments at the end of the respective periods. They represent amounts anticipated to be expended in the subsequent year or biennium in the completion of a particular program or activity.
- C. The OAS provides certain benefits to its employees which accrue to them during periods of employment and are payable at various times during employment or upon separation, whether voluntary or involuntary. Costs for such employee benefits are recorded upon payment rather than as such benefits accrue. Such expenditures during 1990 amounted to \$197,000 for home travel, \$164,000 for repatriation of family and household goods upon separation, \$984,000 for separation indemnity and termination pay and \$789,000 for medical benefits subsequent to separation. Unrecorded earned annual and special leave approximated \$7,332,000 and \$10,024,000 at December 31, 1990 and 1988, respectively.
- D. The General Assembly of the OAS adopts a consolidated program-budget which includes the budgets for the Special Development Assistance Fund, the Special Multilateral Fund of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science and Culture, the Special Account for Culture and the Mar del Plata Account in addition to the Regular Fund. In the consolidated budget, the amounts appropriated for substantially all approved (career) personnel costs are included in the Regular Fund's budget. In addition, certain other administrative costs benefiting all funds are included in the budget of the Regular Fund. In lieu of allocating these costs to various funds on a services-rendered basis, the General Assembly has provided that the other funds pay a contribution to the Regular Fund for administrative and technical support. The amount of the contribution may not bear a direct relationship to the actual cost of the services provided to those funds during the period.
- E. The Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances of the Regular Fund, SDAF and FEMCIECC include certain amounts to be charged against future appropriations. These expenditures are deferred as a means of budgetary financing and not because of or in relation to benefits which may accrue to future periods.
- F. The Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances of the Regular and consolidated Special Multilateral Funds do not include unexpended

advances issued in the performance of certain OAS programs. (See Note 8).

- G. The unfulfilled subscription liability of <u>Americas</u> magazine at December 31, 1988 of \$468,000 is not reflected in the Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances of the Regular Fund. The accounting practice of including the unfulfilled subscription liability on the financial statements of the Regular Fund began during 1989. At December 31, 1990 the unfulfilled subscriptions liability was \$383,000.
- H. Contributions from member states and other interested parties in the form of use of facilities and services are received by certain of the activities of the funds administered by the General Secretariat. No amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements relating to the use of such facilities or services inasmuch as the General Secretariat deems it impractical to measure their value.

5. Land, Buildings and Equipment

The General Secretariat follows the practice of charging to current fiscal period's appropriations the amount disbursed in acquiring real property, equipment, and works of art and subsequently capitalizing such acquisitions in a separate Fixed Assets Fund. This practice allows the OAS to continue to reflect those expenditures for fixed assets against the amounts appropriated for such purposes while, at the same time, presenting them as capitalized assets on the Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances. Such assets acquired by the Regular Fund with associated long-term debt are capitalized in the amount of the total cost including the long-term debt. That portion of the Regular Fund's purchase not financed by long-term debt is included in restricted investment in land, buildings and equipment.

The associated debt is then amortized against current and future years' appropriations (\$537,000 in 1990 and \$462,000 in 1988) to provide for current mortgage payments and the repayment of the note payable due in 1992. (See Note 11).

A sinking fund aggregating \$516,000 at December 31, 1990 (\$253,000 at December 31, 1988) was established in the Regular Fund for the purpose of retiring the original \$1,200,000 note payable in 1992. On December 31, 1986, the General Secretariat paid \$600,000 of the principal amount and the remaining balance of \$600,000 was paid in February 1991. The related fund balance is reflected in Exhibit 1 as restricted investments in fixed assets.

Fixed assets are recorded at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The composition of general fixed assets at December 31, was as follows:

		Decer	mber 31
<u>Depreciati</u>	<u> 1990</u>	<u> 1988</u>	
Land (Note 11)	 not depreciated 	\$ 5,491,305	\$ 5,491,305
Buildings (Note 11)	- 50 years	24,374,561	24,374,561
Vehicles	- 5 years	1,051,417	417,618
Furniture	•		•
and equipment	- 10 years	7,837,200	7,458,445
Technical machinery	•		
and equipment	- 10 years	2,484,871	316,190
Works of art	 not depreciated 	399,142	392,712
	·	41,638,496	38,450,831
Less: accumulated depre	ciation	(14,519,776)	(12,287,169)
·		·	
Book value as of Decemb	per 31	\$27,118,720	<u>\$26,163,662</u>

Only those assets under direct control of the General Secretariat at its headquarters and other offices are included in the financial statements. Acquisitions on behalf of OAS supported projects in the member states are recorded in memorandum accounts only since it is the policy of the General Secretariat to donate these assets to the recipient projects after a two-year period.

Effective 1988 the Executive Secretariat for Education, Science and Culture and the Secretary General approved a change in policy for donation of equipment, allowing equipment and/or scientific materials to be donated to projects in the CIECC area at the time of delivery.

6. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the OAS Treasury Fund. The Regular Fund, the Special Multilateral Funds, and the Specific Funds maintain an equity to the extent of their cash balances retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Subject to certain conditions, income earned by the Treasury Fund is added to the equities of the various funds in proportion to their equity balances.

The composition of the OAS Treasury Fund at the end of the corresponding periods is as follows:

	Dece	ember 31
	1990	<u> 1988</u>
Demand and time deposits, net of \$1,569,000 and \$551,000 out- standing drafts as of December		
31, 1990 and 1988, respectively	\$44,935,000	\$40,560,000
Accrued interest receivable	431,000	427,000
I believe defende Obellevelle	<u>\$45,366,000</u>	<u>\$40,987,000</u>

7. <u>Unliquidated Obligations</u>

At its Nineteenth Regular Session in November 1989 the General Assembly adopted resolution AG/RES.1010(XIX-O/89) to authorize CIECC projects likely to be executed by June 30, 1990 to expend up to that date the funds obligated by December 31, 1989 and to authorize the use of unobligated appropriation balances as of December 31, 1989 to complete and reinforce the execution of CIES projects programmed for the 1990-91 biennium.

At December 31, 1990, the unexpended balances of CIECC 1989 obligations were eliminated from the account. Ninety percent of the unused appropriations were added to the 1990-91 appropriations. The remaining ten percent was credited to the corresponding reserve subfund.

8. <u>Accountable Advances</u>

In the performance of various activities, the administrators of the various funds may deem it necessary or appropriate to advance funds for the conduct of a program or a specific event prior to the actual occurrence of the expenses. In the opinion of the administrators of the funds such action is necessary to assure the timely performance of such activities. Recipients of advances are required to submit an accounting or suitable supporting documentation for the resulting expenditures in a form deemed adequate by the administrators of the funds and by the Office of the Treasurer. Advances of this nature are recorded as expenditures in the period in which funds are advanced. Advances for which a

subsequent accounting was required at December 31, 1990 and 1988, were as follows:

	.,	ember 31
	<u>1990</u>	<u>1988</u>
Regular Fund	\$ 233,000	\$ 36,000
Special Development Assistance Fund	74,000	51,000
Special Multilateral Fund of the Inter-American Council for Education, Science & Culture	258,000	312,000
Special Account for Culture	16,000	11,000
Mar del Plata Account	<u>165,000</u> <u>\$746,000</u>	<u>243,000</u> \$ 653,000

9. Contributions to Specific Funds

Contributions to Specific Funds during the year ended December 31, 1990 as reflected in Exhibit 3 of the accompanying financial statements were as follows:

Contributor	REGULAR FL	JND SDAF	FEMCIECC	CEC	<u>CMP</u>	TOTAL
Argentina	\$ 120,683	\$ 183,356	\$ 103,494		\$ 67,871	\$ 475,404
Brazil	90,701	228,727				319,428
Canada	160,813	262,350	15,649			438,812
Chile	13,000	170,060	5,001	45,500		233,561
Colombia	1,028	400,000	54,611			455,639
Costa Rica	30,971					30,971
Rep.Dom.	2,118					2,118
Ecuador	24,243					24,243
El Salvador	1,792	236,261				238,053
Mexico			162,058	38,828	141,766	342,652
Paraguay	180,442	138,335				318,777
United States	29,681,790	400,900				30,082,690
Uruguay		113,017		1,700		114,717
Venezuela	115,677					115,677
Germany			204,812			204,812
European Eco Community	n. 126,550					126,550
France	114,545					114,545
Republic of. Cyprus	2,000					2,000
Others	_ <u>1,340,889</u> \$32,007,242	_1,074,195 \$3,207,201	<u>58,447</u> \$604,072	30,638 \$116,666	\$209,637	2,504,169 \$36,144,818

10. Tax Reimbursements

Tax reimbursements represent amounts assessed or to be assessed to certain member states for reimbursements made to certain employees of the General Secretariat for income taxes paid to the respective member state.

11. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt was incurred solely by the Regular Fund under the following terms and conditions:

A. First Mortgage with Aetna Life Insurance Company (secured by the General Secretariat Building - 1889 F St.)

Principal amount at

December 31, 1989:

\$13,338,570

Repayment terms:

25 years, due in monthly installments

through September 2004.

Annual interest rate:

9.375%

Interest expense during

1990:

\$1,231,864

Amortization of principal

during 1990:

\$440,926

Principal balance.

December 31, 1990:

\$12,897,644

Principal payments due for the next five years are as follows: 1991, \$484,086; 1992, \$531,470; 1993, \$583,493; 1994, \$640,609; 1995, \$703,315.

В. Note Payable to the Dacor Bacon House Foundation incurred as part

of purchase of land Original amount:

\$1,200,000

Repayment terms:

13 years, due January 1992

Annual interest rate:

8.5%

Principal repaid in 1986:

\$600,000

Interest expense during

\$51,000

Principal balance, December 31,

1990

\$600,000

The principal balance due as of December 31, 1990 was repaid on February 1, 1991.

C. <u>Second Mortgage with American Security Bank (secured by the General Secretariat Building - 1889 F St.)</u>

Principal amount at

December 31, 1989:

\$16,400,000

Repayment terms: *

Repayment commenced February 10, 1990. Minimum payment of \$3,200,000 per annum payable in quarterly installments which includes all quota receipts which serve to reduce quota

arrearages.

Annual Interest Rate:

Variable, American Security Bank's base

(prime rate).

Interest expense during

1990:

\$1,451,819

Balance required:

A balance of 5% of outstanding loan balance must be maintained at American Security Bank during the term of the

loan.

Amortization of Principal

during 1990:

\$7,484,000

Principal Balance at

December 31, 1990:

\$8,916,000

The loan agreement with American Security Bank (Bank) and related documents require, among other things, a) that funds borrowed be used solely for the purpose of financing the 1989 staff adjustment; b) any quota payments received from member states which serve to reduce quota arrearage be applied as repayments of the loan; and c) periodic financial reports be submitted to the Bank.

^{*} As amended effective January 1, 1991; prior repayments terms were; all collection of quota arrears plus \$3,280,000 per annum payable quarterly.

12. Leases

The General Secretariat leases certain facilities and equipment. Rental expense for such leases was approximately \$461,181 and \$722,000 for the years ended December 31, 1990 and 1988, respectively. Aggregate rentals subsequent to December 31, 1990 are not significant.

13. <u>Retirement Plans</u>

All qualified employees of the General Secretariat are participants in either the Retirement and Pension Plan or the Provident Plan. The plans are funded by the General Secretariat, other participating agencies and employee contributions at fixed percentages of salaries. Pension expense aggregated approximately \$4,861,000 in 1990 and \$6,778,000 in 1988.

As of December 31, 1990 accumulated plan benefits and plan net assets were as follows:

Actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits:

Vested Nonvested	\$126,464,000 2,079,000
Total at December 31, 1990	\$128,543,000
Net plan assets available for benefits	<u>\$187,716,437</u>

The weighted average assumed rate of return used in determining the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits was 9%.

In addition to the retirement plan described above, the General Secretariat provides a lifetime annuity to former Secretaries General and Assistant Secretaries General with survival benefits for their spouses and has extended pension benefits to certain former staff members with expired fixed term pensions. The cost of these annuities, \$242,900 in 1990 and \$282,600 in 1988, is budgeted and recognized in the year paid. The present value of estimated future payments of \$2.5 million at December 31, 1988 is not reflected in the financial statements. The accounting practice of recording the present value of estimated future payment began in 1990. Accordingly the approximate present value of estimated future payments of \$3.5 million, at December 31, 1990 is reflected in the statement of Assets, Liabilites and Fund Balance of the Regular Fund.

14. Post Employment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits as described in Note 13 above, the General Secretariat provides health care and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The cost of health care is partially borne by the retirees. The cost to the General Secretariat for its portion of the health care as well as the life insurance is recognized when paid. For 1990 and 1988 those costs were \$910,000 and \$455,000, respectively.

15. Foreign Currencies

Certain income and expense transactions during the years ended December 31, 1990 and 1988 were in currencies other than United States dollars. These transactions have been translated into United States dollar equivalents at rates of exchange in effect at the time of the transactions. Foreign currency assets included in the accompanying balance sheets, consisting principally of cash and time deposits (\$420,500 and \$245,000 as of December 31, 1990 and 1988, respectively) have been translated into United States dollars at the then applicable rates of exchange. Certain of these currencies are restricted as to convertibility and, therefore, must be utilized in OAS activities.

16. <u>Interfund Borrowings</u>

From time to time during 1988, the Regular Fund effected temporary borrowings from each of the Special Multilateral Funds pursuant to Permanent Council authorizations. The borrowings were non-interest bearing with various terms of repayment.

In addition to temporary borrowings the budget approved by the General Assembly for the Regular Fund for 1987 included authority to borrow \$242,800 from the Mar del Plata Account.

As of December 31, 1990 and 1988, the Regular Fund owed the Special Multilateral Funds a principal amount totalling \$8,242,800 and \$4,742,800 respectively. There are no repayment terms specified for this balance. In addition, accrued interest payable of \$2,875,809 on 1980 to 1983 borrowings was outstanding at December 31, 1990 and 1988. This amount was payable in 1985 but because of insufficient resources, the interest has not been paid. The Special Multilateral Funds have accrued the corresponding interest receivable. Interest income on the loans by the Special Multilateral Funds has been deferred, and will be recognized at such time as the Funds receive the corresponding payment from the Regular Fund.

17. Contingencies

In 1985, the General Secretariat contracted for the renovation of the building occupied by the Inter-American Defense Board (Board), as well as for the construction of an annex. Two years into the renovation, the General Secretariat terminated the contract, citing breach of duties by the builder. The construction was not completed by the builder, and additional contractors were hired by the Board to complete the construction. In 1989, the builder, exercising the arbitration clause contained in the contract, filed a claim for breach of contract and monetary damages. In the opinion of management and counsel, the possibility of the builder prevailing is remote. The General Secretariat has requested the Board to fund the costs of the arbitration. Such costs incurred in 1990 were \$22,400 and estimated future costs are \$75,000.

There are several pending and threatened actions before the Administrative Tribunal in which it is alleged that the Secretary General has taken administrative actions which have adversely affected the interests of the complaining staff members. In the opinion of management these actions will not result in any material adverse effect on the financial condition of the General Secretariat.

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T			

STATEMENTS OF QUOTA ASSESSMENTS, PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES

REGULAR FUND STATEMENT OF QUOTA ASSESSMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

	Balances at December 31, 1989 Received	mber 31, 1989 Received	Quota As	Quota Assessments for 1990	Collections for tax	Collections For 1990 and In	ions In advance	Uncollected balances
Member State	Uncollected	in advance	Percent	Airount	reimbursements	prior years	for 1991	at December 31, 1990
Antigua and Barbuda	\$ 3,025		0.02	\$ 12,100		\$ 9,075		\$ 6,050
Argentina	4,617,616		7.47	4,535,900		1,643,738		7,509,778
kananas Rarbados			0.07	42,500		42,500		i
20000	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		0.0	000,0%		400,14		990'/
801.418	111,467		0.18	109,500		198,429		669,982
Brazil	1,541,800		9.36	5,683,600		1,541,800		5,683,600
Canada				4,222,700		4,222,700		
Chile	344,000		0.82	497,900		441,900		400,000
Colombia	;	\$ 7,108	66.0	601,100		601,100	\$ 61,986	
Costa Rica	60,932		0.18	109,300		143,862		26,370
Cuba	2,166,322		1.17					2,166,322
Dominica		12,100	0.02	12,100		12,100	12,200	•
Dominican Republic	1,014,437		0.18	109,300				1,123,737
Ecuador 1- 0-1- 1-	48,813		0.18	109,300		109, 149		48,964
El Salvador	109,300		0.18	109,300		109,300		109,300
Grenada	32,400		0.03	18,200				50,600
Guatemala	204,663		0.18	109,300		17,096		296,867
Haiti	337,997		0.18	109,300		206,072		241,225
Ronduras	124,897		0.18	109,300		109,300		124, 897
Jamaica			0.18	109,300		109,300		
		900	1					
Mex1co		195,278	7.02	4,262,700	\$ 14,200	4,262,700		
Nicaragua	1,037,404		0.18	109,300				1,146,704
Panama	336,958		0.18	109,300		109,300		336,958
Paraguay			0.18	109,300		109,300		
Peru	987,281		0.54	327,900		299,690		1,015,491
St. Kitts and Nevis			0.01	6,100		6,100		
Saint Lucia			0.03	18,200		18,200		
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	1,050		0.02	12,100		13, 150		
Suriname	355,774		0.14	85,000		111,900		328,874
Trinided and Tobago	16,714		0.18	109,300		92,585		33,429
United States	48,580,390		66.00	40,076,700	10,400,000 (**)	44,		44,577,090
o uguay Venezuela			, v 50 0	718,600	200 8	218,600		800 667
	788 087 678	707 710 4		1 6	000 200	100 200 200		000 400
	*00, 000, 004	4 4 4 4 4 9 9	(°)	\$64,282,8UU	\$10,442,100	\$60,638,282	3 74, 180	205, 525, 402

(*) Percentages frozen prior to the admission of The Commonwealth of The Bahamas and St. Kitts and Nevis. (**) Excludes \$1,000,000 collected for 1991.

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND STATEMENT OF PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

Uncollected balances	at December 31, 1990	C L C	3 6,350			4,500	22,189	674,349	687.614					24,000		יות חוי	1.207		,	5,000	32,820		12,430		į	49,524		1	277, 189					5,403	3,358,020	i d	8,068	\$ 5,474,763
tions In advance	for 1991											8 14, 189	5,239		007	870	?										1,863						300					\$ 20,939
Collections	Driedy Point	2 101 10	\$ 3,975	000,00	004,4	6,200	62,100			ď	000,2	177,200	28,800		006 %	00/1/2	30 303	35,500		7,855	180	41,300	18,070	54,150	000,006	42,082	80,437	38,400		1,100	9,900	7,650	44,025	19,548	3,935,600	2,000	293,598	\$ 5,945,563
	1000 total	r (edges o 1770	\$ 5,300	1	708,8	13,800	35,500		497 416	#10, 100 100	2,000	177,200	28,800		7 900	0000	00/17	35,500		10,000	33,000	41,300	30,500	35,500	000,006	26,600	35,500	38,400	70,900	1,100	9,900	5,200	24,600	21,700	3,935,600	2,000	300,000	\$ 6,574,414
Balances at December 31, 1989	received in	מראפו										\$ 27,124	2,400		2 200	000,	8				180														£			\$ 38, 192
Balances at De	7000	9	\$ 1,225	65,000			48,789	674.349						24.000		000	0,000	Q N		2,855				18,650		908, 49	44,937		206,289				10, 425	3,251	3,358,020 (*)		1,666	\$ 4,845,912
	2	Member State	Antigua and Barbuda	Argentina	Bahamas	Barbados	Bolivia	1. Cen	-	Canada	Chile	Colombia	Costa Rica	<u> </u>		Loginica	Dominican Republic	Ecuador El Salvador		Grenada	Guatemala	HO.T.	Honduras	Jamaica	Mexico	Nicaragua	Panama	Paraguay	Peru	St. Kitts and Nevis	Saint Lucia	St. Vincent and the Grenadines	Cirinama	Trinidad and Tobago	United States	Uruguay	Venezuela	

(*) Uncollected balance of the United States results from a 1977 pledge for which the Government, in 1985, has informed the General Secretariat that funding is unavailable. It is uncertain whether funding will be made available to enable the United States to satisfy that amount.

SPECIAL MULTILATERAL FUND OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE STATEMENT OF PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

Uncollected balances at <u>December 31, 1990</u> \$ 1,100 2,188,731 1,666 6,328	956,486 320,887 712 4,269	81,584 156	35,400 31,328 1,000	41,787 197,246	3,500,000	132,000
Collections for 1990 and prior years \$ 1,650 54,929 6,500 5,834 18,701	77,864 77,500 94,488 13,431	2,200 41,367 17,700 2,800	20,700 16,700 514,542	31,725 17,700 1,100	2,800 3,000 12,100 18,225 4,683,400	34,500 343,501 \$ 6,114,957
Pledges for 1990 \$ 2,200 547,900 6,500 7,500 17,700	686,300 320,887 77,500 95,200 17,700	2,200 17,700 17,700 17,700 2,800	17,700 20,700 17,700 17,700 514,542	17,700 17,700 17,700 51,300 1,100	2,800 2,000 12,100 17,700 4,683,400	34,500 264,000 \$ 7,547,829
Balances at December 31, 1989 Received in advance 1,695,760 7,329	8 19,799	2,200				\$ 21,999
Balances at Dec Uncollected \$ 550 1,695,760 7,329	348,050	63,884 23,823	17,700	14, 025 24, 087 145, 946	1,000 525 3,500,000 (*)	211,501
Member State Antigua and Barbuda Argentina Bahamas Barbados Bolivia	Brazil Canada Chile Colombia Costa Rica	Dominica Dominican Republic Ecuador El Salvador Grenada	Guatemala Haiti Honduras Jamaica Mexico	Nicaragua Panama Paraguay Peru St. Kitts and Nevis	Saint Lucia St.Vincent and the Grenadines Suriname Trinidad and Tobago United States	Uruguay Venezuela

(*) The uncollected balance of the United States results from a 1977 pledge for which the Government, in 1985, has informed the General Secretariat that funding is unavailable. It is uncertain whether future funding will be made available to enable the United States to satisfy that amount.

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR CULTURE STATEMENT OF PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

	Uncollected balances		420	254,204		300				32.089									657 7						2,325	•	17.400								\$ 333,277
tions	In advance	1441										\$ 4.831	325			3,129																			\$ 8,285
Collections	For 1990 and	# 101 years	6/0	89,250	1,100	1,000	3,200	•	87,400	•	13.500	16,600	3,100	1,000	14,038	6,740	3,100	200		7 800	3 6	รู้ห	65,470	5,500	6,087	3,100	•	400	500	009	2,900	2 300	220,000	6.000	53,041
	Diadras for 1000	000	00A A	69,800	1,100	1,300	3,200		87,400	32,089	13,500	16,600	3, 100	1,000	3,100	3,100	3,100	200	3,100	3 800	2,000	7,700	65.472	3,100	3,100	3,100	8,500	007	200	400	2,000	100	220,000	6.000	38,100
Balances at December 31, 1989	Received in											\$ 6,857	•	1,000																					\$ 7,857
Balances at De	Uncollected	325	-	773,634											10,938	3,640			4,359	•	300			2,400	5,312		8,900			200		200			33,991 \$ 344,119
	Member State	Antiglis and Rachida		Al gentina	gananas	Barbados	Bolivîa		Brazil	Canada	Chile	Colombia	Costa Rica	Dominica	Dominican Republic	Ecuador	El Salvador	Grenada	Guatemala	Haiti	Honduras	Janaica	Mexico	Nicaragua	Panama	Paraguay	Peru	St. Kitts and Nevis	Saint Lucia	St. Vincent and the Grenadines	Suriname	Trinidad and Tobago	United States	Uruguay	Venezuela

MAR DEL PLATA ACCOUNT STATEMENT OF PLEDGES, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

	Balances at De	Balances at December 31, 1989		Collections	ions	
Member State	10001	UI DOA I ADAY		For 1990 and	In advance	Uncollected balances
State of the state	מורמו ובכנבם	advance	Pledges for 1990	Drior years	for 1991	at December 31, 1990
igua and barolida	\$ 225		006 \$	\$ 575		011/
Argentina	329,523		260 555			
Bahamas			11,000	28,6%		417,833
Special			2,100	2,100		
E COOS		\$ 200	2,400	1.934		777
80(1VI&	200		5,700	5,900		8
Brazil	72 250		1			
Canada			005,0%1	37,000		182,750
4			105,434			105,434
			24,600	24,600		•
		27,954	30,300	30,300	\$ 22,318	
ינם אוכם			2,600	776"7	•	929
Dominica		AQK	308	Š		
Dominican Republic	22,517	1	26.69	o Ŝ		3 7 7 6 8
Ecuador	3,748		80,4	î		28,117
El Salvador	2		900,1	\$ ** \$	3,169	
Greenway.			009,4	2,600		
			006	006		
Guatemala	5,600		7.			;
Kaiti	•		000 7	000		92,1
Honduras	2.631		007.5	9,200		
Jamaica			000,0			8,231
			5,600	2,600		
3			109,865	109,865		
Nicaragua	4,425		5,600	ማሪህ ባት		
Panama	8,525		75,50			i d
Paraguay	•		200, 1	6		7,12
Peru	49.915		1,000 1,000	8		1
St. Kitts and Nevis			400	400		66,215
Saint Lucia			ć	o o		
St.Vincent and the Grenadines	300		906	206		
Suriname			2000	4 400		
Trinidad and Tobago	UUO		2004,4	200,4		
United States	1 PEO 000 14		009,4	8,99,4		1,852
	(,) 000,000,1		1,000,000	1,000,000		1,850,000
Uruguay			11,000	Co		
Venezuela	67,251		56.400	657 56		60,000
	A 7 410 010	0 30 ZEO	100 800			202
	010,414,1	4 47,530	\$ 1,705,895	\$ 1,407,376	\$ 25,487	\$ 2,715,529

(*) The uncollected balance of the United States results from a 1977 pledga for which the government, in 1985, has informed the Ceneral Secretariat that funding is unavailable. It is uncertain whather future funding will be made available to enable the United States to satisfy that amount.

STATEMENTS OF SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS

SIIMMAARY OF APPROPRIATIONS

	SUMMA YEAR EI	SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,1990	RIATIONS ER 31,1990			
	1990–91 approved by the General Assembly	Reserved for execution in 1991	Approved for 1990	Secretary General discretionary transfers	Supplementary	1990 Final
General Assembly and Permanent Council	\$ 17,127,300	\$ 8,603,400	\$ 8,523,900	\$ (400,245)		\$ 8,123,655
Executive Office of the General Secretariat	9,874,900	4,877,100	4,997,800	(25,082)	\$ 322,345	5,295,063
Activities of the Executive Secretariat for Economic and Social Affairs	13,708,200	006'888'9	6,819,300	133,878		6,953,178
Activities of the Executive Secretariat for Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Affairs	22,881,900	11,486,800	11,395,100	(53,978)		11,341,122
Offices Away from Headquarters	11,834,500	5,931,300	5,903,200	(517,773)		5,385,427
Activities of the Secretariat for Legal Affairs	3,027,000	1,525,200	1,501,800	(203,766)		1,298,034
Activities of the Secretariat for Management	15,296,000	7,750,300	7,545,700	(385,421)		7,160,279
Common Administrative and Personnel Costs Global Adjustment of Personnel Costs	18,029,600	8,805,800	9,223,800	1,398,618		9,223,800
Contributions to: Inter-American Defense Board Inter-American Children's Institute Inter-American Commission of Women Pan American Development Foundation Inter-American Library Simon Bolivar	4,917,400 1,884,400 1,068,100 192,100	2,458,700 955,000 539,600 97,600	2,458,700 929,400 528,500 94,500 50,000	38,276 15,493		2,458,700 967,676 543,993 94,500 50,000
	\$ 120,120,200	\$ 60,050,100	\$ 60,060,100 (*)	\$	\$ 322,345	\$8,400

(a) AG/Res. 1012 (XIX-0/89) and AG/Res. 1072 (XX-0/90) (*) Excludes the first year quota of Canada of \$4,222,700.

REGULAR FUND SUMMARY OF DISPOSITION OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

					\$ 50,050,100 (*)	(a) Budgeted funding: Quotas
\$ 65,310,450	\$ 5,250,350	\$ 55,132,095	\$ 6,635,083 (b)	\$ 48,497,012	\$ 60,382,445 (a)	
97,310	0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,0	81,490	396	81,094	50,000 88,400	Inter American Library Simon Bolivar Inter American Music Council
97,600 100,000	20,000	94,500		94,500	94,500	Pan American Development Foundation Inter - American Library Simon Bolivar
577,516	37,916	506,077	60,146	445,931	543,993	Inter-American Commission of Women
996,872	41,872	925,804	27,215	898,589	967,676	Inter-American Children's Institute
2,458,572	(128)	2,458,828	2,709	2,456,119	2,458,700	Contributions to: Inter-American Defense Board
1,398,618	1,398,618	•			1,398,618	Global adjustment of Personnel Costs
9 020 578	91K 77R	000 200	4 401 951	7 EOE 171	000000	
8,198,852	448,552	6,711,727	124,738	6,586,989	7,160,279	Activities of the Secretariat for Management
1,533,316	8,116	1,289,918	29,805	1,260,113	1,298,034	Activities of the Secretariat for Legal Affairs
6,032,376	101,076	5,284,351	132,651	5,151,700	5,385,427	Offices Away from Headquarters
12,160,890	674,090	10,667,032	3,493,443	7,173,589	11,341,122	Activities of the Executive Secretariat for Educational, Scientific and Cultural Affairs
8,598,900	1,710,000	5,243,178	231,281	5,011,897	6,953,178	Activities of the Executive Secretariat for Economic and Social Affairs
4,950,020	72,920	5,222,143	564,821	4,657,322	5,295,063	Executive Office of the General Secretariat
\$ 9,087,030	\$ 483,630	\$ 7,640,025	\$ 486,027	\$ 7,153,998	\$ 8,123,655	General Assembly and Permanent Council
reserved for execution in 1991	balance carried forward	expenditures and obligations	Unliquidated Obligations	Charges for expenditures	1990 Final	
Unobligated and	Unobligated	Total				

⁽a) Budgeted funding: Quotas

S 50,050,100 (
Other sources: Americas subscription revenue 322,345

Charged to 1990 appropriations

Charged to prior years appropriations

\$ 6,635,083

\$ 6,622,355

(*) Excludes the first year quota of Canada of 84,222,700.

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

1990 Final	\$4,177,388	446,000	1,052,198	39,814	857,000 \$6,572,400
CEPCIES discretionary transfers	\$ 25,288		23,998	(49,286)	I
Adjusted by CEPCIES (c)	\$ (2,539,400)	(265,000)	45,500	(91,300)	(427,400)
Approved for 1990	\$ 6,691,500	711,000	982,700	180,400	1,284,400
Reserved for execution in 1991	\$ 6,728,500	688,000	1,044,300	104,800	1,284,400
1990–91 Approved by the General Assembly (a) +(b)	\$ 13,420,000	1,399,000	2,027,000	285,200	2,568,800
	National Technical Cooperation Projects	Plurinational Projects	Inter-American Centers	Support Resources	Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support

(a) 1990: AG/Res. 1012 (XIX-O/89).(b) 1991: AG/Res. 1072 (XX-O/90).(c) CEPCIES Doc. SPP13/90.

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND SUMMARY OF DISPOSITION OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

Unobligated and reserved for execution in 1991	\$ 9,311,384	843,470	1,264,571	142,414	1,733,522 \$13,295,361
Unobligated balance carried forward	\$ 2,582,884	155,470	220,271	37,614	449,122 \$3,445,361 (b)
Total expenditures and obligations	\$1,594,504	290,530	831,927	2,200	407,878 \$3,127,039
Unliquidated	\$ 543,889	60,338	3,203	809	\$ 608,038 (a)
Charges for expenditures	\$1,050,615	230,192	828,724	1,592	407,878 \$2,519,001
1990 Final	\$4,177,388	446,000	1,052,198	39,814	\$6,572,400
	National Technical Cooperation Projects	Plurinational Projects	Inter-American Centers	Support Resources	Contributions for Administrative and Technical Support

\$ 608,038 874,032 \$1,482,070 (a) – Unliquidated obligations
Charged to 1990 appropriations
Charged to prior years appropriations

(b) - Unobligated balance carried forward Balance at Dec. 31, 1990 of unobligat

o wale nobligated appropriation carried forward at Dec. 31 1989.		ક્ષા કર્યા કરમા કર્યા કરમા કર્યા કરમા કર્યા કરમા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કર્યા કરમા કર્યા કરમા કર્યા કરમા કરમા કરમા કરમા કર્યા કરમા કરમા કરમા કરમા કરમા કરમા કરમા કરમ	
169	ina idated appropriation carried forward at Dec. 3	102 602 0 102 602 0 103 603 0	
		86.735.068	

SPECIAL MULTILATERAL FUND OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

1990 Final	354,000	4,999,900	5,429,500	1,400,700	\$ 12,184,100
Discretionary transfer authorized by CEPCIECC	\$ 324,631 \$	(64,847)	(27,163)	(232,507)	\$ 114 \$
Adjusted by CEPCIECC (d)	\$ (289,400)	(747,900)	(747,900)		\$ (1,785,200)
Unobligated appropriations carried forward at Dec. 31, 1989	\$ 22,769	1,906,647	2,290,563	416,207	\$ 4,636,186
Approved for 1990	\$ 296,000	3,906,000	3,914,000	1,217,000	\$ 9,333,000
Reserved for execution in 1991	\$ 296,000	3,910,000	3,910,000	1,217,000	\$ 9,333,000
1990 – 91 approved by the General Assembly (a) + (b)	\$ 592,000	7,816,000	7,824,000	2,434,000	\$ 18,666,000
	Activities of the Executive Secretariat	Regional Educational Development Programs	Regional Scientific and Technological Development Programs	Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support	

(a) 1990: AG/Res. 1012 (XIX-O/89).
(b) 1991: AG/Res. 1072 (XX-O/90).
(c) AG/Res. 1010 (XIX-0/89) - 90% 1989 Unobligated appropriations.
(d) CEPCIECC Doc. 232 (XVII-E/90) and Doc. 1137/90.

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

SPECIAL MULTILATERAL FUND OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE SUMMARY OF DISPOSITION OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

	1990 Final	Charges for expenditures	Unliquidated Obligations	Total expenditures and obligations	Unobligated balance carried forward	Unobligated and reserved for execution in 1991
Activities of the Executive Secretariat	\$ 354,000	\$ 154,910	\$ 58,524	\$ 213,434	\$ 140,566	\$ 436,266
Regional Educational Development Programs	4,999,900	527,767	1,416,268	1,944,035	3,055,865	6,965,865
Regional Scientific and Technological Development Programs	5,429,500	552,216	300,925	853,141	4,576,359	8,486,359
Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support	1,400,700	451,592		451,592	949,108	2,166,408
	\$ 12,184,100	\$ 1,686,485	\$1,775,717	\$ 3,462,202	\$ 8,721,898	\$ 18,054,898

SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR CULTURE SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

1990 Final	009'6 \$	104,400	684,700	80,200			\$ 958,000
Discretionary transfer authorized by CEPCIECC	\$ 10,585	67,563	259,974	(258,102)	(24,127)	(23,252)	(32,600)
Adjusted by CEPCIECC (d)	\$ (3,598)	(185,022)					(32,002)
Unobligated appropriation carried forward at Dec. 31, 1989	\$ (9,987)	(48,341)	44,926	255,902	24,127	23,252	\$ 321,881
Approved for 1990 (a)	\$ 12,600	270,200	379,800	82,400			\$ 856,700
Reserved for execution in 1991 (b)	\$ 13,300	33,000	614,000	84,700			\$ 856,700
1990 – 91 approved by the General Assembly (a) + (b)	\$ 25,900	303,200	993,800	167,100			\$1,713,400
	Activities of the Executive Secretariat	Regional Cultural Development Program Direction	Cultural Policies and Financing	Cultural Heritage	Arts	Youth Affairs	Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support

⁽a) 1990: AG/Res. 1012 (XIX-O/89).
(b) 1991: AG/Res. 1072 (XX-O/90).
(c) AG/Res. 1010 (XIX-O89) - 90% 1989 Unobligated appropriations.
(d) CEPC/ECC Doc. 232 (XVII-E/90).

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR CULTURE SUMMARY OF DISPOSITION OF APPROPRIATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

	1990 Final	Charges for expenditures	Unliquidated Obligations	Total expenditures and obligations	Unobligated balance carried forward	Unobligated and reserved for execution in 1991
Activities of the Executive Secretariat	9,600	\$ 2,820	\$ 5,000	\$ 7,820	\$ 1,780	\$ 15,080
Regional Cultural Development Program Direction	104,400	40,604	1,415	42,019	62,381	95,381
Cultural Policies and Financing	684,700	49,286	212,897	262,183	422,517	1,036,517
Cultural Heritage	80,200	21,122	22,406	43,528	36,672	121,372
Arts						
Youth Affairs						
Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support	\$ 958,000	53,332	\$ 241,718	53,332 \$ 408,882	\$ 549,118	137,468

SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990 MAR DEL PLATA ACCOUNT

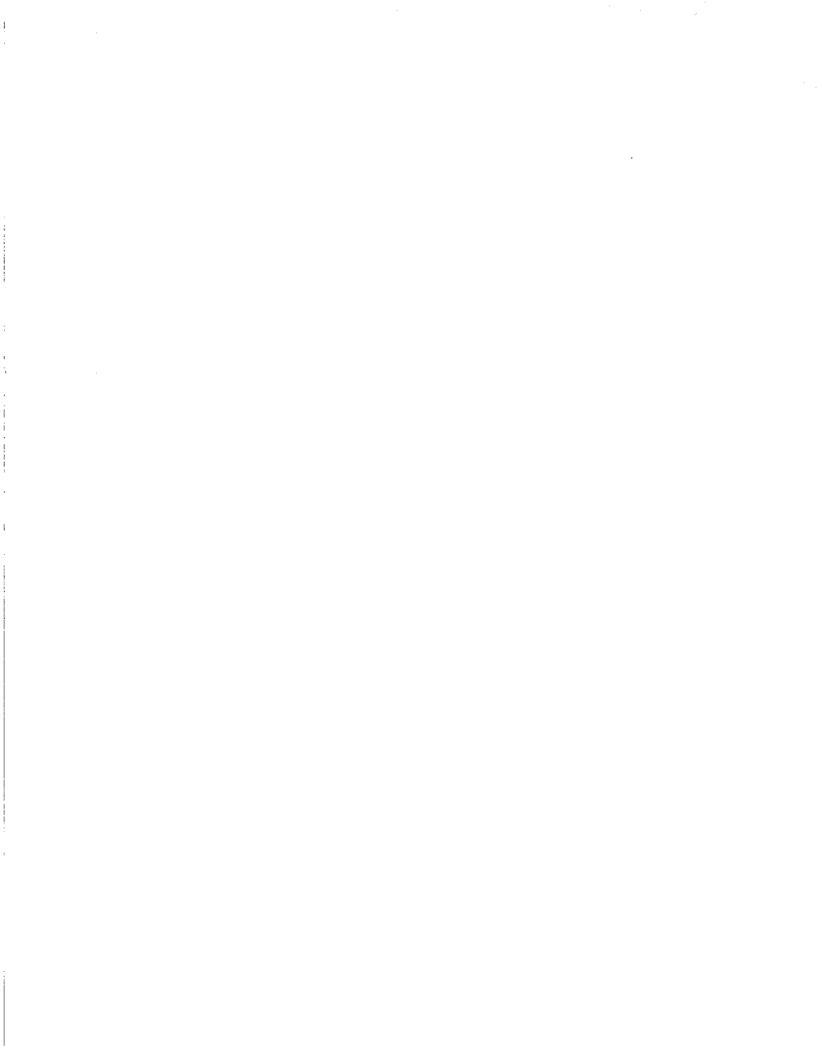
1990 Final	\$ 462,000	498 600	1,164,100	900.00				795,800	1,371,300	119,400					376,500	\$4,837,600
Discretionary transfers authorized by	\$ 141,248	160,229	505,553	(317,187)	(186,659)	(149,919)		956,977	18,583	6,632	(944,126)	(8,505)	170		(182,392)	\$ 604
Adjusted by CEPCIECC (d)	\$ (465,005)	(172,800)						(555,700)								\$ (1,193,505)
Unobligated appropriation carried forward at Dec. 31, 1989	\$ 475,957	(29)	111,847	367,087	186,659	40 00 00 00		139,623	290,417	112,768	944,126	8,505	(170)		186,792	\$2,973,501
Approved for 1990 (a)	\$ 309,800	511,200	546,700					254,900	1,062,300						372,100	\$3,057,000
Reserved for execution in 1991	\$ 203,800	39,300	1,018,600					108,600	1,209,000	15,600					372,100	\$2,967,000
Approved by the General Assembly (a)+(b)	\$ 513,600	550,500	1,565,300					363,500	2,271,300	15,600					744,200	\$ 6,024,000
	Executive Secretariat	Director of the Education Department	Improvement of Educational System	Education Planning and Research	Experimental Education for Work	Communication for Education	Director of the Science	and Technology Department	Basic Sciences	Applied Sciences	Technology	Science and Technology Planning	Technology Team on Planning	Contribution for Administrative	and Technical Support	

⁽a) 1990: AG/Res.1012 (XIX-O/89).
(b) 1991: AG/Res. 1072 (XX-O/90).
(c) AG/Res. 1010 (XIX-O/89) - 90% 1989 Unobligated appropriations.
(d) CEPCIECC Doc.232 (XXVII-E/90) and Doc. 1137/90.

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

MAR DEL PLATA ACCOUNT SUMMARY OF DISPOSITION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

	1990 Final	Charges for expenditures	Unliquidated Obligations	Total expenditures and obligations	Unobligated balance carried forward	Unobligated and reserved for execution in 1991
Executive Secretariat	\$ 462,000	\$ 82,917	\$ 80,366	\$ 163,283	\$ 298,717	\$ 502,517
Director of the Education Department	498,600	(485)		(485)	499,085	538,385
Improvement of Educational System	1,164,100	69,869	255,078	324,947	839,153	1,857,753
Education Planning and Research	49,900	9,008	35,830	44,838	5,062	5,062
Experimental Education for Work						
Communication for Education						
Director of the Science and Technology Department	795,800	44,010	1,010	45,020	750,780	859,380
Basic Sciences	1,371,300	2,444	3,556	6,000	1,365,300	2,574,300
Applied Sciences	119,400	25,571	11,160	36,731	82,669	98,269
Technology						
Science and Technology Planning						
Technology Team on Planning						
Contribution for Administrative and Technical Support	376,500	93,050		93,050	283,450	655,550
	\$ 4,837,600	\$ 326,384	\$ 387,000	\$ 713,384	\$ 4,124,216	\$7,091,216



SPECIFIC FUNDS - STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND CHANGES IN CASH AND FUND BALANCES

Regular fund Specific funds Statement of Assets, Liabilities, changes in net Assets and fund Balances

<u>Project</u>	Cash Balance Dec. 31, 1989	Contributions	Transfers	Year ende Interest Income	Year ended December 31, 1990 Interest Returns Income and Refunds Expend	iitures	Net Change	Cash Balance Dec.31, 1990	Fund Balance Unliquidated (deficit) Obligations Dec. 31,1990	Fund Balance (deficit)
<u>Designated by Donor:</u>										2001 1200
Argentina XII CIECC Meeting Bolivia I—A Conference Int'I Law Bolivia IX General Assembly Brazil Social Integrated Development Program Chile I—A Commission of Nuclear Energy Colombia XI Ordinary Meeting — CIECC	\$ (66,356) (41,870) (55,001) 54,409 2,232 (25,703)	\$ 90,701	\$ (2,292)			\$ 110,416	\$ (19,715) (2,292)	\$ (66,356) (41,870) (55,001) 34,694	\$ 18,737	\$ (66,356) (41,870) (55,001) 15,957
Colombia Commemorative IA Centenary Dominican Republic IACW – XX Assembly Dominican Republic I – A Discovery America Meeting Ecuador OAS Building El Salvador XVIII General Assembly Grenada VII General Assembly	(11,335) 103 31,749 21,579 (14,341)	1,028				1,082	(54)	(54) (11,335) (11,335) 103 31,749 9,287 (14,341)	918 103 7,223	(23,703) (972) (11,335) 31,749 2,064
Guatemala XVI General Assembly Guatemala I—A Commission of Nuclear Energy Honduras/El Salvador Military Observers Mission Jameica XIV CIECC Meeting — 1983 Jameica Chakmaking Industry — St. Thomas Jameica Food & Nutrition Policy—Prog.Course	(1,373) 39,136 (363,508) (8,769) 1,619 6,398					6,290	(6,290)	(1,373) 32,846 (363,508) (8,769) 1,619 6,398	681	(1,373) 32,165 (363,508) (8,769) 1,619 6,398
Nicaragua/Costa Rica Civilian Observers Panama Canal Treaty Paraguay XX Ordinary Meeting CIECC Paraguay XX General Assembly St. Vincent Fellowship Program U.S. NEA Grant—Latin American Paintings	(24,703) (24,487) 37,648 1,374 378	146,442				60 142,378 3,322	(60) 4,064 1,678	(24,703) (24,487) 37,588 4,064 1,374 2,056	10,815 1,374 350	(24,703) (24,487) 26,773 4,064
U.S. NEH Grant-Museum Humanities Catalog. U.S. XIV Panamerican Child Congress U.S. Telecommunications Law Symposium U.S. CIAV Nicaragua U.S. Observation Electoral Haiti U.S. Observation Electoral Nicaragua	6,940 (11,218) 5,000 630,948 (169,276)	(a) 24,688,550 (b) 1,375,358 500,000	(133,420)	\$ 225,561 65,043 7,357	\$ (65,043) (15,395)	17,542,572 1,316,908 189,266	7,371,539 58,450 169,276	6,940 (11,218) 5,000 7,371,539 689,398	1,250 5,785,885 417,596	6,940 (11,218) 3,750 1,585,654 271,802
U.S. Observat, Electoral and CIAV Nicaragua Uruguay IV I – A Special Conference Int'i Law CICAD – IA Program of Rio de Janeiro Constructora Norberto Odebrecht – Peru Emilio Odebrecht Foundation – Brazil FONDEM – IA Emergency Aid Fund	8,113 484,224 5,270 19,658	3,626,790 639,297 54,000 51,400	133,420	51,122 28,367 1,757	(51,122)	3,644,428 7,987 469,619 28,503 41,947	115,782 (7,987) 200,896 25,497 9,453 1,757	115,782 126 685,120 25,497 14,723 21,415	115,782 39,833 8,434 8,606	126 645,287 17,063 6,117 21,415
Ford Foundation – Indian Leaders Meet. IBM – Commemorative IA Centenary IBM/PADF/OAS Education Program Inter-American Children Institute	7,936	231,083	707	19,075		3,780 725 109,979	(3,780) (18) 140,179	(3,780) (18) 7,936 328,263	20,771	(24,551) (18) 7,936 293,878
Inter-American Comm. on Human Rights Inter-American Music Council Inter-American Quincentennial Fund	9,186 (4,140) 927	12,485				9,012 2,553	(9,012)	174 (4,140) 10,859		174 (4,140) 10,859

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ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

REGULAR FUND SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash			Year ende	Year ended December 31, 1990	1, 1990		Cash	ч.	Fund Balance
<u>Project</u>	Balance Dec. 31, 1989	Contributions	Transfers	Interest Income a	Returns and Refunds	Expenditures Net Change	Net Change	Balance Dec.31, 1990	Unliquidated (deficit) Obligations Dec. 31, 1990	(deficit) ec. 31, 1990
Inter-American Statistical Institute Inter-American Women Commission Israel - Assistance for Latin America	201,294 12,466 (1,497)	15,032	16,600	18,043		19,933	13,142	214,436 28,293 (1,497)	3,832	210,604 27,831 (1,497)
Italy Cooperative Tourism Luis O Cameiro Exposition – Paraguay Modern Art of Latin America Ohio University—500 Ann.Disc.of America PALCO to Museum SDAF/FEMCIECC to OAS Fellowship Program	2,300 766 779 1,940	1,410 5,056 2,363 3,658				557 3,865 600	853 1,191 2,363 3,058	2,300 766 1,632 3,131 2,363	83,092	2,300 766 1,532 3,131 2,363 32,256
Support Offices away of Headquarters UN-ACNUR- Refugees in Latin Amer. XI-A Indian Congress - Argentina Xerox Grant - Latincamerican Art Museum XXI Consult Meet.Ministers	190,244 3,026 1,997	232,483		7,776		152,713 271 1,076 1,400	87,546 (271) (1,076) 3,600	277,790 2,755 921 3,600	26,728	257,062 2,755 921 3,600
Subtotal Designated by OAS:	1,266,495	31,687,136	15,015	425,343	(128,709)	23,825,549	8,173,237	9,439,732	6,580,855	2,858,876
IICA ~ Administrative Tribunal Art Permanent Collection Books for OAS Education Programs Columbus Memorial Library Discovery of America Souvenir Sale I~A System in its Second Century	18,036 2,119 5,706 69,093 7,813	14,964 26,155 25,284 4,772 2,957	(5,706)			24,049 24,943 22,390 7,234	(9,085) 1,212 (5,706) 2,894 (2,462) 2,250	8,951 3,331 71,987 5,351 3,375	7,432 715 3,083 1,252	1,519 2,616 68,904 4,099 3,375
George Mason/OAS Joint Program General Publications Sales GSB Cafeteria Operation Microfische Sale Model OAS – Public Information OAS Vehicle Replacement Fund	4,184 146,179 278,081 65,717 7,378 1,456	230 17,647 47,228 17,575 150	(4,184)			9,417 20,169 12,621 19,943	(3,954) 8,230 27,059 (12,621) (2,368) 150	230 154,409 305,140 53,096 5,010 1,606	19,199 19,474 3,367 3,021	230 135,210 285,666 49,729 1,989 1,606
OAS/IDB Centernial Essay Contest Rental Hall of the Americas Sales Audio Visual Materials Staff Development Activities Work Related Disabilities Fund Subtotal	313,588 14,891 276,983 1,214,354 \$2,480,843	96,718 16,426 56,000 320,106 \$ 32,007,242	9,869 (708)	24,908 24,908 8 450,251	(1,460) (1,460) \$ (120,169)	3,660 42,277 18,481 96 32,616 237,096 5,24,065,443	(3,660) 54,441 (3,515) 9,793 42,292 104,950 \$ \$,270,189	(3,660) 368,029 11,376 9,793 221,280 1,319,304 5 10,735,038	55 12,591 1,893 72,081 \$ 6,652,936	(3,715) 355,438 9,483 9,793 321,280 1,247,223
Ortaloung C Travel, salery advances and other receivables Accounts sayable and other liabilities Unliquidated obligations	,	10 de	i.		i.			\$ 11,163,239 266,310 (770,510) \$ 10,759,036		\$ 11,163,238 365,310 (770,510) (6,652,937) \$ 4,106,098

⁽a) Includes: \$2,000 from Republic of Cyprus, \$10,000 from Venezuela, and \$125,550 from European Economic Community. (b) Includes: \$100,000 from Venezuela, \$150,813 from Canada, and \$114,545 from France.

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash		Ye	ar ended [Year ended December 31, 1990	1990		Cash		Fund	Fund Balance
Design		:			Returns			Balance	Unliquidated		(deficit)
וומפרו	Dec. 31, 1989 C	Contributions	Transfers	lncome 8	and Refunds	Expenditures	Net Change	Dec.31, 1990	Obligations		Dec. 31, 1990
Argentina CICAP	\$ (1,510)	\$ 10,202				\$ 7,442	\$ 2,760	\$ 1,250	\$ 1.250		
Argentina CIET	40,727	173,154	⇔	5,503		75,125	103,532	144,260	_	w	66.374
Argentina School Dinning Program	94.8. 50.00					51,875	(51,875)	3,039	2,596		343
Argentina Tourism Development	661					() *	3	529			523
Bolivia Parapeti CORDECRUZ	1,915					9	(100)		900		(\$) (\$)
Bolivia Pilcomavo River Basin — Phasa II	000							2			ก
Bolivia Technical Cooperation CODDECU	8/8/4					3,411	(3,411)	1,458	212		1.256
Brayl CITNER LATIOENE	3,623					3,162	(3,162)	461	89		372
Brazil CODEVASE to BLANIVASE	3,328	i				400	(400)	2,928	200		2.728
Brezil CODEVASE to PROMI	289,021	5,966				286,299	(280,333)	8,689	5,409		3.280
Brazil Reconstruction At AGOAS	807,080	90,782				740,281	(649,499)	40,759	64,793		(24,034)
	130,640	9/8/181				232,345	(100,366)	38,474	9,670		28,804
Brazil SUDAN	548,175					200					
Brazil SUDENE to PLANVASF	10,655					401,224	(401,224)	146,952	69,328		77,624
Canada CIDA Interamerican Customs		16.797				000,4	(1,085)	3,050	381		2,679
Canada CIDA OAS	18,000	<u>;</u>	\$ 7.300			19,382	CL9,1	7,415	5,086		(3,671)
Canada OIDA River Bassin Putumayo			*			000,01	(10,700)	008'/			7,300
Canada CIDA Small Business Development	3,955		119,300			25 645	93,655	110,200	18,756		91,448
							200	010,16	10,404		241.70
Canada CIDA Technical Coop. Unprogrammed Canada CITF!	139,567	235,340	(253,400)	18,021			(38)	139,528			139,528
Chile CIENES	8,515	10,213				8,933	1,280	9,795	3,133		6.662
Colombia CAB Conservat Natural Resources	528,113	170,060		21,251		100,001	91,310	320,423	52,136		268,287
Dominican Republic Public Finance 108	10.069	400,000				2,400	397,600	397,600	269,200		128,400
Dominican Republic Tech. Coop, Preinvestment	85C CC					18,215	(18,215)	1,754	570		1,184
	253,23					9,413	(9,413)	12,824	12,600		\$25
Dominican Republic VII I – A Ports Conference	6,444							6.444			A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.A.
Electrodor Taitain Plant	11,497					10,499	(10,499)	888	928		
CI Salvador i filinio Phase II		236,261	(136,261)			41,563	58.437	58 437	19 694		28 7.43
Consemala Infinio Phase II			82,261			40 777	41.484	41,484	10.791		30.603
	;		54,000			23,264	30,736	30,736	14 030		16,706
guadania di nagamita di nagamita di nagamita	(14,014)	696'09	(10,504)		÷	12,954	37,511	23,497	4,066		19,431
Paraguay Rural Colonies ATS – PAR/IDB/OAS	463							463			689
Paraguay 1ax Administration	(43,114)	77,367	10,504			49,100	38,771	(4.343)	25,100		(29 443)
Suring me Van Woung Const	1,165							1,165	1 1 1		1,165
Hitotray Forestry Development Seminary	31,905					34,410	(34,410)	(2,505)			2,505
Interest Not Dublic Transposition		26,209	(24,268)			1,656	285	285	285		
organy rate rubbe transportation	68,376	86,808	24,268			158,206	(47,130)	21,246	42,315		(21,069)
U.S. Central America Energy and Food	4,415					04	(40)	375 8			200
U.S. Hazzards Mitigation Latin America	30,601	300,000				313.800	(13.800)	20,4	GA 753		0.00.00
U.S. Modernization Telecom.Systems	660,936	56,000		32,541	\$ 569	430,510	(341,400)	319,536	152,724		166,812
U.S. The Telecommunications	133,083	:			(129,558)	3,525	(133,083)				
	63,798	44,900				75,633	(30,733)	33,065	838		32,227

SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND
SPECIFIC FUNDS
STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash		>	ear ended	Year ended December 31, 1990	1990		Cash		Fund Balance
Project	Balance Dec. 31, 1989	Contributions	Interest Income		Returns and Refunds	Expenditures Net Change	Net Change	Balance Dec. 31, 1990	Unliquidated Obligations	(deficit) Dec. 31, 1990
	•								5	
BIRF - Center for Privatization	6,208					5,410	(5,410)	798	36	762
BIRF - Formulation and Evaluation	2,338					•		2,338		2,338
CAF – Energy in Bolivia	853					362	(362)	491		491
CAF - Energy in Ecuador	6,045					3,000	(3,000)	3,045		3,045
CICOM - various sources	13,159	7,098				12,249	(5,151)	8,008	3,634	4,374
CINDER/CIDIAT	61,533					8,875	(8,875)	52,658	4,393	48,265
EUROPEAN Economic Community - Trifinio Grant	40,959					43,642	(43,642)	(2,683)	585	(3,268)
IDB - Environmental Study Uruguay	107,000	143,000				209,040	(66,040)	40,960	60,539	(19,579)
IDB - Forestry Basin Artibonito Haiti		30,000				21,140	8,860	8,860		098'8
IDB - Inter-American Customs Program	91,000	169,201				308,041	(138,840)	(47,840)	15,893	(63,733)
IDB - Meeting PISDIC	3,424							3,424	3,195	877
IDB/GUA/HON – El Cajon River Bassin	86,964	172,584				333,177	(160,593)	(73,629)	21,877	(95,506)
ILDES	15.000					1.985	(1.985)	13.015	1.490	11,525
Information Service Foreign Trade - SICE	(156.905)	451.387	4.129	15.013		257,399	213.130	56.225	54,032	2,193
Inst. Coop. ibero-Americana to CIENES	1,497			1		1.264	(1.264)	233	<u> </u>	233
Italy Telecommunications Study CONSULTEL	1,375,456			68.648		431,891	(363.243)	1.012.213	945.540	66.673
JICA/OAS Manabi Ecuador	80,550	8,924		1		68,061	(59,137)	21,413	5,200	16,213
PAHO - Parlamentarian Health Meeting		92,000				74,389	17,611	17,611	14,465	3,146
Saudi Arabia — Bural Davelonment	17 211					4 450	(4.450)	15 751	400	15.350
UNDP - Fiscal Policy	175,71			6 403		24,74	(1,730)	200	204 404	20,533
Development Project Staff Reimbursement	40.689			20,40		18,625	(1 F,003)	04,90 000 000 000 000	22,454	70'07 3'07
Administrative and accounting Support	72,337			35,363			35.363	107.700		107.700
Accounting Support	191,881			90,833		105,931	(15,098)	176,783	7,171	169,612
Regional Development Support	169,253			90,833		75,638	15,195	184,448	125,954	58,494
	\$5,535,377	\$3,207,203	\$ (12,471)	\$ 384,489	\$ (128,989)	\$5,262,247	\$ (1,812,016)	\$3,723,362	\$ 2,286,872	\$ 1,436,490
Consisting of:										
Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund								\$3,898,575		\$ 3,898,575
Travel, salary advances and other receivables								12,480		12,480
Accounts payable and other liabilities								(187,693)		(187,633)
Unliquidated Obligations										(2,286,872)
								\$3,723,362		\$ 1,436,490

J ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

SPECIAL MULTILATERAL FUND OF THE INTER-AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash		Å	ear ended D	Year ended December 31, 1990	990		Cash		Fund Balance
<u>Project</u>	Balance Dec. 31, 1989	Contributions	Transfers	Interest Income a	Returns and Refunds	Expenditures	Net Change	Balance Dec.31, 1990	Unliquidated Obligations	(deficit) Dec. 31, 1990
Argentina Science Projects		\$ 103,494				\$ 5,830	\$ 97,564	\$ 97,664	\$ 97,664	
Canada Science Projects	\$ (15,649)	15,649					15,649			
Chile Science Projects		5,000				3,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Colombia Unprogrammed funds Colombia Secretariat Projects Colombia Education Projects	1,476 15,760 18,807	54,611	\$ (56,087) 56,087			1,159	(1,476) (1,159) 15,425	14,601 34,232	23,045	\$ 14,601
Dominican Republic Education Projects	25,919							25,919		25,919
Germany Science Projects	262,044	204,812		\$ 19,046		321,301	(97,443)	164,601	53,007	111,594
Mexico Unprogrammed funds—Educ.Secretariat Mexico Secretariat Projects Mexico Education Projects	309,889	162,058	- "	54,353		253,384	35,982	36,052 306,583	286,171	36,052 20,412
Mexico Unprogrammed funds-Science Mexico Science Projects	160,233 40,042					175,424	38,567 (125,087) (23,753)	71,505 35,146 16,289	9,037	71,505 35,145 7,252
ed funds vjects	63,148 19,960		; ;	· 	The Committee of the Co	1,709	(1,709)	63,148 18,251	15,432	63,148 2,819
U.S. Unprogrammed funds U.S. Education Projects U.S. Science Projects	368,417 9,343 17,641		(41,000) 41,000	36,030		20,000	(4,970) 21,000	363,447 30,343 17,641	21,000	363,447 9,343 17,641
Venezuela Unprogrammed funds Venezuela Education Projects	378,447 38,253		(278,779) 93,583	27,360		62,283	(251,419)	127,028 69,553	59,553	127,628 10,000
Other Education Projects Other Science Projects	2,500 6,982 1,756,220	27,000	107	136,789		19,725 904,578	6 7,275 (245,454)	2,506 14,257 1,510,766	5,625	2,508 8,632 898,232
Scientific Monographs Caribbean Basin Scholarships Consisting of:	115,377 315,656 \$2,187,253	5,251 26,196 \$ 604,071	\$ (50,289)	29,106	i ω	40,553 17,936 \$ 963,067	(35,302) 37,366	80,075 353,022 \$1,943,862	25,602 16,182 \$ 614,318	54,473 338,840 \$1,329,544
Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund Travel, salary advances and other receivables Accounts payable and other liabilities Unliquidated obligations								\$1,954,743 2,124 (13,005) \$1,943,862		\$1,954,743 2,124 (13,005) (614,318) \$1,329,544

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR CULTURE
SPECIFIC FUNDS
STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Cash		Yes	ar ended De	Year ended December 31, 1990	390		Cash		Fund Balance
Project	Balance Dec. 31, 1989 (Contributions	Transfers	Interest Income	Returns and Refunds	Expenditures	Net Change	Balance Dec.31, 1990	Unliquidated Obligations	(deficit) Dec. 31, 1990
Brazil Unprogrammed funds	\$ 126,500		\$ (87,400)	\$ 5,320			\$ (82,080)	\$ 44,420		\$ 44,420
Chile Unprogrammed funds Chile Cultural Projects	3,000	\$ 45,500	3,157		\$ (37,200)		11,457	11,457	\$ 3,000	11,457
Colombia Cultural Projects	8,233							8,233	3,395	4,838
Mexico Unprogrammed funds Mexico Cultural Projects	35,600 16,123	38,828	S.	popular and a supply that is a supply of the	e om mynne en ell Vijskinskek konsecutivitet i voor	manner (1) je je závět k mend třek "n. mandžene povležíva", na koli kolový sporu kondo řížnohodový	38,828	74,428 16,123	16,123	74,428
Uruguay Cultural Projects	:	1,700	(1,100)		•	\$ 423	177	177		721
Venezueła – Unprogrammed funds Venezueła Cultural Projects ,	4,235 17,523		20,000			23,487	(3,487)	4,235 14,036	3,591	4,235 10,045
Andres Bello – XV Cusco Course	j	7,800				,	7,800	7,800	i L	_
beca Amana romanal music mends Beca Carlos y Alegria Beracasa	3,790	20,000				4,148	(4,281)	16,569	15,76U	
Miscellaneous records AME	637	2,838		,		1,540	1,298	1,935	288	1,647
OAS-Concert-UTAH Chambers players			1,100			586	101	101	101	
	\$ 217,017	\$ 116,666	\$ (64,243)	\$5,320	\$ (37,200)	\$ 34,878	\$ (14,335)	\$ 202,682	\$ 42,659	\$ 160,023
Consisting of:										
Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund Travel, salary advances and other receivables								\$ 214,686		\$ 214,636
Accounts payable and other liabilities Unliquidated obligations		r						(12,004)		(12,004)
								\$ 202,582		\$ 160,023

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

SCHEDULE 20

MAR DEL PLATA ACCOUNT SPECIFIC FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

	Fund Balance (deficit)	Dec. 31, 1990		25,080	1,547	282,180 14,239	56,551 68,457 (106)	117,885	1,478 \$ 569,405	\$ 641,049	(1,260)	\$ 569,405
	Fi Unliquidated					6,177	1,365 226		\$ 70,384			
<u>!</u>	Cash Balance	\$ 62.271		23.171	1,547	282,180	58,016 68,457 120	117,885	\$ 639,789	\$ 641,049	(1,260)	\$ 639,789
	Net Change	\$ 62,271				(44,704) (31,158)	61,897 (64,853)	10,220	\$ (20,428)			
	enditures					125,689	2,956	101 11	\$ 148,346			
	Year ended December 31, 1990 Interest Returns Income and Refunds Exp	•						After A. Comm. A Supple principals (Apple September 1997)	မ			
	ear ended Interest					\$ 42,861		10,220	\$ 53,081			
	Transfers					\$ (229,331)	61,897 (61,897)	e a Maria de la companya de la compa	\$(134,800)			
	Contributions	\$ 67,871				141,766		nes simulation describes the second s	\$ 209,637			
	Cash Balance Dec. 31, 1989 C		\$ 3,895	23,171	1,547	326,884 51,574 58,016	6,550 64,973	107,665 15,932	\$ 660,217			
	<u>Project.</u>	Argentina Unprogrammed funds	Brazii Unprogrammed funds	Colombia Unprogrammed funds	Costa Rica Science projects	Mexico Unprogrammed funds-Educt.Secretariat Mexico Secretariat Projects Mexico Ecucation Projects	Mexico Unprogrammed funds-Science Mexico Science Projects	Venezuela Unprogrammed funds Venezuela Science Projects	Consisting of:	Cash and equity in OAS Treasury Fund Travel, salary advances and other receivables	Accounts payable and other liabilities Unliquidated obligations	
							11-	62				

SECTION III

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OF THE RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

SECTION III

RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND

The Retirement and Pension Fund of the Organization of American States is administered by the Retirement and Pension Committee. At December 31, 1990, the committee was composed of:

Chairman:

Ambassador William Douglas, representing

the Permanent Council

Vice Chairman:

Mr. Owen B. Lee, representing the Permanent

Council

Member:

Mr. Alan Smith, representing the Secretary

General

Alternate:

Mr. Raul Sanguinetti, representing the Secretary

General

Member:

Mr. Patricio Chellew, representing the participants

in the Plan

Alternate:

Mr. Luis Oswaldo Roggi, representing the

participants in the Plan

Secretary-Treasurer:

Mr. Luis M. Lizondo

(not a member of the Committee)

The jurisdiction of the Board with respect to the external audit of the Fund was clarified by the Department of Legal Affairs of the General Secretariat in 1976 at the request of the Board.

The Board used the services of Ernst & Young to audit the accounts and financial statements of the Fund at December 31, 1990 and 1989 and for the years then ended. That firm's report on the statements is included in this report.

Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statement of net assets available for participant benefits of the Retirement and Pension Fund of the General Secretariat of the Organization of American States (the Fund) as of December 31, 1990 and 1989, and the related statement of changes in net assets available for participant benefits for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, information regarding the Fund's net assets available for participant benefits at December 31, 1990, and the changes therein for the year then ended, and the financial status of the fund at December 31, 1990 and 1989 and the changes therein for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

May 2, 1991

Ernst & Young



RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR PARTICIPANT BENEFITS

	Decem	ber 31,
100570	1990	1989
ASSETS		
investments, at market		
Short Term Investment	\$ 21,407,194	\$ 37,316,434
U.S. Govt And Agency Issues	61,610,512	47,221,495
Corporate Bonds	22,227,007	21,126,552
Municipal Bonds	948,249	1,026,266
Miscellaneous Bonds	1,919,702	
Preferred Stock	6,760	20,685
Common Stock	80,364,676	85,771,157
	188,484,100	192,482,589
Equity in OAS Treasury Fund	1,175,436	2,261,014
Notes receivable from participants secured by retirement accounts		323
	1,175,436	2,261,337
Receivables, principally accrued		
dividends and interest	1,708,102	1,658,417
	\$ 191,367,638	\$ 196,402,343
LIABILITIES		
Participant accounts pending liquidation	1,085,274	2,999,242
Provident Plan participants accounts	2,435,589	2,786,175
Miscellaneous payables	130,338	384,185
	3,651,201	6,169,602
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR	A 40m m 10 11 -	A 100 000
PARTICIPANT BENEFITS	\$ 187,716,437 	\$ 190,232,741

See accompanying notes

RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR PARTICIPANT BENEFITS

•	Years ended 1990	December 31, 1989
Investment income		
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of investments	\$ (10,581,147)	\$ 4,752,369
Net realized gains on sale of investments	779,722	16,929,241
Interest	9,574,096	9,318,274
Dividends	2,656,984	2,532,182
	2,429,655	33,532,066
Less investment expenses	293,857	301,468
•	2,135,798	33,230,598
Contributions		
Institutions	6,155,521	6,826,656
Participants	3,075,774	3,413,533
	9,231,295	10,240,189
Increase	11,367,093	43,470,787
Payments to pensioners	1,690,994	1,548,622
Liquidations paid to participants (or their benificiaries)	11,692,839	62,261,118
Interest credited to Provident Plan accounts	144,948	362,444
	13,528,781	64,172,184
Administrative expenses	354,616	341,069
Decrease	13,883,397	64,513,253
Net increase (decrease)	(2,516,304)	(21,042,466)
Net assets available for participant benefits:		
Beginning of year	190,232,741	211,275,207
End of year	\$ 187,716,437	\$ 190,232,741

See acompanying notes

RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1990 AND 1989

1. <u>Description of plans</u>

The activity of the Organization of American States Retirement and Pension Fund includes both the Retirement and Pension Plan (Plan) and the Provident Plan. The following brief description of the Plan and the Provident Plan is provided for general information purposes only.

Reference should be made to the Plan documents for complete information.

General - The Plan is a contributory plan maintained for the benefit of all staff members of the Organization of American States (OAS) and other affiliated agencies. Compulsory contributions are shared 2/3 by the institution and 1/3 by the staff member.

The Provident Plan is also a contributory plan established for the benefit of certain contracted employees. Contributions by the employer and the participant are made in equal amounts, (5%), and the balances in the accounts are fully vested in the name of the participants.

Benefits - Amounts included in participants' Plan accounts may only be withdrawn at the time of death, separation or retirement. Should participants in the Plan resign, they are entitled to receive the amount of their personal credits (contributions plus interest) and a percentage of the institutional credit (employer's contributions plus interest) based upon the vesting provisions of the Plan.

The vesting provisions provide that participants with less than four years of participation receive, in addition to 100% of their personal credits, 35% of the institutional credit. Participants with four years of participation receive 40% of the institutional credit. Participants receive an additional 20% of the institutional credit for each additional year in excess of four. They are fully vested in their institutional credits after seven years of contributory participation. Upon retiring, participants in the Plan are entitled to pensions payable for life. Participants who joined the Plan before January 1, 1982, may elect, instead of the preceding benefit, an ordinary life annuity based on the value of the total sum standing to their credit in their accounts. Alternatively, at their request, the Committee has the power to substitute some other form of benefit of equivalent value.

The Plan provides for minimum pension benefits. The minimum life pension for a participant at age sixty-five, with not less than fifteen years of participation in the Plan, is an annual amount equal to 2% of the average annual pensionable remuneration for the thirty-six consecutive months of highest pensionable remuneration within the last five years of remunerated participation, multiplied by the number of years of participation up to a maximum of thirty, and 1 2/3% additional for every year of participation in excess of thirty but less than forty. The same method is used to determine the amount of the voluntary retirement pension due to participants who elect that form of retirement which is applicable to participants fifty-five years of age or older but less than sixty-five whose years of participation and age, when added, total not less than eighty- five. Certain reductions are made for retirement at an age less than sixty or participation of less than thirty years when retiring at age less than sixty-five, if the participant does not qualify for voluntary retirement. The total of the accumulated funds in the Provident Plan participants' individual accounts may only be withdrawn at the time of death, transfer to the Pension Plan, or separation. Cost-of-living adjustments to pensions are contemplated in the Plan.

<u>Death benefits</u> - Upon death of a pensioner (or a participant with no less than five years of participation who dies while in active service), the pensioner's surviving spouse, and minor or disabled children, are entitled to a pension, as defined in the Plan. When an active participant dies with less than five years of participation, the surviving spouse and the minor or disabled children, if any, receive the total of the accumulated funds in the participant's account.

<u>Disability benefits</u> - Participants with not less than five years of participation in the Plan, whose services are terminated because of physical or mental disability receive annual disability benefits, in the form of a life pension, as defined in the Plan. Participants who have less than five years of participation receive the total of the accumulated funds in their accounts. A participant who joined the Plan before January 1, 1982 may elect to be covered instead by alternative provisions on disability retirement defined in the Plan.

Amendments to the Plan - Effective July 1st, 1990, following recommendations of the Retirement and Pension Committee, the General Assembly of the OAS approved the following changes in the Retirement and Pension Plan:

A surviving spouse of a present annuitant who retired before January 1, 1982, and who is alive on July 1st, 1990, shall be entitled to an annuity on the same terms as those on which this benefit is applied to a surviving spouse of an annuitant who retired on or after that date.

- Authorized the Retirement and Pension Committee to grant cost-of-living adjustments of up to 3% per annum on annuities, subject to conditions set forth in Resolution AG/RES 1051 (XX-0/90).
- Reduced from 15 to 7 the number of years of participation required for a
 participant to become entitled to withdraw the entire amount of the
 institutional credit upon leaving the service, and modified the vesting
 schedule.
- Increased from 10 to 50% the annuity of unmarried children who are totally and permanently disabled, when both parents are deceased.
- Authorized payment of the respective personal credit to the beneficiaries designated by a participant who dies while in active service with no surviving spouse or children.
- Established an alternative minimum annuity to participants at the lowest salary levels.
- Repealed the rule that the surviving spouse may not continue to receive an annuity if he or she remarries.
- Incorporated the necessary provisions for the Plan to continue to enjoy the status of a "qualified plan"
- Authorized the Retirement and Pension Committee to enter into agreements
 with the boards of retirement plans of other international organizations and
 member state governments to permit the transfer and continuity of pension
 rights and the transfer of funds of participants who leave to work in those
 organizations or governments, or vice versa, as set forth in amended Plan.
- Several other amendments to facilitate the application of the Plan were approved.

2. Income tax status of the Fund

As an international organization, the OAS is exempt from U.S. Federal income taxes and such exemption applies to the Retirement and Pension Fund of the General Secretariat of the OAS.

3. Funding policy

The plans are funded by the General Secretariat, other affiliated agencies and compulsory participants contributions at fixed percentages of annual pensionable remuneration.

A portion of the income earned on the Retirement and Pension Fund's investments is allocated semi-annually to Provident and Plan participants' accounts at rates determined by the Retirement and Pension Committee. The remaining portion, if any, is retained in the Plan's General Reserve for administrative expenses and to ensure continued Plan stability. Interest credited to participants' accounts was 5.5% and 13.75% in 1990 and 1989, respectively. Present employee's accumulated contributions were \$48,900,000 and \$47,400,000 at December 31, 1990 and 1989, respectively, including interest credited at rate determined by the Committee, compounded semi-annually.

4. Investments

The Fund's investment portfolio is managed by the State Street Bank of Boston and The Northern Trust Company of Chicago, within the investment policy guidelines established by the Retirement and Pension Committee.

The State Street Bank manages the equity and bond portfolios, including the Dedicated Bond Portfolio. The Northern Trust Co. manages the short-term investment portfolio. The Northern Trust Co. is also the custodian of all the Fund's securities, except for the funds in the Treasury Account of the General Secretariat of the OAS.

The classification of investments in terms of portfolios and financial instruments allows the matrix presentation that follows:

	PORTFOLIOS 1989							
	Short Term	Fixed Term	Equities	Dedicated	Total			
FINANCIAL CATEGORIES								
Short Term Investment	\$ 34,602,285	\$ 1,166,172	\$ 825,608	\$ 722,369	\$ 37,316,434			
U.S. Government and Agency Issues		34,847,953		12,373,542	47,221,495			
Corporate Bonds		21,120,892	5,660		21,126,552			
Municipalities Bonds		1,026,266			1,026,266			
Miscellaneous Bonds								
Preferred Stock			20,685		20,685			
Common Stock			85,771,157		85,771,157			
Total	\$ 34,602,285	\$ 58,161,283	\$ 86,623,110	\$ 13,095,911	\$ 192,482,589			

	PORTFOLIOS 1990					
	Short Term	Fixed Term	Equities	Dedicated	Total	
FINANCIAL CATEGORIES						
Short Term Investment	\$ 16,192,375	4,197,453	481,901	535,466	21,407,195	
U.S. Government and Agency Issues	11,108,295	38,227,108		12,275,108	61,610,511	
Corporate Bonds	7,046,250	15,180,757			22,227,007	
Municipalities Bonds		948,249			948,249	
Miscellaneous Bonds		1,919,702			1,919,702	
Preferred Stock			6,760		6,760	
Common Stock			80,364,676		80,364,676	
Total	\$ 34,346,920	\$ 60,473,269	\$ 80,853,337	\$ 12,810,574	\$ 188,484,100	

These tables facilitate the understanding of the composition and nature of the investment structure of the Fund. Also, beginning with this report, the listing of investment assets in the Statement of Net Assets follows the classification by financial instruments in full compliance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the classification of said assets for 1989 has been adapted to the new type of presentation only for the purpose of facilitating comparisons.

5. <u>Investment valuation</u>

Common and preferred stocks and bonds are valued at fair market value measured by the quoted price of the active market on which the security is traded as of the latest trade date prior to year end.

Any asset not traded on an active market such as thinly traded issues are valued by either obtaining a price from their issuer, a reputable private dealer, or from pricing specialists. Quoted prices in active markets or prices otherwise determined are provided by The Northern Trust Company. Investments for which fair values were determined by means other than a quoted price in an active market and net appreciation (depreciation) for the year ended December 31, 1990, are as follows:

December 31, 1990

	Net Appreciation (depreciation)					
	Quoted Price					
	C	on Active	Otherwise Determined			
		Market				Total
Short Term Investment	\$	(642,399)	\$	41,634	\$	(600,765)
Common and preferred stocks		(8,949,874)		113,070		(8,836,804)
United States Government Obligations		(319,891)	t	(196,370)		(516,261)
Corporate bonds and debentures		(598,741)		20,793		(577,948)
Municipalities		(49,369)	,			(49,369)
	\$ (10,560,274)	\$	(20,873)	\$	(10,581,147)

December 31, 1989

,	Net Appreciation (depreciation)					
	Quoted Price on Active Market		Otherwise Determined		over some service of the service of	Total
Short Term Investment	\$	788,128	\$	128,835		916,963
Common and preferred stocks		(500,656)		430,112		(70,544)
United States Government Obligations		3,230,298				3,230,298
Corporate bonds and debentures		621,992		(7,030)		614,962
Municipalities		60,690				60,690
	\$	4,200,452	\$	551,917	\$	4,752,369

6. Plan termination

If the Plan is terminated, every participant, regardless of length of participation, is entitled to all the contributions made on his or her behalf and the increment thereon.

Except to compensate for any actuarial errors, no part of the General Secretariat of the OAS' contributions to the Retirement and Pension Fund, or of the increment thereon, shall revert to the general funds of the General Secretariat or be used for any purpose other than the exclusive benefit of the participants or their beneficiaries.

7. Actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits

Accumulated plan benefits are those future periodic payments, including lump-sum distributions, that are attributable under the Plan's provisions to the participants or their beneficiaries. The actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits is determined by consulting actuaries, George B. Buck Consulting Actuaries, Inc.

The significant assumptions used in the valuation as of December 31, 1988, the most recent in depth valuation date and the projected valuation information as of December 31, 1990, were (a) life expectancy of participants (United Nations Mortality Tables); (b) retirement assumptions (assumed 1.05-22% for ages 55-64 with 15 or more years of participation or immediately if older than 64); (c) investment return (an assumed annual rate of return of 9%, assumed 6% per annum credited to retirement accounts semiannually); (d) retirement benefit elections (the 1988 valuation assumed 30% of participants prior to January 1, 1982. and 100% of subsequent participants elect a periodic annuity on retirement with all such individuals commuting 1/3 of their benefits, the remaining assumed to elect full commutation); (e) cost-of-living adjustment to annuities (the 1988 valuation assumes that all cost-of-living adjustments granted to current and prospective retirees will be funded directly by the Plan); (f) 2% salary increase in 1989, 3% salary increase in 1990, 4% salary increase in 1991 and 5% salary increase in 1992 and thereafter; and (g) administrative expenses of 0.4%. In addition, the 1988 study, in view of the planned personnel adjustment, assumed that the work force would decrease to 870 by March 31, 1989, thereafter rising to 900 over three years, at which point it would remain leveled. The foregoing actuarial assumptions are based on the presumption that the Plan will continue. Were the Plan to terminate, different actuarial assumptions and other factors might be applicable in determining the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits.

The actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits determined at December 31, 1988, the most recent in depth valuation date of the Plan, and the projected benefit information for December 31, 1990, are shown in the following table:

	December 31			
	<u>1988</u>	<u> 1989</u>	1990	
ACTUARIAL PRESENT VALUE OF ACCUMULATED PLAN BENEFITS		(US\$ 1,000)		
Vested Benefits Participants Pensioners	\$ 118,878 <u>21,481</u>	\$ 92,913 <u>24,292</u>	\$ 98,057 <u>28,407</u>	
Total vested benefits Non vested benefits	140,359 2,532	117,205 1,979	126,464 2,079	
Total actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits	<u>\$ 142,891</u>	<u>\$ 119,184</u>	<u>\$ 128,543</u>	

The reconciliation shown below sets forth the reasons for the increase in the total actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits between December 31, 1989 and December 31, 1989; and between December 31, 1988 and December 31, 1989:

1990; and between December 31, 1988 and De	ecember 31, 19	989:
	Years end	led December 31 1990
	(L	JS\$1,000)
Total actuarial present value of accumulated Plan benefits at beginning of the year	\$142,891	\$119,184
Increase (decrease) attributable to: Interest earned on accumulated Plan benefits Benefits paid Benefits accumulated Amendments	12,860 (44,938) 8,371	10,812 (12,072) 7,904 <u>2,715</u>
Total actuarial present value of Accumulated Plan benefits at end of the year	<u>\$119,184</u>	<u>\$128,543</u>

The liabilities and assets were projected to December 31, 1990, by Buck Consultant Actuaries, using the valuation assumptions of the in-depth valuation as of December 31, 1988 plus relevant changes occurred since then: 1989 reduction in personnel and 1990 amendments to the Plan. The assumptions and methods used in the December 31, 1988 valuation are consistent with those which would have been used had a full valuation been performed as of December 31, 1990.

8. Equity in the OAS Treasury Fund

All United States dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the General Secretariat of the OAS are consolidated in the Treasury Fund, in which the Retirement and Pension Fund maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat. Amounts not immediately required for operations are invested by the Treasury Fund and income earned thereon is added to the equity of the Retirement and Pension Fund in proportion to its equity balance.

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SECTION IV

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OF THE ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND AND

THE LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND

WITH

REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

SECTION IV ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND AND LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND

The Rowe Funds are trust funds established from monies made available by Dr. Leo S. Rowe, former Director General of the Pan American Union, the predecessor of the General Secretariat, and are administered within the General Secretariat by special committees.

Ernst & Young audited the financial statements of these trust funds at December 31, 1990 and 1989 and for the years then ended, and the report rendered on the statements of each fund is included in this report.

Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund

The Fund is administered by the Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund Committee. At December 31, 1990, the Committee was composed of <u>ex-officio</u> members.

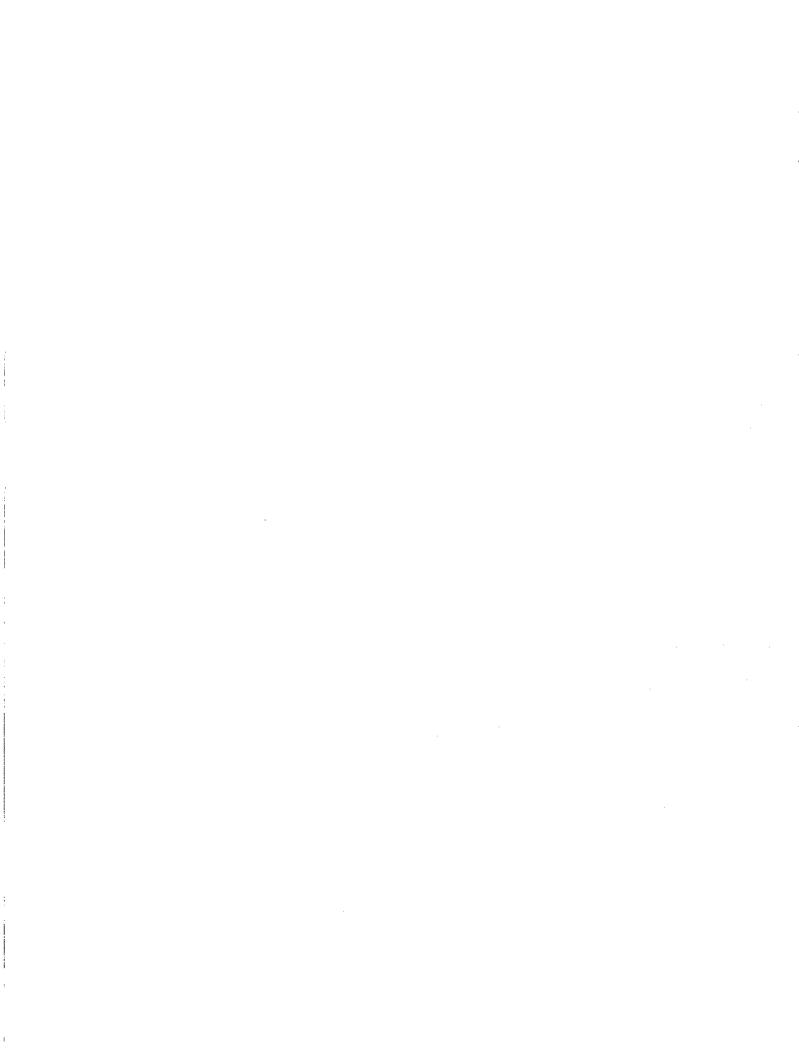
The assets of the Fund were accumulated (beginning in 1931) principally by contributions received from Dr. Rowe during his lifetime and are held in trust to provide certain welfare benefits to staff members of the General Secretariat.

Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund

The Fund is administered by the Committee of the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund. The Committee is composed of representatives from four countries from among the member states, elected by representatives from the Permanent Council for a four year term and with the Secretary General of the OAS as a permanent member.

The Fund was established in 1948 as a trust in accordance with the will of Dr. Rowe. Its purpose is to provide loans to students from member states other than residents and citizens of the United States and to make loans to OAS employees for educational purposes or in emergency situations.

ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990 AND 1989 WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS



Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and fund balance of the Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund (the Fund) as of December 31, 1990 and 1989, and the related statement of income, expenses and changes in fund balance for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund at December 31, 1990 and 1989, and the results of operations and changes in fund balance for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Ernst & Young

April 16, 1991

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ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCE

	December 31,		
Assets and Fund Balance	1990	1989	
Assets and Fund balance			
Equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 2)	\$ 4,951	\$ 5,110	
Investments at cost (approximate market value of \$145,000 and \$143,000 at December 31, 1990 and			
1989, respectively)	138,320	127,385	
Total assets and fund balance	\$ 143,271	\$ 132,495	

STATEMENT OF INCOME, EXPENSES AND OTHER CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Year ended December 31		
Income	<u>1990</u>	1989	
Dividends and interest	\$ 7,432	\$ 7,005	
Capital gain distributions from mutual funds	3,504	6,236	
Income from OAS Treasury Fund (Note 2)	440	564	
	11,376	13,805	
Awards and other benefits (Note 1)	600	1,155	
Net Increase during the year	10,776	12,650	
Fund balance, begining of year	132,495	119,845	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 143,271	\$ 132,495	

See acompanying notes

ROWE MEMORIAL BENEFIT FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1990 AND 1989

1. Organization and Financing

The assets of the Rowe Memorial Benefit Fund (Fund) have been accumulated principally from contributions received from Dr. Leo S. Rowe, a former Director General of Pan American Union (PAU). These assets are held in trust to provide certain welfare benefits for employees of the OAS. Administrative functions of the Fund are provided without charge by the General Secretariat of the OAS. No amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements relating to the use of services and facilities provided to the Fund as no objective basis is available to measure the value of such contributions.

2. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the Treasury Fund. Each fund administered by the General Secretariat maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Income earned by the Treasury Fund is added to the equity of each fund in proportion to its balance.

3. <u>Investments</u>

Investments are presented in the financial statements in the aggregate of the lower of cost or market value as determined by the latest available published or brokers' prices. At December 31, 1990 and 1989, gross unrealized gains pertaining to investments were \$8,960 and \$16,021, and gross unrealized losses were \$1,890 and \$930, respectively.

4. Employee Support Facility

In June 1989, the Fund Committee revoked its approval for partial funding in the amount of \$12,500 for construction of employee support facilities.

LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990 AND 1989 WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors
Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balances of the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund (the Fund) as of December 31, 1990 and 1989, and the related statement of income, expenses and changes in operating account fund balance for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund at December 31, 1990 and 1989, and the results of operations and changes in operating account fund balance for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Ernst & Young

April 16, 1991

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LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

	Year ended	December 31
ASSETS	1990	1989
AGGETG		
Equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 2)	\$ 11,032	\$ 15,463
Investments at cost (approximate market value at December 31,1990 and 1989, respectively shown in parentheses)		
Equity investments and related mutual funds (\$1,310,699 and \$2,827,302)	1,295,028	3,167,064
Fixed income securities and related mutual funds (\$4,409,882 and \$2,816,691)	4,471,901	2,878,589
Allowance for unrealized losses (Note 5)	(46,347)	(401,661)
Loans receivable (Note 3)	5,731,614	5,659,455
Students Installments not yet due	EE0 007	F10 01 8
Installments not yet due Installments past due	550,837 159,514	519,644 158,937
Allowance for uncollectibles loans	(84,542)	(84,237)
Employees of the Organization of American States	625,809	594,344
Employees of the Organization of American States	172,626	126,370
	798,435	720,714
	\$ 6,530,049	\$6,380,169
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		****
Miscellaneous payable	\$ 74,024	\$ 72,596
Fund balances Capital account	1,000,000	1,000,000
Operating account:		
Balance before unrealized loss on investments	5,502,372	5,709,234
Less unrealized loss on investments (Note 5)	\$ (46,347)	(401,661)
	5,456,025	5,307,573
	\$6,530,049	\$6,380,169
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LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND STATEMENT OF INCOME, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN OPERATING ACCOUNT FUND BALANCE

1	Year ende	d December 31
	1990	1989
Income		
Dividend and interest income	\$ 317,684	\$ 276,867
Capital gains distributions from mutual funds	632	319,710
Miscellaneous income	21,756	23,960
Expenses	340,072	620,537
Increase (decrease) in allowance for uncollectible loans	387	143
Investment management and custodian fees	15,000	14,807
Administrative expenses (Note 4)	20,000	20,000
Loss on sale of investments	483,956	_
Other expenses	27,591	5,985
	546,934	40,935
Net increase (decrease) during year	(206,862)	579,602
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,709,234	5,129,632
Fund balance, end of year	\$5,502,372	\$5,709,234

LEO S. ROWE PAN AMERICAN FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1990 AND 1989

1. Organization and Financing

The Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund (Fund), a charitable trust, was established in 1948 by the Governing Board of the General Secretariat of the Pan American Union (PAU) in accordance with the will of Dr. Leo S. Rowe, a former Director General of the Pan American Union. The purpose of the Fund is to provide loans to Latin American and Caribbean students who desire to study at colleges in the United States and to provide education and emergency loans to employees of the OAS. Although the assets of the capital account and the operating account are not segregated, the assets of the capital account (\$1,000,000) are regarded as being comprised of investments held by the Fund and, to that extent, are not considered to be available for the purpose of granting loans.

2. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the Treasury Fund. Each fund administered by the General Secretariat maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Income earned by the Treasury Fund is added to the equity of each fund in proportion to its balance.

3. Loan Status

Non-interest bearing loans are granted to students, payable on various terms not to exceed five years from the termination of the studies for which the loans are granted. The Committee of the Leo S. Rowe Pan American Fund (Committee) has extended the repayment dates for certain loans.

The activity in the allowance for uncollectible loans was as follows:

	1990	<u>1989</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$84,237	\$ 84,094
Write Off of Uncollectible loans	(82)	
Provision for uncollectible loans	387	143_
Balance, end of year	<u>\$84,542</u>	\$ 84,237

In the opinion of the Committee, the allowance of \$84,542 at December 31, 1990 is sufficient to provide for losses that may be incurred upon the ultimate realization of these loans.

During 1990 and 1989 the Fund disbursed new student loans aggregating approximately \$181,000 and \$212,000, respectively. The Fund received loan repayments of approximately \$149,000 and \$145,000 in 1990 and 1989, respectively.

New loans to employees for educational purposes or in emergency situations aggregated \$90,000 and \$42,000 in 1990 and 1989 respectively. The Fund received loan repayments of approximately \$44,000 and \$77,000 in 1990 and 1989 respectively. The interest rate on new employee loans granted in 1990 was 10%. Interest rates on outstanding loans granted in prior years varied from 10.5% to 12%.

4. <u>Administrative Expenses</u>

The Committee authorized payments of \$20,000 in both 1990 and 1989 to the General Secretariat of the OAS as a reimbursement for a portion of costs incurred in the administration of the Fund. The accompanying financial statements reflect approximately \$20,400 in other expenses related to the services of a contract employee in 1990. No additional amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements relating to the use of services and facilities provided to the Fund by the General Secretariat as no objective basis is currently available to measure the value of such contribution.

5. <u>Investments</u>

h vestments are presented in the financial statements in the aggregate of the lower of cost or market value as determined by the latest available published or

brokers' prices. At December 31, 1990 and 1989 cost exceeded market value by \$46,347 and \$401,661, respectively. To reduce the carrying amount of the investment to aggregate market, a valuation allowance was established within fund balance.

At December 31, 1990 and 1989, gross unrealized gains pertaining to investments were \$119,320 and \$150,189 and gross unrealized losses were \$165,667 and \$551,850, respectively.

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SECTION V

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OF THE INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors
Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance of the Inter-American Defense Board (the Board) as of December 31, 1990 and 1989, and the related statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balance, and changes in financial position for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 4, the Board relies upon the Organization of American States (the OAS) for funding a significant portion of its operating activities and is dependent upon the continued financial support of the OAS, or its ability to obtain alternative sources of funding. Board funding received from the OAS has decreased in recent years due to the deteriorating financial condition of the OAS. However, the Board received from OAS an additional \$503,000 in general purpose funding in 1990 over the 1989 level and OAS support for 1991 is currently appropriated to be at the same level as in 1990.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board at December 31, 1990 and 1989, and the results of its operations and its changes in financial position for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Ernst & Young

April 4, 1991



INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCE

	December 31,			
	1990	1989		
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses and other assets (Net of allowance for doubtfull accounts of \$41,320 in 1989)	\$ 917,994 26,574	\$ 815,627 27,488		
Total current assets				
Total culterit assets	944,568	843,115		
Property and equipment, at cost:				
Furniture and equipment (Note 5)	622,000	528,253		
Vehicles	11,891	11,891		
	633,891	540,144		
Less accumulated depreciation	356,250	297,265		
Net property and equipment	277,641	242,879		
Total Assets	\$1,222,209	\$1,085,994		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 37,996	\$ 33,659		
Accrued leave (Note 2)	227,685	249,535		
Total current liabilities	265,681	283,194		
Undesignated fund balance (Nota 6)	956,528	802,800		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$1,222,209	\$1,085,994		
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INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

		December 31,
Revenue:	<u>1990</u>	1989
Funding received from the Organization of American States (Note 4)	\$ 2,458,700	\$1,955,400
Special contributions (Note 4)	510	627,039
Interest and other income	69,044	71,962
Total revenue	2,528,254	2,654,401
Expenses:		
Personnel expenses	1,959,626	1,865,404
Building and maintenance	63,487	74,683
Building renovation		5,895
Equipment and supplies	112,534	101,470
Other general and administrative costs	85,925	63,715
Travel	26,809	6,062
Depreciation	68,302	47,566
Printing and reproduction	28,378	26,671
Contracts	29,465	31,323
Total expenses	2,374,526	2,222,789
Excess of revenue over expenses before writedown of equipment	153,728	431,612
Writedown of equipment (Note 5)		67,328
Excess of revenue over expenses	153,728	364,284
Fund balance, beginning of year	802,800	438,516
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 956,528	\$ 802,800

INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

	<u>Ye</u>	ear ended [1990)ecer —	mber 31, 1989
Sources of cash and cash equivalents:				
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	153,728	\$	364,284
Decrease in other assets		914		
Increase in accounts payable		4,337		
Net disposals of property and equipment				34,482
Items not involving use of cash: Depreciation		68,302 227,281		45,969 444,735
Uses of cash and cash equivalents:				
Increase in other assets				1,038
Decrease in accounts payable				51,595
Decrease in accrued leave		21,850		44,018
Decrease in deferred income				8,439
Net acquisitions of property and equipment		103,064		
		124,914		105,090
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		102,367		339,645
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		815,627		475,982
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	917,994	\$	815,627

INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE BOARD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1990 AND 1989

1. Organization

The Inter-American Defense Board (the Board) was established on March 30, 1942 and was designated, by executive order, as a public international organization on March 26, 1951. The Board is comprised of military officers representing the highest echelons of their nations' defense establishments. Its mission is to maintain the collective self-defense of the Western Hemisphere with peace and security as primary objectives.

The Inter-American Defense College was established in 1962 as a suborganization of the Board. Its primary goal is the preparation of future military and civilian leaders for their role in hemispheric security.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation - The accompanying financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Depreciation</u> - Depreciation expense is recognized using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives as follows: Furniture and equipment - 5 to 10 years, and vehicles - 5 years.

In-Kind Contributions - Significant contributions are received by the Board from the Organization of American States (OAS) and member countries in the form of use of facilities, services of military personnel and air transportation. No amounts are recorded in the accompanying financial statements relating to the use of such facilities or services inasmuch as the Board deems it impractical to measure the value of such contributions.

Employee benefits - The Board provides certain benefits to its employees, which accrue to them during periods of employment and are payable upon separation. All employees are entitled to accrued vacation; certain other employees receive terminal pay, merit awards and special leave. The payments made during 1990 and 1989 for these benefits amounted to approximately \$63,000 and \$64,000, respectively.

<u>Income taxes</u> - The Board is a public international organization, and as such is exempt from paying income tax.

3. Pension Plan

Substantially all of the employees of the Board participate in a defined benefit multi-employer pension plan (Plan) administered by the Retirement and Pension Committee of the Organization of American States. Contributions to the plan by the Board and employees are based on fixed percentages of annual pensionable salaries. Pension expense aggregated approximately \$252,000 and \$249,000 in 1990 and 1989, respectively.

4. <u>Funding</u>

The Inter-American Defense Board is an affiliated agency of the OAS, and as such receives a substantial portion of its funding through OAS appropriations. The managements of the two organizations, however, function independently.

Funding received from the OAS in the form of direct cash contributions increased from \$1,955,400 in 1989 to \$2,458,700 in 1990. Contributions for 1991 are currently appropriated by the OAS at the same level as in 1990. The Board relies upon the OAS for funding a significant portion of its operating activities and is dependent upon the continued financial support of the OAS, or its ability to obtain alternative sources of funding.

The headquarters of the Board is a building owned by the General Secretariat of the OAS. Expenditures incurred for building renovation and improvements are not capitalized by the Board since the building is owned by the OAS. Building renovations and improvements amounting to \$5,895 were incurred and expensed by the Board during 1989. None were incurred in 1990.

5. Furniture & Equipment

In April 1990, the Board settled a dispute with a contractor relating to the installation of a simultaneous interpretation system. In connection with the settlement, the parties obligations were cancelled and existing claims dropped. The Board has determined that an aggregate of approximately \$72,000 in capitalized costs relating to payments previously made for the simultaneous translation system are not of continuing benefit to the Board. Such assets have been reflected at net realizable value in the 1989 financial statements.

6. Contingency

In 1985, the OAS contracted for the renovation of the building occupied by the Board, as well as for the construction of a separate annex. Two years into the renovation, the OAS terminated the contract, citing breach of duties by the builder. The construction was never completed by the builder, and additional contractors were hired by the Board to complete the job. In 1989, the builder filed a claim for unpaid costs and elected the arbitration clause contained in the contract with the OAS to settle the claim. In the opinion of management and OAS counsel, the possibility of the builder prevailing is remote.

The OAS has requested the Board to fund the costs of the arbitration from its operating funds. Such costs are estimated to amount to approximate \$103,000. The Board paid \$25,000 in 1990 with the balance still expected to be paid in future years from operating amounts to be funded by the OAS.

SECTION VI

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FUND FOR THE INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance of the Fund for the International Commission of Support and Verification of the Organization of American States (the Fund), pursuant to the agreements between the Organization of American States (the OAS), the United States Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development (the Agreements), as of December 31, 1990, and the related statement of activity and changes in fund balance for the period from February 27, 1990 (inception) to December 31, 1990. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 2, the financial statements of the fund have been prepared on the basis of accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization of American States (which include the applicable financially-oriented General Standards adopted by the General Assembly of the OAS) which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund at December 31, 1990, and its activity and its changes in fund balance for the period from February 27, 1990 (inception) to December 31, 1990 on the basis of accounting described in Note 2.

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As explained in Note 1, the financial statements being presented are only for the fund referred to above, which was established by the Organization of American States to account for the assets, liabilities and fund balance and the support, revenues and expenses of the Fund pursuant to the Agreements.

Ernst & Young

May 7, 1991



ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1990

	 AID	D	SA-State epartment nd others	(Combined
ASSETS Cash and Equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 3) Deferred Charges	\$ 39,781 230	\$	5,526,188	\$	5,565,969 230
Other Assets Inventory on hand			336,008 1,807,322		336,008 1,807,322
	\$ 40,011	\$	7,669,518	\$	7,709,529
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	 				
Unliquidated Obligations Accounts Payable Fund Balance	\$ 40,011	\$	5,878,109 205,755 1,585,654	\$	5,878,109 245,766 1,585,654
	\$ 40,011	\$	7,669,518	\$	7,709,529

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITY AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FROM INCEPTION (February 27, 1990) TO DECEMBER 31, 1990

PHOWINGEPHON (Febluary 27, 1	990) TO DECEM	DER 01, 1990	
	AID	USA-State Department and others	Combined
Increases			
United States contribution	\$1,376,790	\$ 24,550,000	\$ 25,926,790
Venezuela contribution	, ,	10,000	10,000
Republic of Cyprus contribution		2,000	2,000
European Economic Community contribution		126,550	126,550
OAS Treasury Fund income	29,888	225,561	255,449
	1,406,678	24,914,111	26,320,789
Decreases			
Obligations and Expenditures			
Operational Costs	912,344	4,128,347	5,040,691
Transportation	4,254	1,227,348	1,231,602
Food	401,411	6,103,709	6,505,120
Clothing	42,885	1,137,311	1,180,196
Kitchen Utensils		376,076	376,076
Personal Hygiene	15,896	53,503	69,399
Construction Material and Tools		3,637,262	3,637,262
Agricultural Tools		1,344,910	1,344,910
Negotiation, Land Survey other		104,386	104,386
Special Reconstruction Projects		479,185	479,185 979,830
Cash to Demobilized		979,830 360,000	360,000
Nicaraguan Repatriation Institute Phase II Distribution and Delivery		148,590	148,590
Pan-American Health Organization		1,733,000	1,733,000
Resettlement of Disabled		1,515,000	1,515,000
	1,376,790	23,328,457	24,705,247
Interest due to contributor	29,888		29,888
	1,406,678	23,328,457	24,735,135
Fund balance at end of period	\$ -	\$ 1,585,654	\$ 1,585,654

FUND FOR THE INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION OF SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1990

1. <u>Organization</u>

On August 7, 1989, the five Central American Presidents met in Tela, Honduras, and entered into what is commonly known as the Tela Agreement (Agreement).

The Agreement provides for the demobilization and voluntary repatriation or relocation into Nicaragua and third countries of the members of the former members of the Nicaraguan Resistance and their families. The agreement also provided for the assistance to persons involved in combat operation in the countries of the region at their voluntary request. On September 6, 1989, the Tela agreement further established the International Commission of Support and Verification (CIAV) to execute and fulfill the objectives of the agreement. This commission is composed of the Secretaries General of the United Nations (CIAV/UN) and of the Organization of the American States (CIAV/OAS).

In general, CIAV/UN is responsible for the activities conducted outside of Nicaragua, where as CIAV/OAS is responsible for activities within Nicaragua.

The Secretary General of the OAS established an OAS International Commission of Support and Verification (The Fund) to account for the proceeds and disbursements pursuant its CIAV's activities.

The first funding of CIAV/OAS was provided by the United States Government in March 1990.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the OAS (Rules). The Rules provide the basis for the accounting principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Rules were adopted to meet budgetary and other requirements of the OAS and, as such, results in accounting principles which vary in certain material respects from generally accepted accounting principles. The significant deviation from generally accepted accounting principles is as follows:

Unliquidated obligations in the Fund include amounts related to

commitments resulting from offers made by the Fund to vendors to disburse monies for the procurement of goods or services in futures periods. This amount does not represent liabilities to unrelated third party commitments at December 31, 1990. It represents amounts anticipated to be expended in the subsequent year in the completion of the project.

3. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the Treasury Fund. Each fund administered by the General Secretariat maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat, and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Income earned by the Treasury Fund is added to the equity of each fund in proportion to its balance.

4. <u>Inventory on Hand</u>

Inventory consisting primarily of building materials, food and clothing is valued at cost in the statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance as of December 31, 1990.

5. Funding

Within the framework of the Foreign Assistance Act and the Dire Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act of 1990, the Government of United States acting through the U.S. Mission to the OAS, contributed to CIAV/OAS during 1990 a total of \$24,550,000. In addition CIAV/OAS received contributions from the Government of Venezuela in the amount of \$10,000, Cyprus in the amount of \$2,000, and from the European Community Commission the amount of \$126,000.

6. Status of the Commission

CIAV/OAS is currently headquartered in Managua, Nicaragua and its activities include a number of stages: demobilization, repatriation and monitoring of guaranteed human and civil rights, programs for development areas, assistance to members of the Resistance and their families and financial aid in the form of cash.

7. Administrative support

The General Secretariat of the OAS has provided non reimbursable administrative support in the form of personnel, communication and office space to CIAV/OAS.

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SECTION VII

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FUND FOR THE OBSERVATION OF THE ELECTORAL PROCESS IN NICARAGUA

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

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Ell ERNST & YOUNG

Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance of the Observation of the Electoral Process in Nicaragua Fund of the Organization of American States (the Fund), pursuant to the Agreement between the Organization of American States (the OAS), the United States Department of State and the United Agency for International Development (the Agreements), as of December 31, 1990 and 1989, and the related statement of activity and changes in fund balance for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 2, the financial statements of the fund have been prepared on the basis of accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization of American States (which include the applicable financially-oriented General Standards adopted by the General Assembly of the OAS) which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund at December 31, 1990 and 1989 and its activity and its changes in fund balance for the years then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 2.

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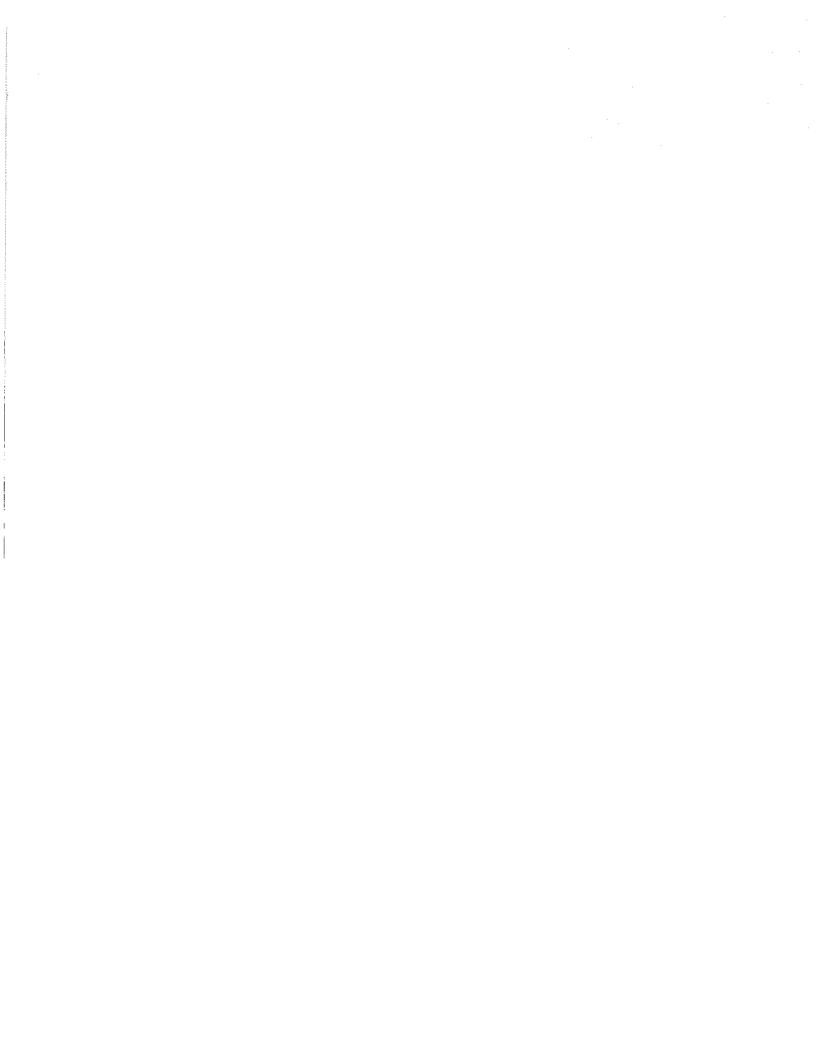
ELERNST & YOUNG

As explained in Note 1, the financial statements being presented are only for the fund referred to above, which was established by the OAS to account for the assets, liabilities and fund balance and the support, revenues and expenditures of the Fund pursuant to the Agreements.

As discussed in Note 5, the Fund has been effectively closed as of December 31, 1990, with the exception of a payable to the donors for unused funds.

Ernst & Young

May 7, 1991



ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES OBSERVATION OF ELECTORAL PROCESS IN NICARAGUA

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1990

	United States State				D	ecember		
ASSETS	_	AID	De	partment	<u>CC</u>	MBINED		1, 1989
Cash and Equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 3) Travel Advances Other Assets Deferred Charges	\$	49,206 49,206	\$	17,513 17,513	\$	66,719	\$	340 134,152 33,249 13,145 180,886
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							=	
Accounts Payable Unliquidated Obligations Fund Balance	\$	49,206	\$	17,513	\$	66,719	\$	350,162 144,430 (313,706)
	\$	49,206	\$	17,513	\$	66,719	\$	180,886

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITY AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

		State			
	AID	Department	COMBINED	31, 1989	
Increases					
United States contributions	\$2,250,000	\$ 500,000	\$2,750,000	\$1,000,000	
Finland government contribution				100,000	
OAS Treasury Fund income (Note 3)	21,234	7,357	28,591	4,192	
	2,271,234	507,357	2,778,591	1,104,192	
Decreases	, ,	·		, ,	
Expenditures:					
Honoraria	128,512	(20,323)	108,189	104,347	
Travel	1,507,109	12,097	1,519,206	665,867	
Documents	2,888		2,888	3,200	
Equipment and Supplies	502,719	56,287	559,006	545,861	
Rental and Repairs	64,864	(1,802)	63,062	49,898	
Other Costs	177,328	(3,541)	173,787	48,725	
	2,383,420	42,718	2,426,138	1,417,898	
Transfers and Returns	(133,420)	143,576	10,156		
Interest due to contributor	21,234	7,357	28,591		
	2,271,234	193,651	2,464,885	1,417,898	
Net increase during period	Attachement -	313,706	313,706	(313,706)	
Fund balance at beginning of period		(313,706)	(313,706)		
Fund balance at end of period	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (313,706)	

See accompanying notes

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

OBSERVATION OF THE ELECTORAL PROCESS IN NICARAGUA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1990

1. <u>Organization</u>

On February 14 1989, the Central American Presidents met in Costa del Sol, El Salvador and entered into what is commonly known as the Tesoro Beach Agreement (Agreement).

Within the framework of this Agreement, the President of Nicaragua, announced a series of steps to reform the electoral legislation in Nicaragua, to be followed by a two phase process leading to popular elections for President, Vice President, Representatives to the National Assembly, and municipalities. The first phase would allow for the preparation and organization of the political parties, and the second phase would allow for political activity culminating with elections to be held on February 25, 1990.

The Agreement also called for the invitation of international observers, specifically delegations of the Secretary General of the Organization of American States and the United Nations, to be present in all electoral districts to monitor the freedom and fairness of activities during the two phases.

The Secretary General established the Observation of the Electoral Process in Nicaragua Fund (The Fund) to account for the proceeds and disbursements pursuant to observation activities.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the OAS (Rules). The Rules provide the basis for the accounting principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Rules were adopted to meet budgetary and other requirements of the OAS.

3. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the Treasury Fund. Each fund administered by the General Secretariat maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance Oretained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat, and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Income earned by the Treasury Fund is added to the equity of each fund in proportion to its balance.

4. Funding

In August 1989, the Congress of the United States appropriated and the President signed into special legislation making available \$1,500,000 to enable the General Secretariat to monitor the freedom and fairness of the organization. political activity, and election process leading to the election for President, Vice President, and Representatives to the National Assembly, and municipalities.

On August 14, 1989 the General Secretariat of the OAS and the United States Department of State entered into an Agreement which provided for the disposition of the funds. During 1989, \$1,000,000 was received by the OAS and the balance of \$500,000 was received in 1990. An additional \$100,000 was received from the Government of Finland in 1989 to support monitoring activities.

During 1990, additional funding for the purpose of monitoring the electoral process was provided pursuant to the Cooperative Agreement between the Sapoa Verification Commission (Commission) and the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) signed on May 18, 1988. Originally, the agreement called for USAID to provide \$10,000,000 to support the activities of the Commission. Because the Commission was not able to complete the peace process as envisioned, on October 21, 1989, the President signed legislation providing that \$3,000,000 in unexpended funds originally designated for the Commission could be reprogrammed to support free and fair elections in Nicaragua. During 1990, the General Secretariat received \$2,250,000 from USAID for observation activities.

5. Unused Funds

As of December 31, 1990, the activities of the fund were completed, unused funds will be returned to the donors.

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SECTION VII

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INTER-AMERICAN FUND FOR PRIORITY ASSISTANCE TO HAITI

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS





Phone: 202-862-6000

Report of Independent Auditors

Board of External Auditors Organization of American States

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance of the Inter-American Fund for Priority Assistance to Haiti of the Organization of American States (the Fund) as of December 31,1990, and the related statement of activity and changes in fund balance for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 2, the financial statements of the fund have been prepared on the basis of accounting practices prescribed by the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the Organization of American States (which include the applicable financially-oriented General Standards adopted by the General Assembly of the OAS) which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund at December 31, 1990, and its activity and its changes in fund balance for the year the ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 2.

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As explained in Note 1, the financial statements being presented are only for the fund referred to above, which was established by the OAS to account for the assets, liabilities and fund balance and the revenues and expenditures of the Fund.

Ernst & Young

May 7, 1991

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES INTER-AMERICAN FUND FOR PRIORITY ASSISTANCE TO HAITI

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1990

ASSETS

Cash and Equity in OAS Treasury Fund (Note 3) Other Assets	\$ 771,339 28,024
	\$ 799,363
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Unliquidated Obligations(Note 2) Accounts Payable Fund Balance	\$ 417,596 109,965 271,802
÷	\$ 799,363

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITY AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1990

Increases	
United States State Department contribution	\$1,000,000
Venezuela contribution	100,000
Canada contribution	160,813
France contribution	114,545
OAS Treasury Fund income	65,043
	1,440,401
Decreases	
Obligations and Expenditures	
Honoraria	124,427
Travel	911,177
Equipment and Supplies	437,799
Rental and Repairs	15,075
Other Costs	246,026
	1,734,504
Interest due to contributors	65,043
	1,799,547
Net increase during period	(359,146)
Fund balance at beginning of period	630,948
Fund balance at end of period	\$ 271,802

See accompanying notes

ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

INTER-AMERICAN FUND FOR PRIORITY ASSISTANCE TO HAITI NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1990

1. <u>Organization</u>

Based on Permanent Council resolution CP/RES.441 (644/86) of February 14, 1986 entitled "Recent Events in Haiti", the Secretary General of the OAS proposed to the foreign ministers of the member states the establishment of a special Inter-American Fund for Priority Assistance to Haiti (the Fund), to augment the resources assigned to this country in the regular program budget.

At its Sixteenth Regular Session in Guatemala, the General Assembly approved resolution AG/RES.824 (XVI-O/86), authorizing the establishment during 1987, of an Inter-American Fund for Priority Assistance to Haiti, and to request the Government of Haiti to present directly to the Secretary General cooperation programs appropriate for assistance within the framework of the approved programming guidelines.

The purpose of the Fund is to provide the Haitian people the fullest possible assistance to strengthen the essential principles of representative democracy.

In 1987, upon the decision of the Government of Haiti to carry out democratic elections, the General Secretariat utilized the resources of the Fund towards the purchase of materials for the elections. These elections were subsequently canceled.

In 1990 the Government of Haiti again called for democratic elections for President, Vice President and members of the National Assembly to be held on November 4, 1990. Through CP/RES.537 (805/90), the Permanent Council recommended to the Secretary General to reactivate the Fund and organize a mission to observe the November elections. The Government of Haiti formalized the request to have an observer mission of the OAS during the electoral process through an agreement signed on September 3, 1990.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Budgetary and Financial Rules of the OAS (Rules). The Rules provide the basis for the accounting principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Rules were adopted to meet budgetary and other requirements

of the OAS and, as such, results in accounting principles which vary in certain material respects from generally accepted accounting principles. The significant deviation from generally accepted accounting principles is as follows:

Unliquidated obligations of the Fund include amounts related to commitments resulting from offers made by the Fund to vendors to disburse monies for the procurement of goods or services in futures periods. This amount does not represent liabilities to unrelated third party commitments at December 31, 1989. It represents amounts anticipated to be expended in the subsequent year in the completion of the project.

3. Equity in OAS Treasury Fund

All U.S. dollars available for use in carrying out the activities of the various funds of the OAS are consolidated in the Treasury Fund. Each fund administered by the General Secretariat maintains an equity to the extent of its cash balance retained therein. The Treasury Fund is administered by the General Secretariat, and amounts not immediately required for operations are invested. Income earned by the Treasury Fund is added to the equity of each fund in proportion to its balance.

4. Funding

Through resolution AG/RES.824 (XVI-0/86) the General Assembly requested the Permanent Council to determine the resources to constitute the fund. The Permanent Council through CP/RES.466 (686/87) resolved to finance the fund through a contribution of 5% of the national technical cooperation program of each member state for 1987 plus an additional contribution from the United States. Approximately \$950,000 was collected from national technical cooperation programs and the U.S. contribution. During 1987, the General Secretariat disbursed approximately \$365,000 to purchase materials for the initially scheduled elections.

Upon the decision of the Government of Haiti to carry out democratic elections on November 4, 1990, the Permanent Council through resolution CP/RES.537 (805/90) authorized the Secretary General to reactivate the Fund and draw from its funds in accordance with the original objectives.

In order to strengthen the observer mission of the OAS assisting the electoral process, various member and non-member countries provided additional funding. Among the contributors were the United States Department of State with contributions of \$1,000,000 in 1990 and \$250,000 in 1991, the Government of Canada with a pledge of \$175,000, of which \$164,000 was received during 1990, the Government of France with \$114,500, and the Government of Venezuela with \$100,000.