



BELIZE

PRISONS ACT  
CHAPTER 139

REVISED EDITION 2000  
SHOWING THE LAW AS AT 31<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER, 2000

This a revised edition of the law, prepared by the Law Revision Commissioner under the authority of the Law Revision Act, Chapter 3 of the Laws of Belize Revised Edition 1980-1990.

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**FIRST SCHEDULE**

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**SECOND SCHEDULE**

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## CHAPTER 139

## PRISONS

(29<sup>th</sup> November; 1884)

Ch. 68,  
R.L., 1958.  
CAP. 110,  
R.E. 1980-1990  
24 of 1962.  
38 of 1963.  
40 of 1963.  
Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Prison Act.
2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:-

**Interpretation.**

**“Keeper” means the gaoler or other officer in charge of any district prison;**

**“Minister” means the Minister responsible for prisons;**

**“Permanent Secretary” means the Permanent Secretary to the Ministry responsible for prisons;**

**“prison” includes any gaol and any buildings and buildings and other places, set apart by the Minister for the reception and confinement of prisoners, and also includes the yards, airing grounds or other grounds or buildings occupied by prison officers for the prison and contiguous thereof;**

**“Superintendent of Prisons” or “Superintendent” means the officer in charge of the Belize Prison Service.**

3. Subject to this Act, the following places may be used for the confinement of prisoners in Belize—

- (a) the Prison at Hattievile; and
- (b) such other prisons as may have been, or may hereafter be appointed to be prisons by the Minister;

**Prison Officers.** 4.---(1) The Governor-General may appoint a Superintendent of Prisons, and the Public Services Commission may appoint such number of Keepers of Prisons and other officers of or above the rank of Principal Prison Officer to execute the duties of several offices in connection with prisoners as may be requisite.

(2) The Superintendent, pursuant to the provisions of the Belize Constitution, may appoint such junior prison officers as may be necessary for the efficient functioning of the prison service.

**Prison surgeons.** 5. Each Medical Officer (if there is more than one, then the Senior) Shall be the Medical Officer of the Prison within his district, and the Director Of Health Services shall designate any medical officer in Belize City to be the Medical Officer of the Prison at Hattievile.

**Visiting justices and official visitors.** 6.---(1) Each magistrate shall be ex-officers visiting justice to the prison within his district.

**38 of 1963.**

(2) The Minister may appoint annually such number of visiting justices as he shall think fit for any prison.

**Visits to Prisoners.**  
**40 of 1963.**

7. Any person shall be admitted to visit any prison or prisoner by order in writing of the Permanent Secretary and any commissioned officer of the Belize Defence Force shall be admitted to visit any prisoner belonging to that Force in Belize on the order in writing of the Officer Commanding the Force, and any person shall be admitted to visit a district prison or any prisoner therein by order in writing of the magistrate of such district.

3. Subject to this Act, the following places may be used for the confinement of prisoners in Belize—

- (a) the Prison at Hattieville; and
- (b) such other prisons as may have been, or may hereafter be appointed to be prisons by the Minister;

**Prison officers.** 4.--- (1) The Governor-General may appoint a Superintendent of Prisons, and the Public Services Commission may appoint such number of Keepers of Prison and other officers of or above the rank of Principal Prison Officer to execute the duties of the several offices in connection with prisons as may be requisite.

(2) The Superintendent, pursuant to the provisions of the Belize Constitution, may appoint such junior prison officers as may be necessary for the efficient functioning of the prison service.

**Prison surgeons.** 5. Each Medical Officer (if there is more than one, then the Senior) shall be the Medical Officer of the Prison within his district, and the Director Of Health Services shall designate any medical officer in Belize in Belize City to be the Medical Officer of the Prison at Hattieville.

**Visiting justices and official Visitors.** 6.—(1) Each magistrate shall be ex-officio visiting justice to the prison within his district.  
38 of 1963.

(2) The Superintendent, pursuant to the provisions of the Belize Constitution, any appoint such junior prison officers as may be necessary for the efficient functioning of the prison service.

**Visits to Prisoners.** 7. Any person shall be admitted to visit any prison or prisoner by order in writing of the Permanent Secretary and any commissioned officer of the Belize Defence Force shall be admitted to visit any prisoner belonging to that Force in Belize on the order in writing of the Officer Commanding the Force, and any person shall be admitted to visit a district prison or any mentioned in the order, who shall give a receipt in writing to such other officer or person for every prisoner so received into his custody.  
40 of 1963.

**Penal servitude abolished.** 13.---(1) No person shall be sentenced to be kept in penal servitude.

(2) Any person who, but for this Act, might have been sentenced to penal servitude, shall be liable, at the discretion of the court, to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding the term for which he might have to award to any offender other than penal servitude.



**Other  
punishments.**

**14.---**(1) Nothing herein contained shall interfere with or affect the authority or discretion of any court in respect of any punishment which, under any law or enactment for the time being in force, such court has or shall have power to award to any offender other than penal servitude.

(2) Where such other punishment may be awarded at the discretion of the court instead of, or in addition to, penal servitude, the same may be awarded by such court instead of, or in addition to, the punishment hereby substituted for penal servitude.

**Pardon.**

**15.---**(1) Whenever the Governor-General is pleased to extend mercy to any offender convicted of any offence for which he is liable to the punishment of death, on condition of his being kept to imprisonment for any term of years or for life, such extension of mercy shall have the same effect, and may be signified in the same manner as in cases in which the Governor-General or the former Governor was, under former laws, pleased to extend mercy on condition of the offender being kept to penal servitude.

(2) All courts, justices and others shall give a similar effect to the extension of mercy and the condition of pardon as they would have given effect under former laws when the Governor-General or the former Governor extended mercy on condition of the offender being kept to penal servitude.

(3) The order for the execution of such punishment as the Governor-General may have made the condition of mercy shall be substituted for the order for the execution of the prerogative of mercy vested in the Governor-General.

**16.** Nothing contained in this Act shall in any manner affect Her Majesty's Royal prerogative of mercy or any prerogative of mercy vested in the Governor-General.

**Prerogative of mercy.**

**17.---(1)** The Minister may from time to time make an when made alter, amend or rescind rules for--

**Prison rules for officers and prisoners. 24 of 1962.**

- (a) the government of any prison and the maintenance of good order and discipline among the prisoners;
- (b) the classification, hours of labour and mode of employment of prisoners;
- (c) the identification of prisoners by such methods as he may by such rules prescribe; and
- (d) the imposition of any punishment by solitary confinement not exceeding fourteen days; and
- (e) defining the duties and powers of the Superintendent of Prisons.

(2) All rules so made and all alterations, amendments or rescissions thereof shall be published in the Gazette and shall thereafter have the force of law and be judicially noticed by all courts.

**Powers of Superintendent and prison officers.**  
**First Schedule, Second Schedule.**

**18.** The Superintendent, on appointment and after taking the oaths of allegiance and office as set out in the First Schedule, and every prison officer after signing the attestation set out in the Second Schedule and taking the said oaths, shall so long as he continues to be the Superintendent or a prison officer:--

- (a) have all the powers, authorities, privileges, protection and advantages, and
- (b) be liable to all such duties and responsibilities,

as the Superintendent or any prison officer duly appointed now has or is subject to or liable to or may hereafter have or be subjected to or liable to either by the common law of England or by virtue of any law which now is or may hereafter be in force in Belize.

**Superintendent to make rules.**

**19.** The Superintendent shall, from time to time, subject to the approval of the Minister, make such rules and regulations as he thinks expedient for--

- (a) the general government of the prison officers, their distribution and inspection.
- (b) the description of clothing, arms, accoutrements and other necessaries to be furnished to prison officers.
- (c) the attendance of prison officers at any prison;
- (d) the definition of the duties of prison officers and the mode in which they are to perform them;
- (e) the service required of prison officers, and their conduct in the performance thereof;
- (f) the discipline of prison officers and rank;
- (g) the promotion or reduction of prison officers from one rank or grade to another; and
- (h) the giving of credit to prison officers.

**20.**---(1) The Superintendent may at any time, pursuant to the provisions of the Belize Constitution, suspend from employment any prison officer below the rank of Principal Prison Officer whom he may think remiss or negligent in the discharge of this duty or otherwise unfit for it.

**Powers of Superintendent as to suspension CAP. 4.**

(2) The Superintendent shall thereupon notify the fact, with the cause of such suspension to the Minister and the Public Service Commission for information only.

(3) When any person is suspended under this section, all powers vested in him as a prison officer shall immediately cease and shall remain in abeyance during the period of such suspension.

**21.** A prison officer below the rank of Principal Prison Officer may, subject to the approval of the Governor-General, be discharged at any time if, in the opinion of the Superintendent, he is unlikely to become, or has ceased to be, an efficient prison officer.

**Powers of Superintendent as to dismissal.**

**22.**---(1) The Superintendent of Prisons shall be ex-officio a justice of the peace for Belize.

**Powers of Superintendent as to punishment.**

(2) The Superintendent of Prisons or any person delegated by him for the purpose shall, subject as hereinafter expressed, have power and jurisdiction to hear and determine all charges against any prison officer below the rank of Principal Prison Officer for the offences set out in subsection (5), and to punish all such offenders as provided in subsection (6).

(3) The Superintendent of Prisons and any person delegated by

him under subsection (2), shall have all the powers of bringing such offenders before them, and of summoning and enforcing the attendance of witnesses and of examining them upon oath or affirmation in respect of offences which they are authorized to investigate under this Act or under any rule made or continued in force there under respectively as are possessed by a summary jurisdiction court.

(4) Any person willfully and corruptly giving false evidence before the Superintendent or any such person as aforesaid shall be deemed guilty of perjury.

(5) Any prison officer below the rank of Principal Prison Officer shall be guilty of an offence against this Act for any of the following acts or omissions-

- (i) coming late on duty or being absent from duty without leave;
- (ii) leaving a cell, door or gate unlocked;
- (iii) entering a prisoner's cell at night contrary to orders;
- (iv) allowing any authorized person to communicate with a prisoner;
- (v) leaving keys in a door, lying about or taking them outside the prison;
- (vii) neglecting to strike every hour correctly while on duty;
- (viii) neglecting to guard, supervise or attend prisoners under his charge;
- (ix) speaking of the prison arrangements in the hearing of a prisoner or of and to any person not connected with the prison;
- (x) carelessly searching or neglecting to search, when necessary or directed, a prisoner or a visitor—
- (xi) being asleep whilst on duty;
- (xii) neglecting to examine the cells and fastening of the cells under his charge, and to examine and search the wards, cells, bedding and clothing.
- (xiii) allowing tools, materials or other articles likely to facilitate escape to be lying about out of their appointed places;
- (xiv) neglecting to maintain a proper state of cleanliness in the ward, cells, yards or other places under his charge;

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- (xv) omitting to report any misconduct, breach of the rules or omission of duty in himself, another warder, or prisoner, or any injury done to the prison furniture or to the walls, windows, partitions or any part of the prison;
  - (xvi) not maintaining proper supervision when in charge of prisoners;
  - (xvii) allowing unauthorized persons to remain in the vicinity of prisoners.
  - (xviii) appearing in prison out of uniform or improperly or slovenly dressed or dirty;
  - (xix) quitting his post without authority;
  - (xx) wrangling or making unnecessary noise either within the prison or when on duty outside;
  - (xxi) in any way obstructing the duties of the prison;
  - (xxii) omitting, when sick and unable to attend at the prison, to notify the Superintendent or the Chief Officer in writing.
  - (xxiv) allowing prisoners to be idle, to talk or in any way failing to maintain discipline amongst them when under his charge;
  - (xxv) smoking or reading whilst on duty;
  - (xxvi) failing to peg the clock as ordered;
  - (xxvii) trafficking with prisoners;
  - (xxviii) drunkenness or disobedience of, or negligence in carrying out the prison rules, or any orders or direction given by any proper authority;
  - (xxix) when on duty as gatekeeper, neglecting or in any way failing to observe the rules specially laid down for that officer.
  - (xxx) refusing, failing or neglecting to obey a lawful order;
  - (xxxii) losing or leaving about arms or ammunition;
  - (xxxiii) engaging in disgraceful or scandalous conduct, neglect of duty or conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline.

(6) On conviction of any such offence by the Superintendent, or in his absence, some person deputed by him, the prison officer shall be liable to be punished for each offence by any one or any combination of not more than three of the following punishments-

- (a) caution, reprimand or severe reprimand;
- (b) fine not exceeding one hundred dollars;
- (c) reduction of rank or grade;
- (d) extra duties for a period not exceeding six days;
- (e) confinement to cells not exceeding fourteen days;
- (f) dismissal.

(7) Every delegation under this section shall be in writing under the hand of the Superintendent and shall be revocable, and may be either general or special as the Superintendent thinks fit.

(8) All sentences inflicted by any person so delegated by the Superintendent shall, if the accused officer so demands, be submitted to, and be subject to the approval of, the Superintendent.

(9) The Superintendent may confirm such sentence or remit the whole or any part thereof, or may enhance it, or may in the case of a sentence of dismissal, alter it to any other sentence which is authorized to be inflicted by this section.

(10) It shall be the duty of the person submitting such sentence to the Superintendent to attach to his report of the case the evidence, which shall be taken on oath, and also any statement which the accused officer may desire to make in his defence.

**Forfeiture of pay, etc.** 23. Any prison officer below the rank of Principal Prison Officer who is absent without leave shall forfeit all right to pay during the period of absence, and shall fines or penalties imposed upon any such prison officer for any offence under this Act or for the breach of any rules made under this Act may be enforced by deducting the amount from any pay due or which may become due to the officer so fined.

**Rules as to medical attendance.** 24. The Minister may also from time to time frame, alter or annual rules for the medical attendance of prison officers, or for either their free admission into hospital or for their admission therein subject to the deduction from their pay of such sum as may be requisite to defray the whole or the charges incurred by such admission.

- 25.---(1) Every person enrolled under this Act shall sign an attestation paper in the form given in the Second Schedule before a justice of the peace, who, after cautioning him that any false answer to the questioning read to him will render him liable to be punished as provided in this Act, shall read or cause to be read to him the questions set out in the attestation paper, and shall take care that such person understands each question, and after ascertaining that the answers of such person are duly recorded on the attestation paper, shall require him to make and sign the acknowledgement set out in the said paper and shall then administer to him the oaths set out in the First Schedule.
- Attestation paper of persons. Second Schedule.**
- (2) Such attestation shall be signed by the justice of the peace, and by the person authorized to enroll the officer.
- First Schedule.**
26. Any person willfully making a false answer on attestation shall, upon conviction before a summary jurisdiction court, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, and to be dismissed.
- Penalty for false answers.**
- 27.---(1) Subject to subsection (2), it shall not be lawful for any prison officer to take or receive any gratuity, fee, remuneration or reward, pecuniary or otherwise, for the performance of any act done or to be done by him in the execution of his duty, except only the pay and allowances appertaining to his rank or grade, and any such member acting in breach of this provision shall be liable to suspension, or dismissal, and shall also be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding four hundred dollars.
- Prison officers not to receive gratuities.**
- (2) Nothing contained in subsection (1) shall prevent any prison officer from accepting any gratuity or reward conferred upon him by virtue of any enactment now or hereafter in force.
- 28.---(1) When any judgment is obtained in any civil court against any prison officer, no execution shall be issued thereon, but on certificate setting out the full particulars thereof and the nature of the action in which the judgment was obtained, shall be forwarded to the Superintendent by the Registrar or clerk as the case may be, of the court in which the judgment has been obtained, and Superintendent shall make such order thereon as to the mode and manner in which the judgment shall be satisfied by the prison officer as to him may seem proper.
- Satisfaction of civil judgments against prison officers.**



(2) The Superintendent shall, pursuant to an order made under subsection (1), cause the amount of such judgment, including costs, to be deducted from the pay of such prison officer and shall pay the amount or amounts so deducted as aforesaid to the Registrar or clerk of court as the case may be, to be applied by such officer in satisfaction of the judgment according to law.

(3) This section shall not apply when any prison officer has left the prison service.

**Prison officer  
not to  
be sued**

**29.** No amount shall be recovered in any court from any prison officer by any person on account of anything purchased or taken upon credit at any store or shop whilst employed as a Prison Officer otherwise than in accordance with rules and regulations made under this Act, and the judge or judicial officer presiding over or in any court shall take judicial notice of this section, whether or not pleaded or raised in objection by such prison officer.

**Prison Officer  
not to engage  
in trade.**

**30.** It shall not be lawful for any prison officer to be himself, either directly or indirectly, engaged in any trade, manufacture or business in Belize or to be employed in any office or employment for hire or gain other than the office to which he may be appointed by virtue of this Act, and every such prison officer acting in breach of this section shall be liable to dismissal, and shall also be liable summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars.

**Prison officers  
assigning their  
pay, etc.,  
liable to  
dismissal.**

**31.** Any prison officer making or consenting to any transfer or assignment of his pay or allowances or any part thereof, or against whom a judgment debtor summons is issued, shall be liable to dismissal.

**32.** Any person having in his possession any arms, ammunition, clothing, accoutrements or other appointments furnished for the use of any prison officer and not satisfactorily accounting for the possession thereof, shall summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, to imprisonment for any period not exceeding six months.

**Penalty for not  
returning arms,  
etc.**

**33.** It shall be lawful for all prison officers to use such force as may be actually necessary for the carrying out of any method of identification authorized by any rules made under section 17.

**Use of force for  
carrying out  
identification.**

34. Every prisoner whose term of imprisonment would, according to his sentence, expire on Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, shall be discharge at noon on the next preceding day.

**Discharge of prisoners.**

35.--(1) The body of any prisoner executed in a prison shall not be buried within the precincts of any prison in Belize.

**Burial of executed prisoners.**

(2) In case of difficulty the body of any prisoner executed in prison Shall be buried where directed by the Minister.

36. The Superintendent or Keeper shall, upon the death of any prisoner give immediate notice thereof to the coroner, who shall hold an inquiry thereupon according to the Coroners' Act.

**Inquest on dead criminals  
CAP. 126.**

37. Subject to the rules for the time being in force, it shall be lawful to employ any prisoner under sentence of imprisonment, upon any public road highway, street, canal or building, or upon public or government grounds works under the supervision of a prison officer to which such prisoner has been committed or removed, and every such prisoner shall, during any absence from his prison for such purpose, be deemed to be in the legal custody of the person or persons entrusted with the supervision of his employment, and to be subject to the same restraint and, in the event of misbehavior, to the same punishment as if he had continued in prison.

**Employment of prisoners outside prisons.**

**Escape & prison breach.**

38.--(1) Every prisoner who escapes from or breaks prison or escapes during the time of his conveyance to or from prison or whilst on his way to or from work outside the prison or whilst employed on such work, shall be liable on conviction to be sentenced to imprisonment for any period not exceeding two years, and upon a second or subsequent conviction for a like offence shall be liable to be sentenced to imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years.

(2) Any prisoner who attempts to break prison or escapes as described in subsection (1), or who forcibly breaks out of the cell or other place in which he is confined, or makes any breach therein with intent to escape, shall on conviction thereof be liable to be sentenced to imprisonment for any term not exceeding one year.

**Preventing  
escape.**

**39.** If any prisoner attempts to escape from custody while undergoing sentence, whether within or without the prison, it shall be lawful for the Superintendent, Keeper, prison officer, police or other officer under whose charge or in whose custody such prisoner so attempting to escape is, to stop and capture the prisoner at all hazards and, if necessary, to use the weapon with which he is armed.

**Aiding  
escape.**

**40.** Every person who aids any prisoner in escaping or attempting to escape from any prison or from the custody of any officer in whose custody such prisoner may be, when employed upon any work outside the prison, or when going to or returning from any place of employment, or who, with intent to facilitate the escape of any prisoner, conveys or causes to be conveyed into any prison, or who secretes or leaves upon or about any road, works or other place where any such prisoner is usually employed or confined, for the purpose of being found or received by any such prisoner, any mask, dress or other disguise, or any letter or any other article or thing in contravention of this Act, shall be guilty of felony, and be liable, on conviction, to be sentenced to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years.

**41.** Every person who rescues or attempts to rescue, or assists in rescuing or attempting to rescue any prisoner convicted of, or charge any felony, from lawful custody, or knowingly harbors, conceals, or assists in harboring or concealing any person for the apprehension of whom, on charge of any crime, on conviction whereof imprisonment may be awarded, a warrant has been issued, shall be guilty of felony, and be liable, on conviction, to be sentenced to imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years.

**Rescue or  
harboring  
prisoners.**

**42.** Every person having the custody of a prisoner who knowingly and willfully allows him to escape shall be liable on conviction, to be sentenced to imprisonment for any term not exceeding that to which the prisoner so escaping was originally liable.

**Willful escape.**

**43.** Every person having the custody of a prisoner who, through negligence or carelessness, allows any such prisoner to escape, shall be liable on conviction to a fine or imprisonment or both at the discretion of the Supreme Court.

**Negligent  
escape.**

**44.---(1) Every person who---****Persons  
communicating  
with prisoners.**

- (a) holds or attempts to hold any communication with any prisoner whilst he is in any prison or whilst he is employed outside a prison; or
- (b) brings or attempts by any means whatever to introduce into any prison any spirituous or fermented liquor or tobacco contrary to rule of such prison; or
- (c) attempts to deliver or cause to be delivered to any prisoner when or wherever employed upon work outside the prison or when going to or returning from any such place of employment any spirituous or fermented liquor or tobacco contrary to the rules of such prison, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both at the discretion of the magistrate.

(2) Every officer of prison who suffers any spirituous or fermented liquor or tobacco to be sold or used in any prison contrary to prison rules, shall on summary conviction be liable to the punishment prescribed in subsection (1) and in addition to forfeiture of all arrears of salary due to him.

**Conveying  
letters or  
articles.****45.---(1) Every person who---**

- (a) conveys or attempts to convey any letter or other Document or any article whatever not allowed by prison Rules into or out of any prison; or
- (b) conveys or causes to be conveyed to any prisoner when employed beyond the precincts of the prison or when going or returning from any such place of employment any letter or other document or any article whatever not allowed by prison rules,

shall on summary conviction be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or both, in the discretion of the magistrate.

(2) Every officer of the prison convicted under this section shall, in addition to any other punishment, be liable to forfeiture all arrears of salary due to him.

**Trespass  
on prison  
premises.**

**46.** Any person who is found trespassing within the boundaries of any prison or who enters the same without being duly authorized shall, upon summary Conviction thereof, be adjudged to pay a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars.

47. There shall be affixed in a conspicuous place outside the prison a notice setting forth the penalties which will be incurred by persons committing any offence in contravention of sections 40, 41, 44, 45 and 46.

**Notice of penalties outside prison.**

48.---(1) If any person resists or assaults the Superintendent or any Keeper of any prison or any other officer or police officer having the lawful charge of any prisoner, or any prison officer in the execution of his duty, or aids or incites any person so to resist or assault any such officer or police officer, he shall for every such offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding three months.

**Resisting or assaulting officers.**

(2) If the person committing the offence is a prisoner, he shall for every such offence be liable on conviction thereof before the Supreme Court to be imprisoned for a term not exceeding two years.

49. The period, if any, during which any prisoner has been unlawfully absent from prison, shall not be reckoned as part fulfillment of his sentence but he shall be liable to undergo the full term of such original sentence, and every additional term of imprisonment, to which any prisoner, then already undergoing imprisonment, may be sentenced shall commence from the period when such prisoner shall have actually undergone any sentence or sentences passed upon him.

**Additional sentences.**

50.---(1) The Minister, Permanent Secretary or the magistrate of the district may be order in writing direct that any prisoner be removed to a public hospital, to remain there for medical treatment.

**Removal of prisoners from Prison to a public hospital.**

(2) A prisoner removed to a public hospital pursuant to an order under subsection (1), shall be detained in such public hospital until the Director of Health Services or a Medical Officer certifies that he is fit to return to prison or until the Minister, Permanent Secretary or the magistrate directs that such prisoner be returned to prison.

(3) The Superintendent of Prisons or the Keeper of any prison when he considers it necessary may direct that any prisoner be removed to a public hospital for medical attention, but such prisoner shall not be detained in any public hospital for more than forty-eight hours unless an order for his removal in accordance with subsections (1) and (2) has been obtained.

**Status of prisoners in a public hospital .** **51.** Every prisoner while in a public hospital as provided in section 50 (1) and (3), or while being conveyed from the prison to the hospital or vice versa, shall be deemed to be in lawful custody in a prison.

**Removal of prisoner to give evidence, etc.** **52.---(1)** The Minister or a magistrate, on proof to his satisfaction that the presence of any prisoner at any place is required in the interest of justice or for the purpose of any public inquiry, may be writing under his hand order that the prisoner be taken to that place.

**CAP. 91.** (2) A prisoner taken from a prison in pursuance of an order made under this section or of a warrant issued under section 82 of the Supreme Court of Judicature Act, shall whilst outside any prison be kept in such custody as the Minister or a magistrate may prescribe and whilst in that custody shall be deemed to be in legal custody.

**Prison Officers Reward Fund** **53.** All fines imposed upon officers attached to prisoners under this Act, or any rules or regulations made there under for any offence against discipline shall be paid into the Treasury to be placed to the credit of a fund called the "Prison Officers Reward Fund."

**Payments from Fund.** **54.---(1)** No payment shall be made from the Prison Officers Reward Fund except upon the authority of the Superintendent of Prisons.

(2) The Superintendent of Prisons may, in his discretion, sanction payments from the Prison Officers Reward fund for any of the following purposes-

- (a) assistance to the wives or families of deceased officers of the prisons or to any officers discharged from the prisons as medically unfit for further services.
- (b) payments to officers of the prisoners for meritorious acts or service in the execution of duty, if such payments are not met from Government Funds.
- (c) expenditure for the benefit of advancement of authorized recreation and sport organized by the officers of the prisons;
- (d) any other purpose not specified in this section which the Superintendent of Prisons considers to be for the general welfare of the officers.

(3) Payments from the Fund in any year shall not exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars without the prior approval of the Minister.

**55.---**(1) When any person who is a native of, or ordinarily resident in Belize commits any offence in any place out of Her Majesty's dominions in which Her Majesty exercises jurisdiction over British subjects, and is either convicted of the said offence or acquitted there from on the ground of insanity and is sent to any British colony or other place to undergo his sentence or to be confined as a criminal lunatic under the powers contained in section 7 of The Foreign Jurisdiction Act 1890, or in the Colonial Prisoners' Removal Act 1884 or in any Act amending either of the aforesaid Acts, it shall be lawful for the Minister to order the payment by the Financial Secretary out of the consolidated Revenue Fund of the expenses, so far as they cannot be met out of the effects of such person under order of the court so convicting or acquitting, of the removal of such persons to Belize or place in which he is to undergo his sentence or be confined as a criminal lunatic, and of his maintenance during his imprisonment or confinement and of any other, expenses incident to his conviction or his acquittal on the ground of insanity.

**Minister may order payment of expenses of the removal, etc., of criminals or criminal lunatics from certain places 1890,c.37.**

**1884. c.31.**

(2) The Minister may from time to time make rules and regulations for the effectual working of this section.

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**FIRST SCHEDULE**  
(section 18)

Oath of Allegiance

“I, \_\_\_\_\_, do swear  
that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen  
Elizabeth II, her heirs and successors, according to law.

So help me God.”

Oath of Office

“I, \_\_\_\_\_, do swear  
that I will and truly serve Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II in the office  
of

So help me God.”

SWORN before me, \_\_\_\_\_ this  
Day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

J.P.



**SECOND SCHEDULE**

(Section 18, 25)

**Attestation Paper****Answers**

- |   |    |
|---|----|
| 1. What is your name?   | 1  |
| 2. Where were you both?   | 2  |
| 3. What is your age?  | 3. |
| 4. Can you read and write?  | 4  |
| 5. Are you debt?  | 5  |
| 6. Are you an apprentice?   | 6  |
| 7. What is your trade or calling?   | 7  |
| 8. Have you ever been employed in the Public Service?   | 8  |
| 9. Have you ever been convicted in any Court of Justice or dismissal from Her Majesty's Service?  | 9  |
| 10. Do you understand that when enrolled the whole of your time belongings to the public service, and that you are not permitted to follow any other trade, manufacture, business or calling? | 10 |
| 11. Do you understand that you are prohibited from publishing anything through the medium of the press either anonymously or otherwise?   | 11 |

12. Are you subject to fits or any other bodily infirmity? 12

13. Do you understand that if you have in the answers to any of these questions designedly made any false representation you will be liable, in addition to immediate dismissal, to be taken before a magistrate and punished in such manner as is provided for in this Act? 13

I acknowledge that the above questions have been separately put to me, and that I have written the answers thereto, which are in every respect true.

I also acknowledge that I have read the Prisons Act, and that I agree to serve under the conditions contained therein, and under any Regulations made there under on 12 months' probation at a salary of \$..... per month.

*Signature*

**ACKNOWLEDGED** before me, at  
this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20 \_\_\_\_\_

J.P.

**ACKNOWLEDGED** before me, at  
this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20 \_\_\_\_\_

Superintendent of Prisons

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