MULTILATERAL EVALUATION MECHANISM (MEM)

PRINCIPLES

Pursuant to the Mandate of the Second Summit of the Americas, the process of multilateral evaluation is based upon the following principles:

- 1. Respect for sovereignty, territorial jurisdiction, and the domestic laws of States.
- 2. Reciprocity, shared responsibility and an integrated balanced approach to this issue.
- 3. The **Anti-Drug Strategy in the Hemisphere** and international agreements and instruments in force.

CHARACTERISTICS

The multilateral evaluation process applicable to all States, individually and collectively, has the following characteristics:

- 1. Governmental, singular and objective, with the participation of specialized representatives of the governments.
- 2. Transparency, impartiality and equality to assure an objective evaluation.
- 3. Full and timely participation of the States based upon mutually and previously established rules and procedures of general application to guarantee an equitable evaluation process.
- 4. The exclusion of sanctions of any kind.
- 5. Respect for the confidentiality of the deliberations and the information provided by states, in accordance with established norms and procedures.

OBJECTIVES

The process of multilateral evaluation has the following objectives:

- 1. To achieve full application of the Anti-Drug Strategy in the Hemisphere¹.
- 2. To strengthen mutual confidence, dialogue, and hemispheric cooperation in order to confront, with greater efficiency and efficacy, the diverse aspects of the world drug problem².
- 3. To follow-up on the progress of individual and collective efforts in the Hemisphere of all the countries participating in the Mechanism, indicating both results attained as well as obstacles faced by the countries.
- 4. To promote the following actions on the basis of the evaluation results and within the framework of CICAD:
 - 4.1 To Support States in the execution of their national plans.
 - 4.2 To contribute to the strengthening of their capacity to confront the problem.
 - 4.3 To stimulate the development of technical assistance and training programs, and the exchange of experiences according to the needs of each.
- 5. To produce periodic reports on the situation of the problem in the countries and in the hemisphere.
- 6. To strengthen multilateral cooperation as the way to ensure objective evaluation of States' efforts to confront the drug problem.
- 7. To promote through CICAD the strengthening of cooperation and coordination with other regions, the United Nations and other international entities.

¹ Approved by CICAD during its twentieth regular session in Buenos Aires, Argentina October 1996, signed in Montevideo, Uruguay in December 1996, adopted by the OAS General Assembly during its twenty-seventh regular session in Lima, Peru, June 1997.

² The illicit cultivation, production, manufacture, sale, demand, trafficking and distribution of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, including amphetamine-type stimulants, the diversion of precursors, and related criminal activities.