

INTER-AMERICAN DRUG ABUSE CONTROL COMMISSION

CICAD

SIXTY-SECOND REGULAR SESSION December 13 - 15, 2017 Washington, D.C. OEA/Ser.L/XIV.2.62 CICAD/doc.2340/17 11 December 2017 Original: English

ACCESS TO OPIOIDS AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

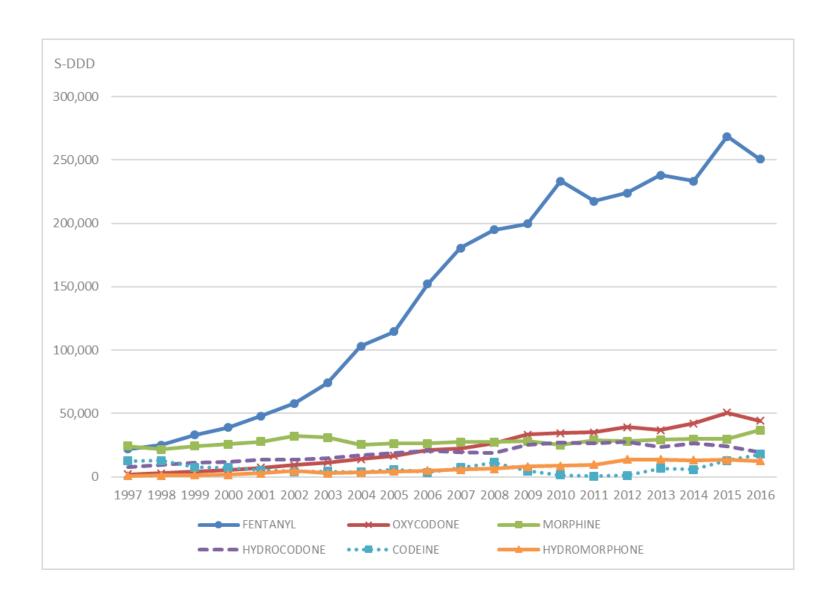


Access to Opioids and Controlled Substances

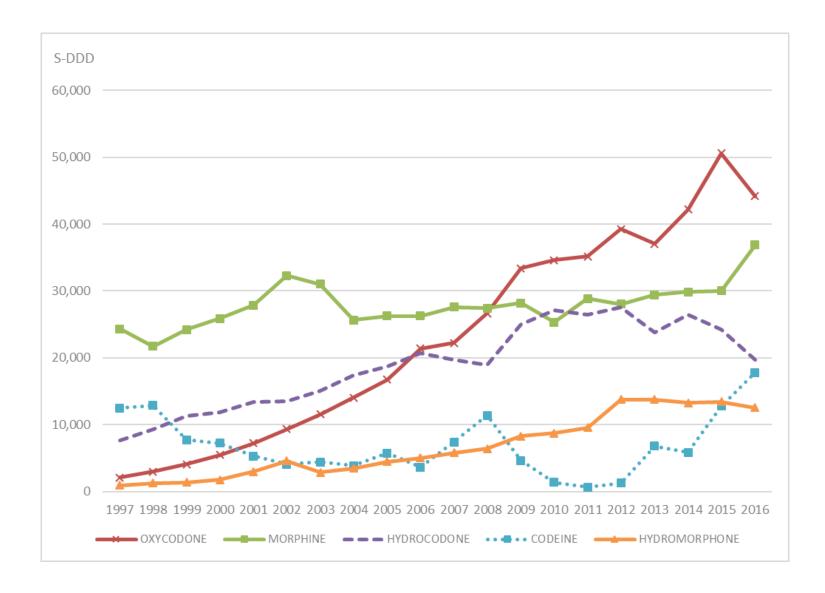
Rossen Popov Deputy Secretary INCB rossen.popov@un.org

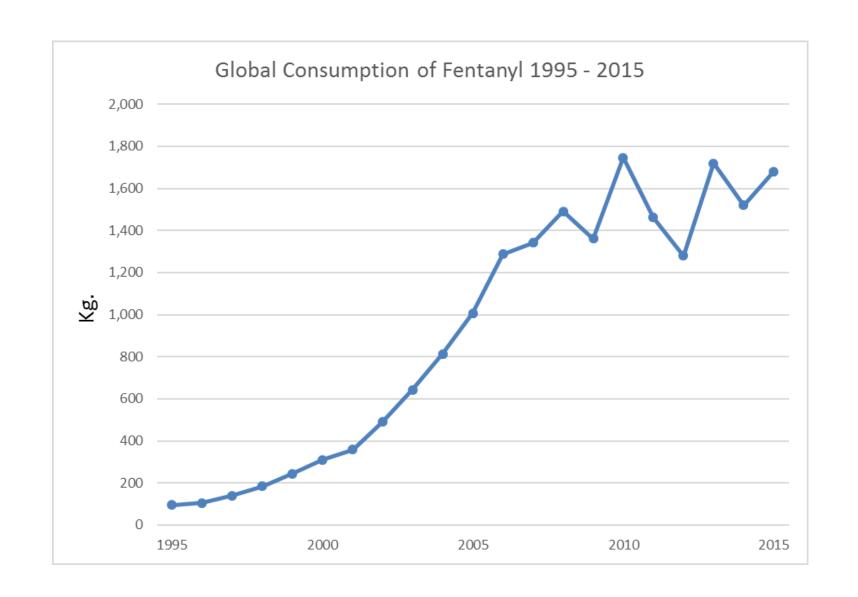
S-DDD of various opioids 1997-2016

*S-DDD - defined daily doses for statistical purposes

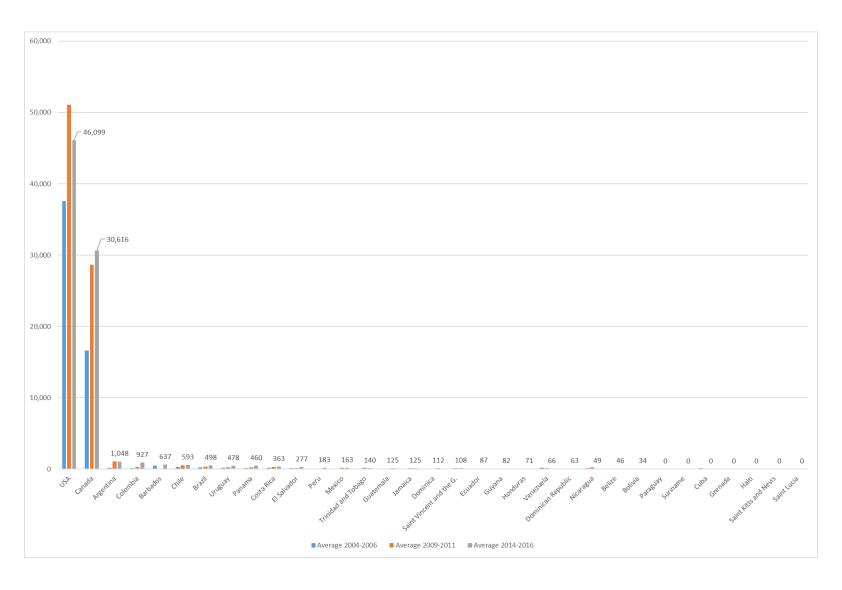


S-DDD of various opioids (excluding fentanyl) 1997-2016

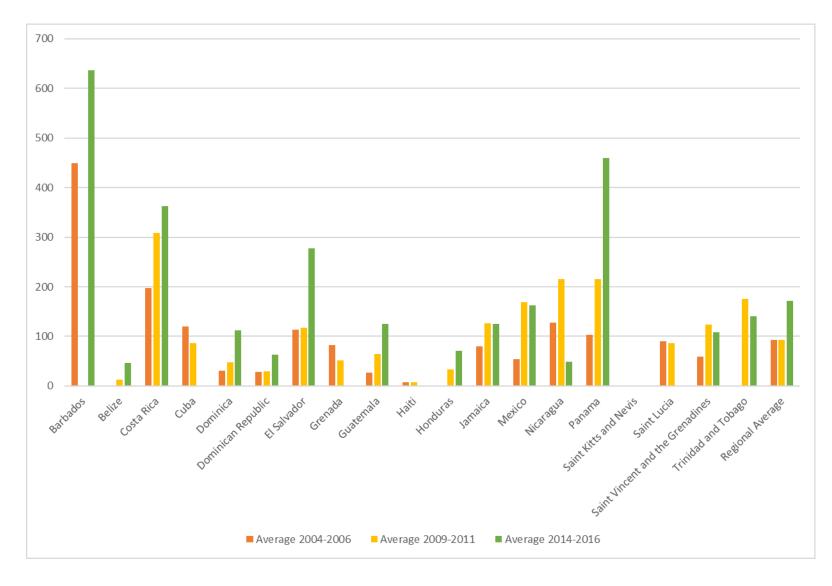




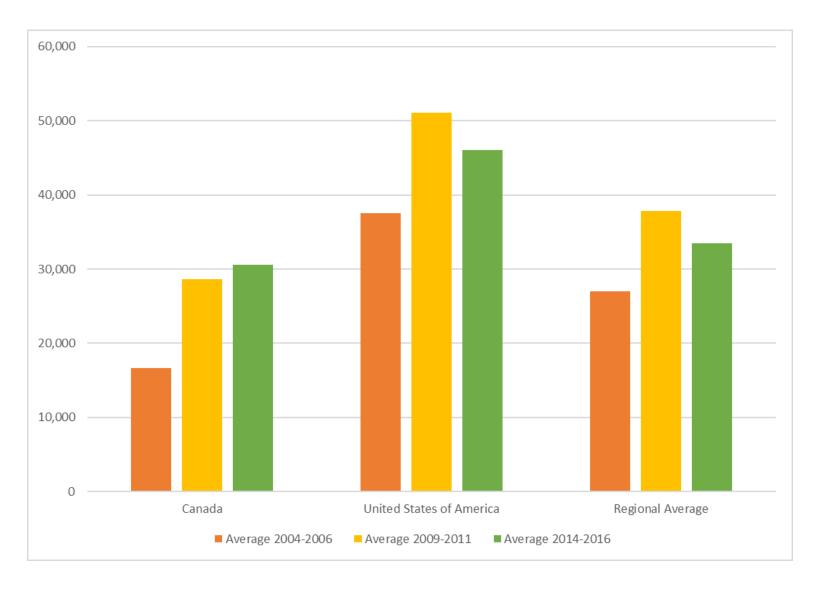
Average S-DDD Americas



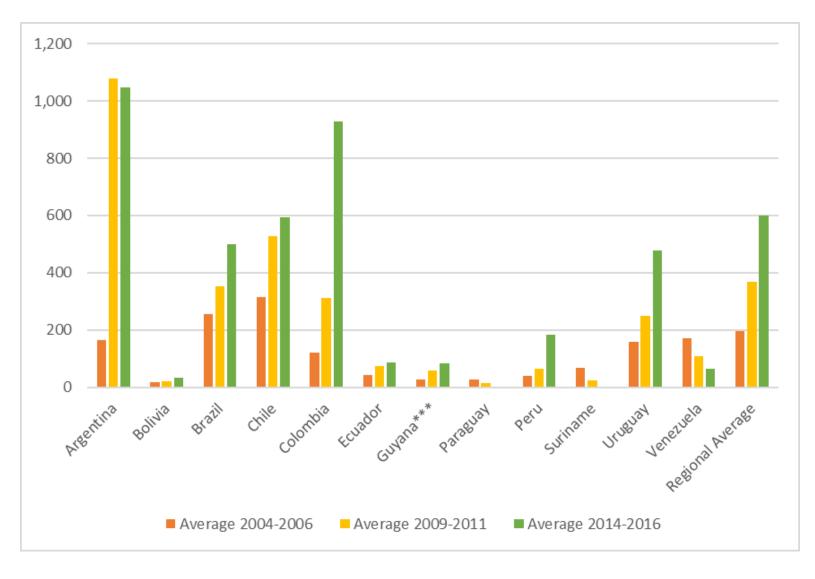
Average S-DDD Central America and the Caribbean



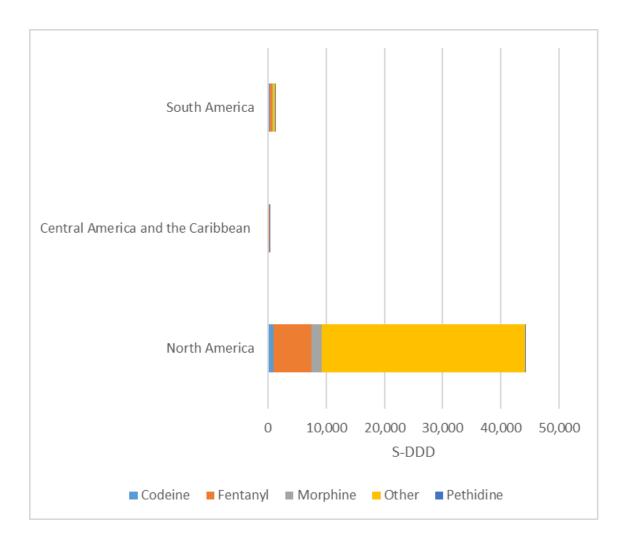
Average S-DDD United States and Canada

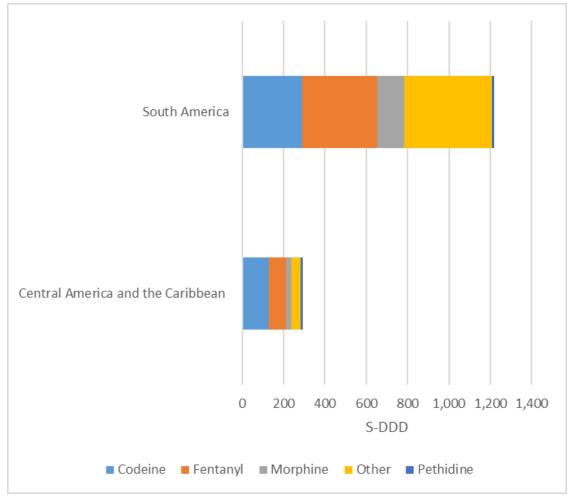


Average S-DDD South America

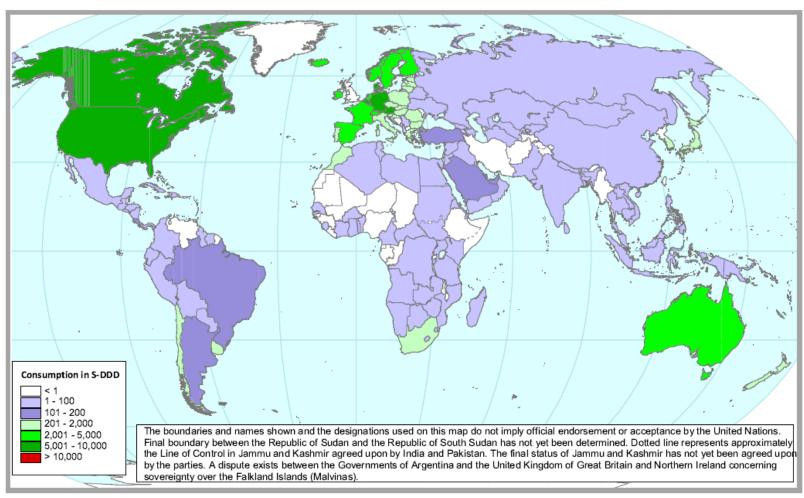


S-DDD of various opioids in the Americas

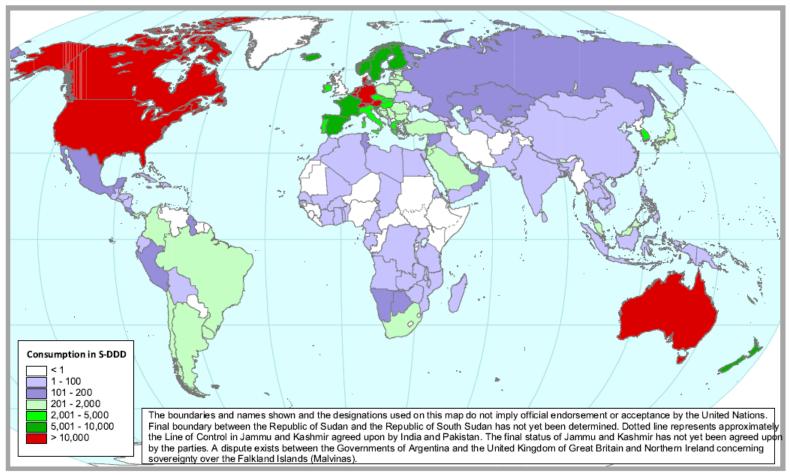




Availability of Opiods for Pain Management 2001-2003 Average in S-DDD

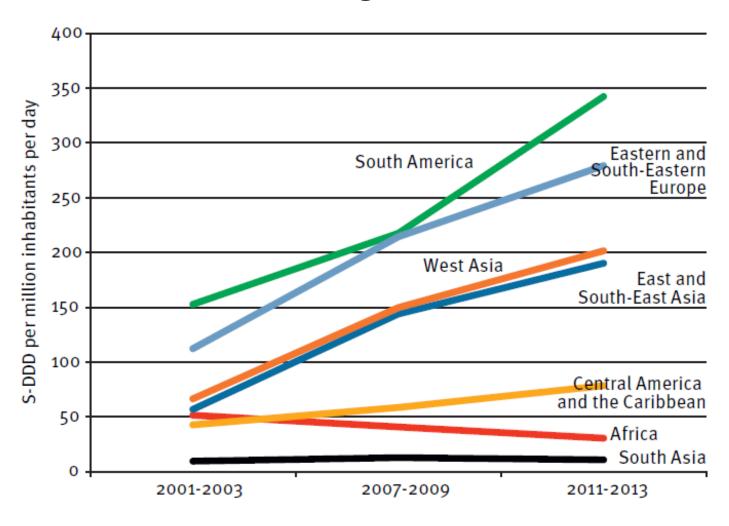


Availability of Opiods for Pain Management 2011-2013 Average in S-DDD

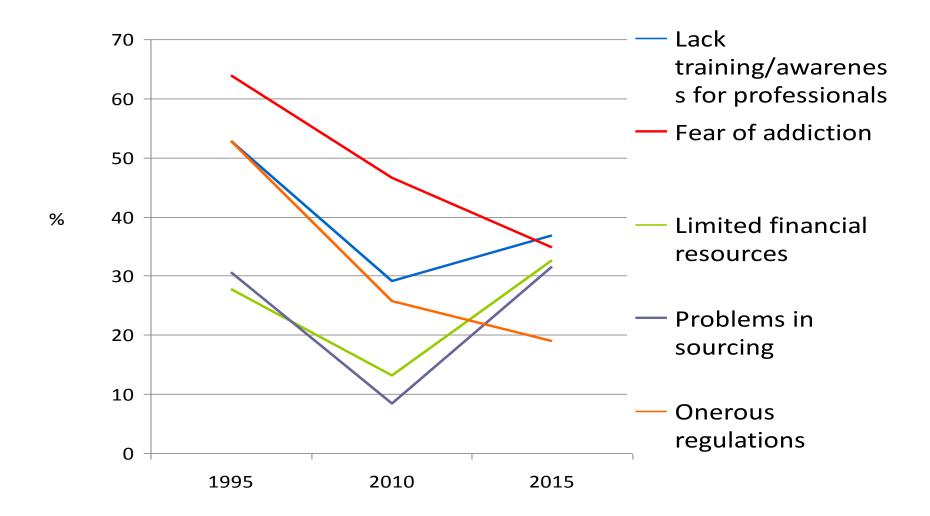


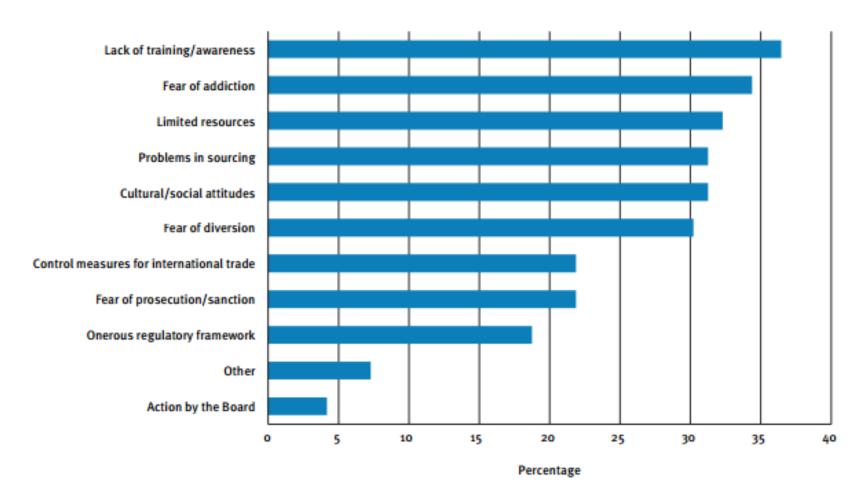
^{*}Codeine, dextropropoxyphene, dihydrocodeine, fentanyl, hydromorphone, ketobemidone, morphine, oxycodone, pethidine, tilidine and trime peridine.

Availability of opioid analgesics S-DDD trends for selected regions



- Legislation and regulatory systems
- Health system
- Affordability
- Training of health care professionals
- Education and awareness-raising
- Estimates, assessments and reporting
- Benchmarks for consumption of substances under international control
- International community





Source: International Narcotics Control Board survey 2014.

From prescription opioids to heroin

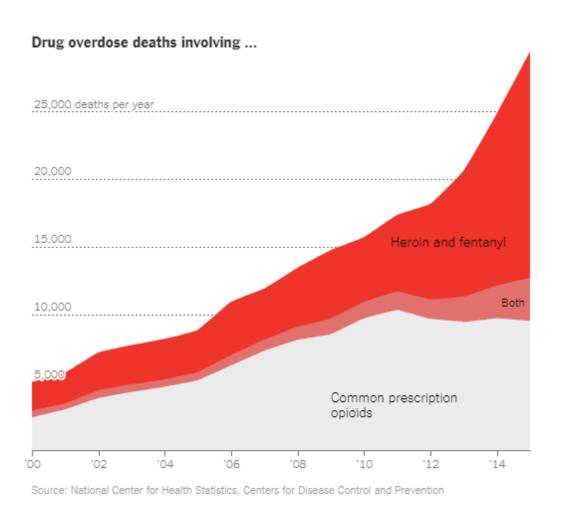
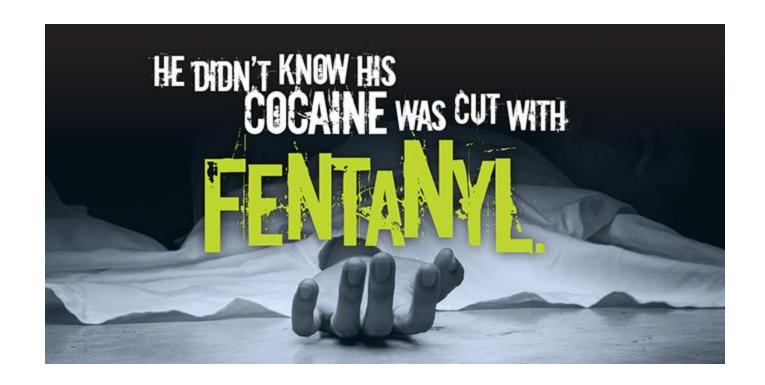
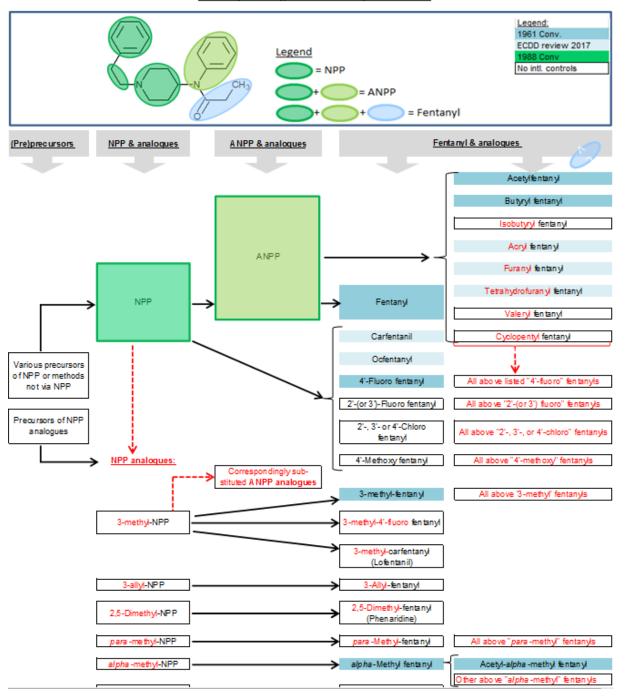




Image courtesy: Bruce Taylor, New Hampshire State Police Forensic Lab



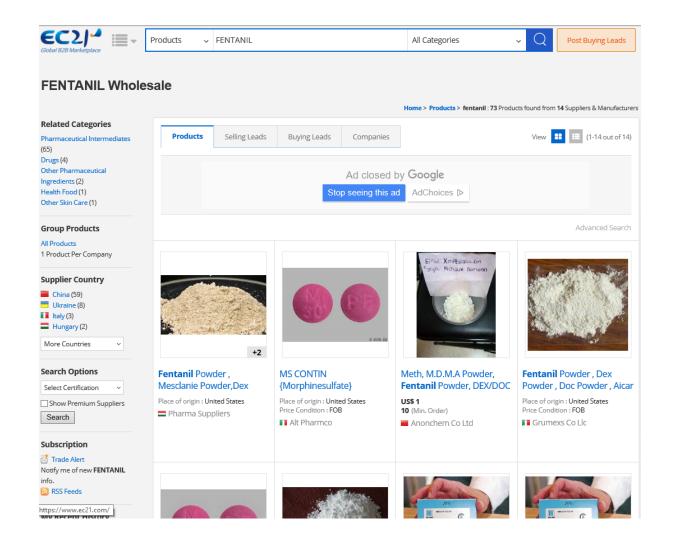
Fentanyl analogues and their precursors



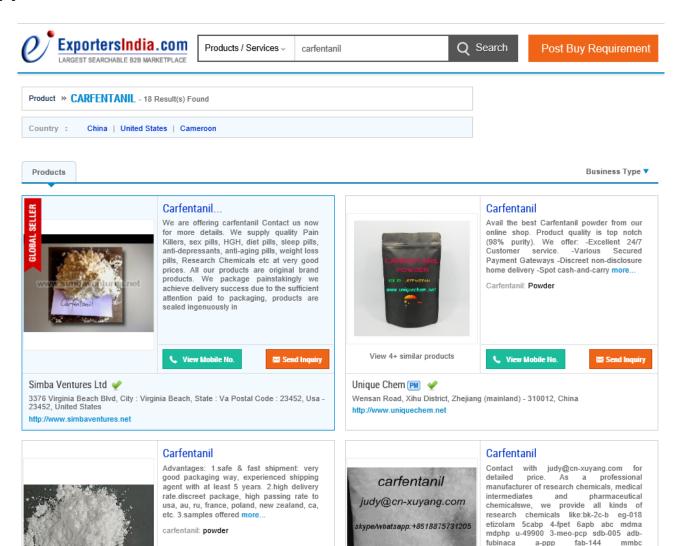
Risk







Carfentanil



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5-methylethylone 4-aco-dmt nm-2201 eam-2201 am-2201 mam-2201 mab-chminaca

mexedrone hexe th-pvp





UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION

AGAINST ILLICIT TRAFFIC IN

NARCOTIC DRUGS AND

PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES,

1988

Article 19. The use of the mails

- 1. In conformity with their obligations under the Conventions of the Universal Postal Union, and in accordance with the basic principles of their domestic legal systems, the Parties shall adopt measures to suppress the use of the mails for illicit traffic and shall co-operate with one another to that end.
- 2. The measures referred to in paragraph 1 of this article shall include, in particular:
- (a) Co-ordinated action for the prevention and repression of the use of the mails for illicit traffic;
- (b) Introduction and maintenance by authorized law enforcement personnel of investigative and control techniques designed to detect illicit consignments of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and substances in Table I and Table II in the mails;
- (c) Legislative measures to enable the use of appropriate means to secure evidence required for judicial proceedings.





Article 13

MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

The Parties shall take such measures as they deem appropriate to prevent trade in and the diversion of materials and equipment for illicit production or manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and shall co-operate to this end.

- Proportionality in the new situation
- Drugs and terrorism; organised crime
- Fentanyl, a weapon (of mass destruction)?
- Ban manufacture of and trade in substances with no legitimate use
 - Reversal of the burden of proof
- Intelligence on the Internet Open Web and Dark Web
- Cooperation with industry: postal services, couriers, finance
 - E.g. advance electronic shipment information
- Equipment