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Organization of American States

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INTER-AMERICAN DRUG ABUSE CONTROL COMMISSION CICAD

Secretariat for Multidimensional Security

FIFTIETH REGULAR SESSION November 2 - 4, 2011 Buenos Aires, Argentina OEA/Ser.L/XIV.2.50 CICAD/doc.1928/11 3 November 2011 Original: Español

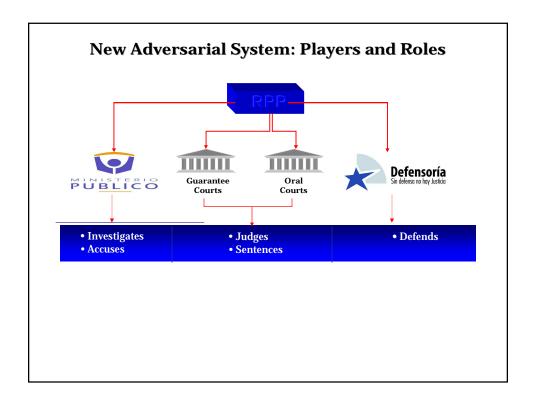
"DRUG TREATMENT TRIBUNALS" PROGRAM IN CHILE

MR. NICOLÁS ARRIETA, DIRECTOR SPECIALIZED DRUG TRAFFICKING UNIT

<u>Drug Treatment Tribunals</u> <u>Program in Chile</u>

50th Regular Session of CICAD/OAS, Argentina, Buenos Aires, November 2-4, 2011

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Introduction of TTDs in Chile

- n Drug Treatment Tribunals are not special courts.
- n They are a program that involves blocks of hearings on the regular docket of guarantee courts.
- n The legal tool governing them is the alternative to criminal prosecution known as the "conditional suspension of proceedings."
- n They apply to all types of offenses that meet the requirements for that tool.

Origin in Chile

- Currently the TTD Program covers 4 regions, including the capital, Santiago (total population, more than 50% of the country)
- •18 tribunals available (guarantee courts)

Relevant milestones

- Launched in 2004.
- 2005: Pilot project began.
- March 2006: Experts from the United States and Canada visited Chile.
- October 2006: Third TTD program carried out successfully.
- December 2007: protocol of understanding signed.
- Project extended to two new regions in 2008.
- •The commitment now is to institutionalize TTDs in Chile.
- For the year 2012, expansion into another two regions is planned.

<u>Legal tool for the program:</u> <u>Conditional suspension of proceedings</u>

Admission to the program depends on meeting the CSP tool's requirements, namely:

- a) Probable applicable sentence of no more than three years
- b) No prior convictions
- c) Program to last between 1 and 3 years
- d) Work plan to meet the conditions for compliance with CSP
- e) Voluntary participation
- f) If the Program ends successfully, the case is sent to the archive.
- g) CSP can be canceled in certain cases
- h) Victim has the right to participate in hearings

TTD Players

LEGAL TEAM

- Judge (guarantee judge)
- Prosecutor (preferential, not specialized)
- Defender

TTD Players

HEALTH TEAM

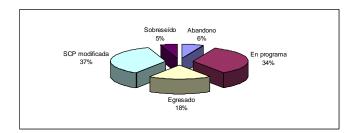
- Two-person psychosocial team
- Physician, experienced with addictions
- Treatment Centers

Effectiveness of TTDs. Comparative experience; experience in Chile.

- Reduced recidivism.
- Cost-effectiveness ratio.
- No additional spending by the criminal justice system required.

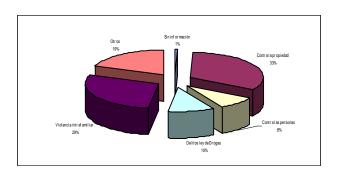
Some figures from 2010 related to TTDs

Case Status



| Case Status | Number |
|-------------|--------|
| Abandoned | 21 |
| In program | 111 |
| Graduated | 59 |
| CSP amended | 118 |
| Dismissed | 16 |
| Total | 325 |

Distribution of Offenses



| Offenses | Number |
|-------------------|--------|
| No information | 2 |
| Against property | 107 |
| Against people | 27 |
| Drug offenses | 34 |
| Domestic violence | 93 |
| Other | 62 |
| Total | 325 |
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